# The Racine Journal.

VOLUME XLIV. RACINE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1896.---TWELVE PAGES. NO. 21.


## TWO NEW BISHOPS.

### Chaplain McCabe and Dr. Cranston Chosen Bishops.

### Stirring Scenes Attend the Breaking of the Deadlock.

### The New Bishops Enthusiastically Greeted by the Methodist General Conference—Vote For Book Agents For New York.

CLEVELAND, O., May 19.—At the opening of the Methodist general conference this morning Rev. C. L. Stafford of Iowa said that a large number of members of the conference were opposed to the election of more bishops and therefore moved to indefinitely postpone further balloting for persons to fill that office. Dr. Buckley opposed the motion, declaring that to stop now would be to make the conference ridiculous. If the conference was deadlocked the consequences would fall on the heads of those who insisted on voting for those who had no chance of election.

After further debate the motion to postpone the election of bishops was defeated and the fourteenth ballot was read, resulting: Cranston, 261; McCabe, 258; Hamilton, 149; Buttz, 123; Neely, 112.

The Fifteenth ballot at once followed. Necessary to a choice, 336. C. C. McCabe of New York received 544; Dr. Cranston, 128; Buttz, 122; Hamilton, 109; Neeley, 50. A wild scene followed. The delegates rushed to where McCabe was sitting and greeted him enthusiastically. In the first lull a motion to invite "Bishop McCabe" to the platform was carried with a whirl. Dr. McCabe walked down the aisle amid enthusiastic hand clapping, but begged to be excused from saying anything.

The sixteenth ballot was taken and the same number of votes wer cast. Cranston received 366, or thirty more than enough to elect, Buttz, 82; Hamilton, 56; Neeley 10. Another demonstration followed. Dr. Cranston walked forward and bowed his acknowledgement. The conference then took up the election of the two book agents for New York.

On the first vote Dr. Homer Eaton of LeRoy, N. Y., was elected as one, and in the meantime nominations were made for book agents at Cincinnati. Ballot for second agent at New York and the first at Cincinnati was then taken and the conference adjourned. The result will be announced in the morning.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—Dr. Charles C. McCabe was born at Athens in 1836; in 1862 he became chaplain of the 122d Ohio Volunteers. In 1863 at Winchester, Va., he was captured and taken to Libby prison. He was released after four months. Afterward as a speaker and singer he became famous throughout the north through his efforts in behalf of the Christian commission. For sixteen years he labored in behalf of church extension. Since 1884 he has been missionary secretary.

Dr. Earl Cranston, who was elected bishop of the Methodist church at Cleveland today was born at Athens, O., in 1840, and was educated there. He served as a soldier during the war and became captain of the Sixteenth Ohio volunteers. Since the war he served in conferences in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Minnesota until 1884, when he became one of the agents of a book concern at Cincinnati, a position which he held ever since.

## AIR BRAKES SET TIGHT.

### Causes a Wreck on the Lake Shore Road and the Loss of a Life.

TOLEDO, May 19.—By the breaking of an air pipe on the Lake Shore fast freight today, the brakes set on the front half of the train. The rear half came forward with such terrific force that an empty stock car crushed like an egg shell. Seven tramps were stealing a ride. One was killed and the others injured.

## NORWAY'S INDEPENDENCE DAY

### Grand Celebration at Uley's Hall Last Evening—The Speakers.

The Wergeland society celebrated Norwegian Independence day last night at Uley's hall in a patriotic manner. Several hundred people congregated within the interior, which was beautifully draped for the occasion with American and Norwegian flags and bunting. Jacob Anderson was chairman of the gathering and opened the festivities with a few brief remarks. He introduced Ald. O. P. Renning of Milwaukee, who delivered an impressive address, dwelling at length upon the history and advancement of the native land across the sea.

Alex. Heyberg of Chicago compared the day with America's Independence day and Ole Bendixon of Chicago spoke of America, their adopted country. Brief addresses were also made by Ald. Field and Samuel Field, the latter's brief talk being one of the gems of the evening. A social hop followed the speeches. Lawson's orchestra played several pretty airs and also furnished the dance music.


CALLING CARDS.
Neatly engraved at this office.


## BANK OFFICERS INDICTED.

### Many Indictments Found Against Denver Bank Officials.

DENVER, Colo., May 19.—The federal grand jury has found a number of indictments against bank officials and others accused of having conspired to defraud depositors in banks here, which failed during the past three years. John J. Reithmann, junior and senior, president and vice-president, respectively, Charles M. Clinton, cashier, and Charles Kunzemiller, assistant cashier of the German National bank, are charged with having falsified to figures in the report to the comptroller of the condition of that institution in May, 1893. It also announced that O. E. Miller of Chicago is indicted on a charge of embezzling $125,000 from the Commercial National bank in conspiracy with Charles H. Dow, its president.

## FOR BOIES AND FREE SILVER.

### The Iowa Democrats Will Rally Around a Free Silver Standard and Cheer For Boies.

DUBUQUE, Ia., May 19.—The Democratic state convention will meet at 10 tomorrow. The majority of the delegates have arrived and have been in caucus on the preliminaries. The state committee decided on S. S. Wright of Tipton for temperary chairman, but the silver men are talking of a change on account of the objectionable features of his intended speech. If they refuse to endorse the committee's choice, E. M. Carr of Manchester will likely be elected. He may also be made permanent chairman. The resolutions will be for Boies for president and uncompromisingly for free silver at 16 to 1. The silver men claim 700 of the 947 delegates.

## SPANIARDS IN BAD REPUTE.

### Mexicans Sympathize With the Cause of Cubans.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 19.—The sympathy for Cuba and hatred for Spaniards among the lower classes here was the cause of a riot last night. A drunken man, passing a factory, made an offensive demonstration against the owner, a Spaniard. The latter, thinking the man about to draw a knife, hit him. The mob gathered, shouting, "Death to Spaniards," and "Cuba Libre." Then they began to stone him. A carbeltada arrived and the mob stoned them, wounding the general. The mob finally dispersed, a number being arrested.

## OUT OF ITS BANKS.

### Red River Country Flooded Making the Crop Situation Serious in the World's Bread Basket.

CROOKSTON, Minn., May 19.—The flood situation is becoming very serious, the rise in the Red river having been very rapid by reason of continuous, copious rains. Part of the town is flooded and the water is two to three feet on some of the principal streets, while in some residence districts the first floors are flooded. The railroads have suffered severely from washouts and all trains are late. The crop situation in the Red River valley is most serious.

## BERTRAND-M'CALL MILL.

### The Champion of Canada Knocked Out by Joe Bertrand.

LEMONT, Ill., May 19—In the 20 round contest concluded early this morning between Joe Bertrand of San Francisco, the champion bantam weight of the Pacific coast and Barney McCall of Canada, Bertrand won knocking his opponent out in the 18th round. McCall was the aggressor until the 17th round when Bertrand swung both right and left in rapid succession and knocked McCall out. Bertrand was terribly punished.

## WILL STAY IN MADRID.

MADRID, May 19.—The fact that Minister Taylor has arranged to send his household effects to New Orleans led to the report that he was about to leave Madrid. It is stated however this is not the case. His family is returning to the United States but he will reside at the legation.

## ASSOCIATED PRESS BANQUET.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The leading newspaper men of the Atlantic coast left to day for Chicago to attend the annual meeting and banquet of the Associated Press to be held there to morrow.

## EMPEROR'S BROTHER DEAD.

VIENNA, May, 19—Arch Duke Charles Louis, eldest brother of Emperor Francis Joseph is dead aged 54.

## MATRIMONIAL.

### Taub-Nelson.

Miss Lizzie Taub and Charles Nelson were united in marriage at 3:30 this afternoon at the German Methodist Evangelical church on Park avenue, by Rev. Schneider. A reception will be held this evening at the home of the bride's parents, corner of Prospect and West streets.


Have the Daily Journal delivered to your door every evening for 12 cents per week.


## RED, WHITE AND BLUE

### City Being Gaily Decorated For the G. A. R. Boys.

### Delegates Have Commenced to Arrive at the Hotels.

### Enthusiasm Is Manifest on All Sides —Review of the Programme For the Two Days' Encampment.

The city begins to present a gala day appearance. Everybody is decorating and before tomorrow noon American flags, bunting and portraits of all the generals, colonels, governors, presidents and other noted men, especially those who distinguished themselves during the rebellion, will be most conspicuous. Arches which have been erected upon the principal streets attract attention, while the entrance and interior of the Lakeside Auditorium could not present a more patriotic appearance. Silk flags, badges of every post in the state, portraits of Grant, Sheridan, Hancock, Sherman, Abraham Lincoln, William McKinley and others are there. A fine portrait of Governor Harvey, in honor of whom Governor Harvey post of Racine was named, has a prominent position.

The thirty-five hundred school children have been drilled and are ready to mass at West Park at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and march to East Park and sing patriotic songs in honor of the veterans. Each child will carry an American flag, be dressed in white and have red and blue bunting wrapped about them. They will be headed by Prof. Olson, playing a cornet. Each division will be in charge of the teachers from the schools from which they come. It will be a pretty sight. Commander W. G. Hoard will address them.

Already many old soldiers have arrived and were assigned to their stopping places while in the city. In the vacant store of the Hotel Racine block there is a bureau of information and everybody is assigned without trouble.

This evening the council of administration of the G. A. R. will meet at the Hotel Racine and the council of the Woman's Relief corps will also meet. Both will transact business pertaining to the departments.

This will be the only important business before the campfire at the Auditorium tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. Charles Percival will open the meeting with prayer. D. G Janes of Racine will deliver the address of welcome. Major R. H. Hendershot and son, the drummer boy of the Rappahannock, will render court martial music. Commander W. G. Hoard delivers an address. Then Past National Commander A. G. Weissert speaks and E. O. Kimberly, the soldier singer, favors the audience with songs. Commander-in-Chief Walker makes an address. Helen Holmes Charlton makes an address; also Father Johnson, and Phil Check. Mrs. Louise Williams and Mrs. J. G. McMurphy. There will be a recitation by Mrs. L. D. Miller, songs by Miss Deane and Mrs. H. F. Tyrrell. Governor Upham will also make an address.

Thursday evening will be the Woman's Relief Corps reception and campfire. There will be addresses by Mrs. Gertie Rogers, Mrs. Charity Rusk Craig, Mrs. Helen Holmes Charlton, and Rev. A. C. Grier and also music by Major Hendershot; recitation by Mrs. L. D. Miller, song by E. O. Kimberly, etc.

AT THE PARK.

The official programme for tomorrow, Wednesday, is as follows:

All comrades are requested to assemble on Third street in front of the city hall at 4 o'clock, to escort the department to the East park, where the school children are to welcome the G. A. R. with songs and salutes.

Company F., W. N.-G., will head the procession. Then will come Schultz's full band, followed by Governor Harvey post, Woman's Relief Corps and the encampment delegates.

The three thousand school children will meet at the West park at 4 o'clock sharp, form in line, double file, and, headed by Prof. Seelye and Prof. Olson, march to the East park, carrying flags. They will enter the park through different avenues; form in line with the parochial school children behind and outside the G. A. R. and others. The first song will be "America," and Prof. Seelye will lead. Commander W. G. Hoard follows with a brief speech. Next will be sung, "Battle Cry of the Republic." Then singing, "Salute Old Glory," each child saluting the flag. A short address will be made by Rev. Mr. Roberts and the children will cheer. Last will be the singing of "Marching Through Georgia." Old soldiers will join in the chorus and the band will play national airs. The children will then march back to west park and disperse and the soldiers will march to Hotel Racine.

G. A. R. NOTES.

The interior of the Lakeside Auditorium certainly presents a beautiful appearance. Hung upon the walls are banners of every G. A. R. in the United States; banners of different corps; while the portraits of generals are numerous. Over the stage hangs a silk G. A. R. badge; flags are gracefully looped on the other side and the portraits of Lincoln and Grant stand out in bold relief. It is certainly a grand piece of work and reflects great credit upon the decorator, Mr. Dyne. One banner particularly noticeable is that of the association of ex-prisoners of war.

A. G. Weissert of Milwaukee, Theodore Reil of Burlington, E. G. Timme of Kenosha are on the ground.

Mrs. Elizabeth Skeel, department president of the Woman's Relief Corps, registered at the Hotel Racine this morning; also Cora M. Steel and Mrs. L. F. Witcers of Eau Claire.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

The encampment meets at the Lakeside Auditorium at 10:30 tomorrow morning; the Woman's Relief Corps at the First Baptist church and the ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic at the Universalist church. The official programme for tomorrow evening at the Lakeside Auditorium will be as follows:

PROGRAMME.

Invocation, Rev. C. H. Percival.

Song and chorus, "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," octette.

Address of welcome, D. G. Janes, mayor.

Martial music, Maj. R. H. Hendershot and son, drummer boy of the Rappahannock.

Short address, Departament Commander Hoard.

Medley of national airs, Schultz's orchestra.

Short address, Past National Commander Weissert.

Song, E. O. Kimberly, Wisconsin Soldier singer.

Address, I. N. Walker, commander-in-chief.

Songs and chorus, (a) "Keep the Camp Fires Burning Bright," (b), "The Battle Cry of Freedom," octette.

Note—Any comrade talking more than ten minutes will be court-martialed and shot.

Address, Gov. W. H. Upham, past department commander.

Short address, Mrs. Helen Holmes Charlton, past department president.

Song, E. O. Kimberley.

Short address, Father Johnson.

The long roll, R. H. Vendershot.

Short address, Mrs. Louise Williams, past department president.

Song, "Marching Through Georgia," octette.

Short address, Phil Check, past department commander.

"America," Schultz and audience.

## TO THE TWENTY-SECOND BOYS

### Reunion at the G. A. R. Hall on Thursday Morning.

The surviving members of the gallant old Twenty-second regiment are requested to meet at the G. A. R. hall on the morning of May 21 at 9 o'clock in reunion. There will be many of the boys here from abroad and it is desired to get together and talk over old war times and have a general good time and at the same time organize for the next encampment.

E. O. Jones, one of the Twenty-second boys has received the following letter:

MADISON, Wis., May 18.—E. O. Jones, Racine, Wis. Will you kindly see if we can have the use of the Grand Army hall Thursday morning at 9 o'clock on the 21st, for our reunion. If we can, please publish a notice in the paper that we will meet there at that hour, at once upon receipt of this. With kindest wishes, I am very sincerely and fraternally yours, A. H. HOLLISTER.

## WHIST MATCH ARRANGED.

### Wisconsin Players Pitted Against a Chicago Whist Club Team.

Arrangements were completed last week for a whist tournament of twenty teams on a side, between the Wisconsin Whist association, comprising players from the clubs in Milwaukee, Racine, Waukesha and Oshkosh, and the Chicago Whist Club, the tournament to take place at Chicago on the afternoon of Memorial day, May 30. This will undoubtedly be an exciting and closely-fought contest.

The permanent prizes for the tournament conducted by the Milwaukee Whist club during the past season have been distributed to the winners who are F. G. Comstock, with the highest total score; E. H. Hooker, E. S. Merryman and Roger Merrill. The tournament consisted of twenty-four games.

### Special Notice.

Gov. Harvey Post No. 17, Grand Army of the Republic, Attention: All comrades are requested to assemble on Third street in front of the city hall at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Wednesday to escort the department to East Park.

GEO. LARSON, Commander.
R. B. LANG, Adjt.


Ladies see the Journal's pattern offer on page 3.


## COWARDLY ASSAULT.

### A Gang of Union Stevedores Brutally Assault Non-Union Men.

### James Jorgensen Received an Ugly Cut Over the Left Eye.

### The Attacked Men Caught in a Trap and Could Not Escape—Action of the Stevedores Denounced —Arrests Made.

Members of the Stevedores union made a cowardly assault upon the non-union members of their craft this morning on State street, which enlivened matters on that thoroughfare and was food for gossip for the idlers who thronged the street during the day. Ever since the opening of navigation the opposing factions have been at outs but outside of personal threats and one or two minor skirmishes, matters progressed serenely until this morning.

The non-union men have been in the habit of congregating about the west approach of State street bridge, awaiting the arrival of coal and lumber laden boats. They gathered there as usual this morning and shortly after 8 o'clock several, among whom were James Jorgensen, Peter Hansen and two others, walked slowly west on State street. Before the men reached Huron street they were set upon by a gang of union men, headed by Jack Welsh, president of the union; "Baker" McGehan, Peter Nelson and seven or eight others. The union men hurled vile epithets, such as "scabs," "Go drown yourself," etc., at the non-union Stevedores and not content with annoying them in this way, they set upon them on all sides. The assault was evidently a premeditated one.

The non-union men were overpowered by numbers and seeing the plight they were in, took to their heels and attempted to get away, letting out unearthly yells, which startled the whole neighborhood as they sped across the street. They were hemmed in on all sides. One succeeded, however, in running the gauntlet, and sped west on State street as fast as his legs could carry him. The other three did not fare so well. Several of the union men knocked Jorgensen down in the middle of the street and commenced to kick and pound him in a shameful manner. Another squad had Hansen upon the Kosterman house steps and were giving him the same dose as that which was being administered to his companion. The third was in the same fix and was being knocked and kicked about the street as though he was a foot ball. The cries of the assaulted men soon brought a crowd to the scene and the union men hastily got out of sight. Many were the condemnations heaped upon the union Stevedores for their cowardly assault, leading members of organized labor being among the first to denounce their actions.

After the excitement had subsided Jorgensen was assisted to his feet. His face was covered with blood and a deep gash was visible over his left eye. The man was taken to Dr. Sauers' office and on examination it was found that the bone above the eye was fractured and the flesh torn away in a frightful manner. His face bore marks of the rough treatment he received and he complained of being injured about the back and body. His wounds were dressed and it was necessary for the doctor to take a half dozen stiches in the gash above the eye. His two companions were not so badly injured but both had marks of the union Stevedores' fists and boots on their faces.

During the time the men were being assaulted a telephone call was made for the police, but it was nearly half an hour before the patrol came over and by that time the assailants had fled.

It was learned from reliable sources that the trouble started quite early this morning. Jens Fielder, one of the non-union men was assaulted by Jack Welsh as he was going across State street bridge. Welsh struck Fiedler in the face, knocking him down. Fiedler had a warrant issued for his arrest and Welsh gave bonds in the sum of $100 for his appearance in court. Not long afterward Jorgensen, Fiedler, Hansen and other non-union men were in M. Wilton's saloon where Fiedler was again assaulted by Baker McGehan, a union Stevedore. Other union Stevedores made threats against the non-union men and for a time it was thought that serious trouble would result. The proprietor ejected the crowd from the building. When on the street the union Stevedores continued the attack and several knock downs resulted. The assaulted non-union men hastened to get out of the way, but were caught by their assailants with the result given above. Several hundred people congregated on lower State street


(Continued on page 2.)



Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE


## THEY NEED AID.

### Hundred are Destitute in the Cyclone Stricken Country.

KANSAS CITY, May 19.—Twenty-eight killed outright, fifty or more injured, some fatally, and a property loss of about a million dollars is now believed to be the result of Sunday's cyclone in Marshal and Brown counties, Kansas. Details are still imperfect and therefore these figures may be increased. The dead are as follows: At Seneca, 8; Oneida, 6; Reserve, 5; Sabetha, 5; Morrill, 4. The property loss at Seneca is $350,000; Frankfort, $100,000. Thousands of dollars' worth of damage was done in the country between these towns and a large number of persons are left entirely desolate. Everywhere citizens are organizing for the relief of the sufferers and appeals for outside aid have been issued.

## KENOSHA RAGMAN KILLED.

### His Body Carried Four Blocks on an Engine's Cow-Catcher.

John Buhl, a ragman and old iron collector, was killed at Kenosha yesterday afternoon by the 6:15 train. He was driving across the tracks on Pomeroy street, one block south of the railway gates, when his wagon was struck. The body was carried on the cow-catcher four blocks before the train was stopped.

## OBITUARY

### Bloom.

Mrs. Daniel Bloom one of the earliest residents of the town of Raymond died at her home in that town yesterday afternoon aged 86 years. One son and three daughters survive her: David Bloom, Miss Maria Bloom, Mrs Adlie Kelley and Mrs. Daniel Burton. The funeral will take place at 11 o'clock from the house.

### Tishauser.

Mrs. John Tishauser died at her home, 919 Washington avenue, at 1 o'clock today, after a long and painful illness. The deceased was born in Switzerland, Germany, in 1821, and emigrated to this country when quite young. She was a devout Christian and a member of the Evangelical Methodist church on Park avenue, and was highly respected by all who knew her. She leaves one daughter to mourn her death. Funeral announcement will be made later.

### Shupe.

Edna Adelia, only and beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Shupe, died at the home of her parents, 843 Washington avenue, this morning at 6 o'clock, aged 19 years, 11 months.

Thus again death has removed from us one of the most charming of our midst, for to know her was to love her, her attractive and lovable disposition having won scores of friends who will greatly miss her. A father, mother and two brothers have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

The funeral announcement will be made later.

## WE OFFER OUR READERS

### A Bicycle Road Map Free For Ten Days Only.

The Journal has made arrangements with Rand McNally & Co., the largest map publishers in the world, for a limited number of their bicycle road maps of southern Wisconsin and will distribute them to its readers for the next ten days on the following conditions: Any one sending us 60 cents for five weeks' subscription to the Daily Journal in advance can receive one of these valuable maps free of charge. These maps will only be distributed on the payment of five weeks' subscription to the Daily Journal, strictly in advance, and only one map to each subscriber. Call early and secure one as our number is limited.


Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.


## RESULT OF DRINK.

### Two Men Suffer as a Result of Imbibing Too Freely of Liquor.

Coroner Stripple meets with men of all kinds and characters in his capacity as keeper of the tramp house on Wisconsin street. They come drunk and sober, crazy and sane, with the delirium tremens and without them. Last night, however, he had a very queer customer. The fellow came in about in the manner the others come and wanted to get a night's lodgings. He said that his name was James O'Brien and his home Milwaukee. On his person he had nothing. It was noticed that there was a wild look in his eye but that was nothing new. He was locked up. A short time after the coroner heard a racket in the tramp room. Opening the door he looked in and there stood O'Brien as naked as the day he was born. The fellow imagined there was somebody after him, that they were making an effort to tie him down and that by taking off his clothing they could not get hold of him. Considerable trouble was had in quieting him but finally he dressed himself again. But he was raving in a short time and he must have raved pretty badly because old Abe Chambers who slept on a plank next to him, raised his head and looked in wonder and anything that can awaken Chambers when he is once asleep must be terrible. The man was taken to jail for safe keeping. This morning he was much better and the sheriff said it was simply a little case of too much poor whisky. Another man caused the sheriff considerable trouble during the night. It was William Coleman, a patent right man. He was arrested the night before and suffered all night with tremens. It was feared he would die. Today he is a little better.

## PRETTY CHURCH WEDDING.

### Marriage of Miss Mary L. Pier to Mr. Joseph Theisen This Evening.

At 9 o'clock this morning a very pretty and stylish wedding occurred at the St. Joseph Catholic church on North Erie street, Miss Mary L. Pier being united in marriage to Mr. Joseph Theisen. The edifice was filled with friends and relatives of the contracting parties, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. Father L. W. Franz. The bride was attired in a handsome light tan gown, trimmed with white lace and carried bridal roses. She was attended by Miss Annie Pier, her sister and Miss Clara Thiesen, sister of the groom, both dressed in pea green silk, white lace trimmings and carried flowers. The groom's best men were Joseph Pier, brother of the bride and Mr. William Wagner of Brighton, Kenosha county.

A reception followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. May Pier, No. 1305 North Main street. The interior of the home was decorated with flowers and plants and a wedding dinner was served. The newly wedded pair received the congratulations of over four hundred friends and relatives, guests being present from Mich., Illinois, Milwaukee, Kenosha, Burlington and other places.

The display of presents was large and costly and was evidence of the high regard in which the couple are held by their many friends.

The newly wedded pair will at once commence housekeeping at 1334 North Michigan street, having fitted up a neat and cosy home.

The groom is from Detroit, Mich., and is engaged in the oil business. He is a rising young man and deservedly popular among his associates. The bride is a pretty and vivacious lady and prominent in society circles of the North side. The Journal extends its best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. Thiesen for a long and happy wedded life.

## BUTTONS FOR BAPTISTS.

### Emblems to be Worn During the Convention in July.

The official button to be worn by delegates to the national convention of the Young People's Baptist Society of the United States, to be held in Milwaukee in July, has been decided upon by the local committee. The button will be made of white silk with the initial letters of the society in four colors, representing the four great divisions of the order. Canada, which will have red; the southern states, green; Western states, blue, and Eastern states, gold.

### Half Rates to Pittsburg.

The Northwestern line will on May 24 and 25, sell excursion tickets to Pittsburg, Pa., and return at one fare for the round trip, limited to return until May 30, 1896. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

The Racine Journal.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1896.

### THE JOURNAL FOR 1895.

The Weekly JOURNAL always gives a complete resume of the news of the week paying especial attention to items of local interest in the city and county of Racine. Its market reports are complete and reliable being thoroughly revised by the best of authorities.

It has an efficient corps of correspondents at neighboring towns and the paper is carefully and regularly mailed to subscribers every Wednesday. The subscription price is only one dollar in advance and the following valuable premiums are offered to all who pay one year in advance. This premium offer includes all old subscribers who pay up arrearages. These premiums *must be* ordered at the time as they are not sent unless so ordered by subscribers. They are as follows:

The Weekly JOURNAL and Chicago Weekly *Inter Ocean* one year for $1.20.

The Weekly JOURNAL and New York *Tribune* one year for $1.10.

The Weekly JOURNAL for one year and Our Family Physician, $1.65. If sent by mail, 12 cents additional for postage.

The Weekly JOURNAL for one year, and The American Farmer one year, $1.00.

The WEEKLY JOURNAL one year an Ropps' Calculator for $1.00.

The Weekly JOURNAL one year and se of Charles Dickens' Works, twelve volumes $1.40. By mail or express, 25 cents additional.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL and the New York Weekly *Press*, an up-to-date Republican national newspaper, will be sent one year to any address for $1.25.

**Positively**

No premium offered will be sent to subscribers unless ordered at the time of paying for the paper. This notice is given that there may be no misunderstanding. Premiums are sent as per announcement only when specifically ordered at the time. When any one of these special offers are wanted it must be so understood and ordered at the time of subscribing or renewing subscription.

# DR. CRANSTON LEADS

## Methodist Conference Still Voting For Bishops.

### A Combine Reported Between Cranston and Hamilton.

### If That Don't Work the Methodist Brethren Will Try on Some Other Kind of a Combination.

CLEVELAND, May 18.—At the opening of the Methodist conference this morning the ninth ballot for bishop was postponed till 10 o'clock. In the meantime the consideration of the report of the committee on itinerancy was continued.

The report was discussed until the time fixed when the ballot was to be taken, with the following results as to the leader: C. C. McCabe, 238; Earl Cranston, 226; Dr. Butts, 218; J. W. Hamilton, 159. Necessary for a choice, 334. The tenth ballot was then taken and while it was being counted the report of the committee on revival was secured. It showed no changes, except matters of routine were recommended.

The tenth ballot resulted: Cranston, 226; McCabe, 223; Buttz, 193; Hamilton, 180; necessary to a choice, 341.

The eleventh ballot was taken and the conference took a recess. There are rumors of a combination between Cranston and Hamilton, and that if that proves ineffective a union of Cranston and Neely will be tried.

## THE KANSAS CYCLONE.

### Returns Are Slow Coming In as Many Wires Are Down.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 18.—News of the loss of life and property by yesterday's cyclone in Kansas is slow in coming in on account of the crippled condition of of telegraph wires. Intelligence received shows the previous estimates of damage are none too high in fact it may be added to when communication is completely reopened. Fully half a dozen towns were struck by the twister. It is known were killed and the injured number nearly thirty. A reserve village on the Missouri & Pacific in Brown county felt the brunt of the storm. Only five houses out of fifty in the town are left standing. The people fled to cyclone cellars and the confusion was indescribable. Darkness added to the terror caused by the cries of those hurt and the hisses and roar of the wind. The injured are all being cared for. The dead are:

G. W. TERSUNE.
RALPH SWEENY.
VIOLA PHILLIPS.
MRS. JOHN RUNDER.
Fatally injured, John Ryndor.

The cyclone twister crossed the Missouri river and followed the railroad and river to Frankfort, thence north to Baileyville, Seneca, Sabetha and Reseue, entering Nebraska at Falls City.

At Sibetha there is one dead, fifteen injured and twenty five houses entirely destroyed. Twice as many were wrecked northwest of Sabetha and 2 killed and northeast of that town there are four kiled and many injured. Six are reported killed near Oneida.

## TAMPERED WITH A SWITCH.

### Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Co. Property Damaged.

It would appear that when the officers arrested Michael Reider and Reinhold Dunsey, on charge of placing obstructions on the tracks of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company, with a view of wrecking trains, that all of the desperate characters in the city were not hauled in. Yesterday it was discovered that unknown persons had been tampering with one of the switches of the company just north of State street crossing. No doubt it was done by home talent and the officers expect to bring them to time before many days.

Two small boys of respectable parentage were captured and taken to the police office last night. They had amused themselves by breaking the windows of a caboose of the Chicago & Northwestern company. The little fellows did not appear to realize what they had done and cried bitterly. The officers gave them a sound lecture and sent them home.

## FIVE WERE LOST.

### Schooner Ayer Founders Off This Port With Five on Board.

The steamer Oneko and schooner Mary D. Ayer collided southeast of this port Saturday night, during the storm. The bows of the vessel Mary D. Ayer were crushed in, but she came to anchor and her captain instructed the commander of the steamer to send a tug. The vessel managed to keep afloat until yesterday noon, when she was picked up by the steamer City of Duluth. After towing the craft for a time she suddenly went to the bottom fifteen miles northeast of Racine Point, carrying down five of her crew, including Captain Williams and Mate Charles Matson, all of Chicago. The Ayer was loaded with cedar posts.

## OBITUARY

### Johnson.

Mrs. James Johnson died at her home 1924 Northwestern avenue yesterday of a complication of diseases, after a lingering illness, at the age of thirty years. The death of the lady is a particularly sad one as only Saturday her only child died, an infant, aged fifteen weeks. The husband and father will have the heartfelt sympathy of all in his hour of sorrow. The funeral of the mother and child will take place tomorrow at 2 o'clock from their late home, and the remains of both will be interred side by side in Mound cemetery.

### Outson.

Samuel Armstrong received a telegram yesterday morning from Riverton, Neb., notifying him of the death of Mrs. J. F. Outson at that place. The deceased was well and favorably known in this city, having lived here many years previous to emigrating to Nebraska, where Mr. Outson journeyed to embark in business. While her Mr. Outson was foreman of the blacksmith department of the Mitchell & Lewis company. The remains of the lady will be bought here, arriving at the Junction depot at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and will be interred in Mound cemetery.

### Year.

Mrs. Michael Year, an old resident of Racine county, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Fredericks, in the town of Caledonia today, of old age and general debility, aged eighty-four years. Four daughters and over one hundred grand children among whom is Alderman Charles Kannenberg of the Seventh ward, survive to mourn her death. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house.

### Laid at Rest.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Nellie Fall, took place this afternoon from the family home on Wisconsin street, and were largely attended. Rev. R. T. Roberts, pastor of the Welsh Presbyterian church preached an impressive sermon. The remains were taken in charge by Racine chapter, No. 45, Order of the Eastern Star and the last sad rites were conducted under their auspices, and the body was interred in Mound cemetery. Those present at the services from out of the city were: Mrs. J. H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Williams, Mrs. Mary Edwards, Mrs. George Thompson and David Jones of Chicago; Mrs. William McNamee of Madison; Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Jones, Mrs. T. E. Jones of Baraboo; Mrs. Thomas Copp of Northport, Mich.

### Nail Through His Foot.

Several days ago William Deurr, residing at 708 High street, stepped upon a nail and it protruded through his foot. The wound commenced to alcerate and Dr. Sauer was called and found the foot to be in very bad shape.

Anton M. Larson, residing on Marquette street, met with a very painful accident this noon, while unloading a wagon of old timbers and boards. He accidently stepped upon a protruding rusty nail, which penetrated way through the sole of his shoe and foot and came out through the top of the shoe. It protruded so far through the top of the shoe that one could catch hold of it. Much difficulty was experienced in removing the nail.

## EXPLOSION IN MADRID.

MADRID, May 18.—A petard exploded in the street near the Royal palace with no damage.

"Ten people out of a dozen are invalids, says a recent medical authority. At least eight out of these ten, it is safe to allow, are suffering from some form of blood-disease which a persistent use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla would be sure to cure. Then, don't be an invalid.

# FOR OUR READERS.

## RELIABLE PATTERNS

### Guaranteed to Fit if Proper Size Is Given.

We have made an arrangement with one of the oldest and most reliable Paper Pattern houses in New York, which enables us to offer our readers standard and perfect fitting patterns of the very latest and newest designs.

Three patterns each week until further notice.

These patterns are retailed in stores at from 20 to 40 cents. We have made arrangements whereby we can offer them at the extremely low price of 10 cents.

A paper pattern of any size, of this illustration, may be obtained by sending your name and address, number and size of pattern desired, together with 10 cents for each pattern, to the pattern department of the Racine Journal.

For waists:—Measure around fullest part of bust, close under arm; raise slightly in the back, draw moderately tight.

For skirts:—Measure around the waist, over the belt; draw moderately tight.

Printed directions accompany each pattern, showing how the garment is to be made.

When ordering patterns for children please state age of child.

**20513**
**LADIES' WRAPPER.**

This pretty wrapper is made with a fitted lining. It is very stylish and serviceable, and will be found a most convenient garment for any lady to possess. Figured challie is the material used for our model which is tight fitting at the sides, but possesses a loose front and back with the fullness unconfined from neck to hem. The broad revers are deeply notched in front and form a sailor collar in the back. A round turn down collar gives a comfortable finish to the neck. The handsome sleeves are made in the leg o'mutton style. Narrow gimp (as shown in the illustration), may form the decoration, or lace, insertion, passementerie or all-over embroidery may be used. Flannel, challis, cashmere, crepon, China silk, or wash fabrics are suitable for the design.

20513:—Ladies' tea gown or wrapper (with fitted lining), requires for medium size 10¼ yards material 27 inches wide, 8½ yards 36 inches wide, or 6½ yards 44 inches wide.

Lining required, 1½ yards. Cut in 5 sizes, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO

**The Racine Journal**

**328 Main St., Racine, Wis.**

Enclosed find 10 cents. Please send pattern No.....as described above the following address:

NAME.....

STREET.....

TOWN.....

STATE.....

Bust measure.....

Waist.....

Age.....

**Biliousness**

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

**Hood's Pills**

insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## FIRE ALARMS.

### Department Called Out Twice Saturday Night.

During the rain storm Saturday night the fire department was called out twice. The first time the alarm was occasioned by the insulation of an electric wire at the American express office catching fire. It was in close proximity to the cornice of the building and in danger of firing the building. The incipient blaze was easily subdued.

At 11 o'clock an alarm was sent in from Sixteenth street. Torches from a circus illuminated the skies, it being foggy, and it resembled a big fire. The department turned out and enjoyed a cold and muddy run.

## ONE LIFE WAS LOST.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 18.—A close search of the ruins of the Markham house block, swept clean by fire last night, with an aggregate loss of $300,000, revealed this morning the charred remains of W. P. Zachary, a negro. As far as known no other lives were lost.

## BARNATO AT THE FUNERAL.

PRETORIA, May 18.—Great demonstration was shown today at the funeral of F. L. Gray, reform committeeman who suicided in jail. Barney Barnato rode in the first carriage. The streets were packed with people and many wreaths were sent by Gray's fellow prisoners.

## AFFIRMS LOWER COURT.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The United States supreme court decided the "Jim Crow" car case, holding that the Louisiana statutes requiring railroads to furnish separate coaches for white persons as constitutional. This affirms the decision of the court below.

The supreme court rendered a decision on the Georgia state law prohibiting the running of freight cars in that state on Sunday as constitutional.

## FOREST FIRES RAGING.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., May 18.—Forest fires are raging in Tucker county and the loss is already estimated at half a million. The entire county will be devasted unless rain falls.

## REFUSE TO TACKLE IT.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The senate, by a vote of 6 to 41, refused to take up the resolution to investigate the alleged election frauds in Alabama in Kolb-Oates election contest.

## CAMPHAUSEN DEAD.

BERLIN, May 18.—Herroto Camphausen, Prussian minister of finance during the Franco-Prussian war, is dead.

## SCHOOL BOARD ASSOCIATIONS.

A state organization of the School Boards of Minnesota has been formed. There are similar organizations in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas and Pennsylvania, and a National convention— the first— will be held in Buffalo this year, in connection with the National Teachers' association. The purpose in the organization of these State Associations of School Boards is to gather and exchange opinions. Without such organization, it is argued, School Boards are independent bodies, each acting upon its own best judgment, and knowing little or nothing of the methods of other boards. School teachers and superintendents have their conventions and exchange of ideas, and it is equally desirable that members of school boards should have an opportunity of educating themselves for their duties.

## SUICIDES IN EUROPE.

It seems from an authoritative statement of the Society of Statistics of Paris that there have been more cases of suicide in Denmark in the period between 1881 and 1895 than in any other European country, the record being 248 for every 1,000,000 inhabitants. France ranks second with 235 to the million; Switzerland next with 231, and the Germany with 211. The fewest cases of suicide are in Spain, 18 to the million, and Ireland 27.

## CYCLONE ANNIVERSARY.

### The Gale Yesterday Did Some Damage About the City.

Racine caught the tail end of the Texas cyclone yesterday, at any rate the wind reached a terrific velocity and timid people believed it would terminate in a hurricane. Trees were blown down in many sections of the city and obstructed the sidewalks, fences were leveled, smoke houses and other buildings were blown over and at times it was impossible for people to keep on their feet. Part of one of the arches erected near the Chicago & N. W. R. R. depot was blown down and the whole of it would have gone over and wrecked the street railway trolley wires had it not been for a number of men securing it in the nick of time. Out in the country the gale was even stronger than in the city and trees without number were blown down, hay stacks strewn about and fences and small buildings wrecked. It is reported that a carriage was toppled over and landed in a ditch, but no one was injured.

What made the average citizen nervous when the gale was at its height, shaking their homes and snapping off trees, was that they knew today was the thirteenth anniversary of Racine's terrible cyclone, when the northern part of the city was wrecked and nine persons lost their lives and many were injured. Nearly a hundred and fifty homes were blown to pieces and many of them wiped from the face of earth. Among those who will ever remember that terrible evening is Coroner Stripple. Today he is a cripple; his wife was also made an invalid for life.

Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late, apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

## IN THE CHINESE EMPIRE.

In the Chinese empire the upper ranks of society are classified by a button.

Buttons play an important part in the dress of the Chinese mandarins. Those of the second class wear a button of coral red, suggested, perhaps, by a cock's comb, since the cock is the bird that adorns their breast.

The third class are gorgeous, with a robe on which a peacock is emblazoned, while from the center of the red fringe of silk upon the hat rises a saphire button. The button of the fourth class is an opaque, dark, purple stone and the bird depicted on the robe is the pelican.

A silver pheasant on the robe and a clear crystal button on the hat are the rank of the fifth class. The sixth class are entitled to wear an embroidered stork and a jabestone button; the seventh, a patridge and an embossed gold button. In the eighth the partridge is reduced to a quail, and the gold button becomes plain, while the ninth class mandarin has to be content with a sparrow for his emblem and with silver for his button.—New York Mercury.

One of the best evidences that Ayer's Hair Vigor is an article of exceptional merit is the fact that the demand for it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the hair.

Some idea of the extent of the coyote nuisance in the West may be got from the experience of one sheepman of Fossil, Ore. Since last fall, when the sheep were brought down from the mountains, the coyotes have killed about 100 of them. One night, about two weeks ago a herder left about thirty sheep out over night, and when he went to hunt for them in the morning he found twenty-three dead, their throats torn by the coyotes, and coyotes were chasing the remaining seven. In Crook County this sheepman has lost $200 in three months by the coyote raids on his flocks.

A man may dress as well as his own good judgement and the assistance of an artistic tailor may elect. He may take his "tubs" but if his digestive organs are out of order, he will have an unwholesome appearance. His complexion and the white of his eyes will have a yellowish cast. His tongue will be coated, appetite poor, his teeth rusty, his breath abominable. He is one big, unmistakable sign of constipation.

The quickest, surest, easiest way is to take Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are made of refined, concentrated vegetable extracts. Nothing in the least harmful enters into their composition. They hunt down all impurities, and "make them move on." They are the product of many years' study and practice. Doctor Pierce cannot afford to put forth a worthless article. Send for a free sample.

Address with 21 cents in one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and get a free copy of the "People's Medical Adviser."

**Noah's Ark,**

with animals, will be sent, postpaid, to any address on receipt of three 2-ct. stamps. The animals are on cardboard—two and three inches high, naturally colored, and will stand alone. They can be arranged in line or groups, making an interesting object lesson in natural history. This offer is made solely for the purpose of acquainting mothers with the merits of

**Willimantic ★ Star Thread**

Send for a set for each of the children. Address
WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO., Willimantic, Conn.

Greatest Quantity. Highest Quality. Smallest Price.

**Battle Ax PLUG**

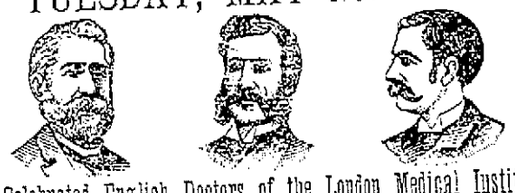
The only brand of strictly high grade tobacco ever sold for a low price. Not the large size of the piece alone that has made "Battle Ax" the most popular brand on the market for 5 cents,

**QUALITY; SIZE; PRICE.**

**They Will Be Here...**

**At Hotel Racine,**

ONE DAY ONLY... **TUESDAY, MAY 26.** RETURNING EVERY FOUR WEEKS...



**The Celebrated English Doctors of the London Medical Institute,**
413 GRAND AVE., MILWAUKEE.

All persons suffering from catarrh and its complications will be treated for $4.00 per month until cured, if they apply to these Eminent Physicians on May 26th.

Let there be no misunderstanding—$4.00 per month pays your Doctor bill and medicines.

**EXAMINATION FREE TO ALL.**

All chronic sufferers are invited to call and be examined free of charge. If your case is found to be incurable, the Doctors will tell you so quickly and frankly, and will positively refuse to treat incurable cases.

During two years successful practice in Milwaukee, they have earned an enviable reputation for honesty, straightforward methods and fair dealings with all.

Their charge for treatment is so reasonable that even the poorest persons can take advantage of their supreme skill.

Call Early—rooms always crowded.

**ALL DISEASES AND DEFORMITIES.**

**Catarrh Cured.**—Consumption in the incipient stage; Bronchitis, Asthma, Rheumatism, all diseases of the nose, throat, lungs, stomach, liver and kidneys, scrofula, sores, ulcers and all chronic blood troubles, eczema, psoriasis, pimples, blotches and all skin troubles treated and cured.

**Nervous Diseases.**—Epilepsy positively cured. Nervous debility from any cause, hysteria, neurasthenia, chorea, St. Vitus' dance, etc., cured by the London Medical Specific treatment.

**Diseases of Women.**—We examine all women without exposure and treat all diseases peculiar to their sex without the use of rings, pessaries, supporters, etc., by the new and painless methods.

**YOUNG MEN, MIDDLE AGED MEN, WEAK, DISEASED, DESPONDENT MEN**

Suffering from premature decay, exhausted or enfeebled powers, and all diseases arising from habits of youth, early vices, indiscretion or excesses—all diseases causing drains, losses, weak or failing memories, blotches, pimples, impure blood, falling of hair, etc., should visit them at once. By their English Methods and remedies they guarantee each sufferer immediate relief and perfect cure.

Confidential Treatment—No matter how many physicians have failed to cure you, call on us.

Cancer cured without cutting—no pain.

Office at HOTEL RACINE, Racine, Wis. HOURS: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

P. S.—These Physicians will return every four weeks.
Address all mail to London Medical Institute, 413 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee.

**The Eagle Store**

**Cor. State and Superior Sts.**

Bargains in

Carpets, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods.

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN RACINE.

3,000 yds of White Goods at 6c; would be cheap at 8c.

**J. C. HANSEN.**

Advertisers should use the columns of

**"THE JOURNAL."**

# ALL RIDE IN BUSSES.

## No Change in the Milwaukee Street Car Strike Today.

### Cause of the Strikers Is Advocated by All Labor Unions.

### A General Boycott Placed Upon Street Cars Which Seems to Grow Tighter Every Day—May be a Settlement.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 15.—The strike situation is about the same as yesterday. The street railway is operating all its lines and there is little or no disturbance. Busses are heavily patronized, as against the patronage of cars and there is a general boycott that seems to grow tighter every day. The cause of the strikers is being thus advocated by every labor union and business of all kinds suffers with the railway company. Although yesterday's conference between the citizens' committee, strikers and the company was unfruitful, an attempt to effect a settlement is mooted.

The company has fifty men under contract and the remainder under mutual agreement. The strikers will return in a body but this is impossible owing to contracts with the new men, even if the company felt willing to accede to the request.

## THE A. P. A.

**Believe That All Property Should be Taxed Except Government, State and Municipal.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The supreme council, A. P. A., dedicated the day's session mostly to the consideration of committee reports and addresses. Five Congressmen spoke. The report of the committee on agitation took the ground that agitation without education is no course to pursue. Education must come first. To that end the committee recommended a bureau of information to consist of the supreme president and one member from each state. The report recommended that all property in the United States except that owned by the government, state or municipalities be taxed. It was adopted.

## LOCHREN ELEVATED.

**Pension Commissioner Elevated to a Judgeship in Minnesota.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate: Wm. Lochren of Minnesota, to be United States district judge of the northern district of Minnesota, vice R. R. Nelson, resigned; D. I. Murphy of Pennsylvania is named as commissioner of pensions, vice Wm. Lochren, resigned; N. J. Dana, New Hampshire, to be first deputy commissioner of pensions, vice D. I. Murphy, nominated for commissioner of pensions.

## REACHED THE LIMIT OF AGE.

ST. PAUL, May 15.—United States District Judge R. R. Nelson has sent his resignation to the president to take effect tomorrow on which date he becomes seventy years of age and is entitled to retire on full pay.

## NIGHTINGALE DROPS DEAD.

LOUISVILLE, May 15.—C. J. Hamlin's fast mare, Nightingale, fell dead this morning while being exercised at an easy gait. She was one of the crack campaigners of the grand circuit, and was valued at $10,000.

## TWO MORE FOR M'KINLEY.

GRAFTON, W. Va., May 15.—The Second congressional district convention selected delegates to St. Louis instructed for McKinley and passed a resolution favoring the gold standard.

## OLD NAVAL OFFICER DEAD.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Rear Admiral Thomas S. Stevens, U. S. N., retired, was found dead in bed this morning at his home in Rockville.

## PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

Ex-Governor Osborne of Wyoming has adopted a peculiar brand for his speed. It is a skull and crossbones.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Noble, of Pittsfield, Mass., have just celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage.

It is said that Alfred Percival O'Flynn," is the most popular poet of Ireland. He is a son of an Angelican Bishop.

Senator Hoar is assisting in tracing the history of Roger Sherman, an ancestor, and for this purpose has been digging into the archives of Salem and Peabody, Mass., where Sherman lived a century ago.

The French academy of music has decided to divide between Dr. Roux and Professor E. Behring the 250,000 franc prize founded by M. and Mme. Victor Saint Paul as a reward for whomsoever should first discover a remedy for diphtheria.

## BURST ITS BANKS.

**Collapsing of a Caisson Does Half a Million Dollars Damage.**

HULL, England, May 15.—The caisson to the new extension to the Andrews fish docks broke suddenly. The rush of water swept every vessel along the dock from their moorings and jammed them into a hopeless mass of wreckage. The damage is $500,000.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, or callonsed lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted most wonderful blemish cure ever known Sold by John Schultz, Druggist; Racine, Wis

## FOUR HUNDRED IN LINE.

**Claims Being Filed at Crookston, Minn., on Red River Lands.**

CROOKSTON, Minn., May 15.—The line of people in front of the United States land office, intent upon filing on the Red Lake lands this morning was at least 400. Only one effort was made to break into the head of the line and the offender was sent to the foot. Four women are in line. Filing began at 9 o'clock and proceeded without interruption.

## TO CARRY BICYCLES FREE.

**Roads in the Central Passenger Committee Will Do So.**

CHICAGO, May 15.—It is probable that all the roads in the Central Passenger committee will follow the lead of the Pennsylvania in carrying bicycles free of charge. The Lake Shore is preparing to follow suit and it is expected that all the competitors of the Pennsylvania and Lake Shore will soon join the procession. The western roads will not at the present time take any action in the matter. They have had for a long time a provision in their agreement that a charge should be made for carrying wheels, and some of the roads declare that they will continue to make a charge, no matter what the other roads do. The general objection seems to be that the bicycle is too unwieldy an article to carry in the baggage cars. Some railroad officials say that if they are to carry all the wheels that will be thrust upon them once they begin to carry them for nothing they will have to run more baggage cars than passenger cars upon their trains.

## RINAKER-DOWNING CONTEST.

**Rinaker's Friends Will Urge That Ballots be Brought to Washington.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The house election committee met to discuss the Rinaker-Downing contested election case, recommitted by the house, with instructions to recount the disputed ballots. No definite action was taken. Rinaker's friends will urge that the sergeant-at-arms be instructed to proceed to Illinois at once and subpoena the clerks of election in the district with an order to bring the ballots to Washington forthwith for a recount. They believe they can be recounted and a final decision reached before an adjournment of congress.

## AN INSANE MAN'S DEED.

**Poisons Four People and Then Then Drowned Himself.**

ERWIN, Pa., May 15.—Bernard Koch drowned himself in a reservoir after poisoning his brother-in-law, his wife and two children. The wife will probably die, but the others will recover. He is supposed to have been insane.

## NO GOLD TO GO OUT.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Instead of two or three millions of gold which it was expected would be expected tomorrow, it now seems probable that none will go out.

## A GREAT ISLAND SOLD.

Henry Menier, a wealthy manufacturer, has just clised a remarkable real estate transaction in the purchase of the island of Anticosti, which lies in the mouth of the St. Lawrence river. The island is 135 miles long, by 35 miles at its widest part and has an area of 4,000 square miles. The encyclopedia describes it as of rocky and swampy formation and with a population of about 300 French-speaking usher folk. The purchase price was $100,000. Mr. Menier intends to spend $750,000 in the development of the island which intends to colonize with Frenchmen.

Its forests are large and valuable. Sawmills will be put up, agriculture will be developed, lobster canneries will be erected near the coast, but the most ambitious effort will be the establishment of a model beaver farm, in which the projector thinks there is a fortune. The island remains subject to the British authorities politically, but Mr. Menier will conduct its internal affairs on the lines followed by the British chartered companies of India, Africa and the great northwest. —New York Journal.

## NO PRIZE FIGHTERS LEFT.

St. Louis Mirror: This country has had but one prize fighter since John C. Heenan, and that is Sullivan. He was a fighter who fought. He stands better with the people today, defeated, "broke," and played out though he be, than the loquacious "gentleman" who put him to sleep, or the microcephalous freak from the land of topsy-turvey.

**Wisconsin Patents.**

The following list of patents granted this week to Wisconsin inventors is reported expressly for the Journal, by E. G. Underwood, Patent Attorney, 107 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis.:

A. C. Goetz, assgr., Milwaukee, electrically operated railway switch; W. C. Henry, assgr., Milwaukee, automatic track switch for electric railways; Ole Johnson, Milwaukee, apparatus for elevating, transporting and discharging coal; Warren S. Johnson, Milwaukee, pneumatic clock system; Faustin Prinz, Milwaukee, dust collector, (two patenes); Frank Rock, Jr., School Hill, washing machine; Julius Schipkowsky, assgr., South Milwaukee, air valve for pneumatic tires; Gustf Swedeman, assgr., Washburn car coupling; Benjamin F. Sweet, Fond du Lac, sleigh; L. N. Thelon, Darlington, adjustable candle holding attachment for candle sticks.

# RACINE GETS A PLACE

## Prohibitionists Nominate Rev. E. L. Eaton For Lieut.-Governor.

### Eau Claire Convention Selects J. H. Berky, of Monroe, For Governor.

### A Long Fight on the Silver Plank—Silver Gets There by a Single Vote—Delegates to the National Convention.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 15.—The Prohibition convention spent most of yesterday in making a platform. There was a long fight over the silver plank, which was finally adopted by a vote of 60 to 59, the chairman casting the declining vote in the affirmative. A 16 to 1 plank was voted down. The platform adopted declares that silver be restored to its position prior to 1873. The state ticket nominated by acclamation, was as follows:

For governor—J. H. Berkey of Monroe.

For lieutenant-governor—Rev. E. L. Eaton of Racine.

For secretary of state—E. B. Knowlton of Manston.

For treasurer—Lorenzo Crandall of Hudson.

For attorney-general—A. E. Dixon of Ashland.

For superintendent of public instruction—Professor W. L. Morrison of Nellsville.

For insurance commissioner—E. E. Brendwell of Sparta.

For railroad commissioner—Dr. A. Christianson of Washburn.

The delegates at large are J. F. Cleghorn of Clinton, S. D. Hastings of Green Bay, E. W. Chafin of Waukesha and Dr. J. J. Sherman of Marinette. This and all the district delegations are uninstructed. J. E. Clayton of Milwaukee was chosen chairman of the state central committee.

There is much discontent over the silver plank which was offered by J. B. Smith of Madison, law partner of T. C. Richmond. The candidate for governor was formerly a farmer but is now a temperance lecturer. He is a single issue advocate and said in his speech of acceptance that he would take the stump but believed straight prohibition was the only issue to talk about. Congressional district delegates made nominations for congress as follows: First district, G. W. White of Evansville; Second district, Jesse Meyers of Veroma, Dane county; seventh district, Dr. John Moseley of Tomah; Eighth district, John Evans of Waupaca; Tenth district, P. A. Oscar of Washburn. The convention adjourned last night and a mass meeting was addressed by Helen Gougar.

## CONTEST CLOSES TO NIGHT.

**Young Men's Christian Association Membership Contest Nearing the End.**

About a month and a half ago a move was inaugurated to increase the membership of the Young Men's Christian Association. Sides were chosen and named Reds and Blues. The members of each side went to work with a vim. The rooms of the association were decorated with the colors, red and blue. There were street car rides, social and other events, and it is safe to say that the Y. M. C. A. has grown rapidly. At 10 o'clock this evening the contest will be closed. Great interest is manifested and no doubt a large crowd will be present. The members of either side who has gained the largest number gets a fine bicycle. The result will be published tomorrow.

## SOLDIERS MONUMENT.

**Should Be Cleaned Up Before the Soldiers Come.**

Several hundred old soldiers will visit Racine next week, also their wives and daughters. Among them will be some of the most prominent and brilliant men of the present day. We owe them every courtesy and the latch string should be hung out and the key to the city handed over by Mayor Janes. Thousands of eyes will gaze at the magnificent monument on the square erected in memory of the soldiers. It is the duty of Racine to see that the monument is cleaned up. The letters or inscriptions engraved upon the sides are dull and ought to be retraced. Let some members of the Council introduce a resolution appropriating a sum at least sufficient to do this work.

## RATES WILL BE LOW.

**To Pittsburg and Washington.**

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg via Pennsylvania short lines from Chicago will be sold May 24, 25 and 26, account Prohibition national convention, and June 6, 7, and 8, for North American Saengerfest. To Washington, D. C., July 4, 5, 6, and 7, for Christian Endeavor convention. Address Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for particulars.

**Boggs' Little Giant Pills.**

Try them if you have a sick headache or if you are constipated or bilious. Guaranteed by Davis & Silber, 483 Main street.

**Relieves in Six Hours.**

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by John Schultz, druggist; Racine, Wis.

Book and magazine binding neatly done at the Journal Office.

## OBITUARY

**Fall.**

The community was startled this morning by the announcement that Mrs. Nellie Fall, wife of the late John W. Fall, had died suddenly about 8:30 o'clock last evening, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Hugh Hughes, No. 914 Wisconsin street, of heart failure, in the 35th year of her age. The report was not given credence at first, but was only too true. Mrs. Fall had been ailing for some time with a light fever, but not the slightest alarm was felt. Up to within half an hour of her demise she was talking with her brother, William Hughes, and other members of the family, but the shock came and she passed suddenly away. Deceased was born in the same house where she died and was a lady of the noblest qualifications. She was kind hearted, generous, a true Christian and to know was to love her. By everybody she was held in the very highest regard and respect, and in her death the community loses a valuable woman and one who will ever be remembered with the kindest thoughts. She was a prominent member of the Racine chapter No. 45, Order of the Eastern Star, and held the office of secretary; also a member of the Lily of the West Rebecca lodge, No. 33. In both societies she was beloved and her death will be sadly mourned. Two sons, a mother, brother and sister survive to mourn her death. The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home.

**Hughes.**

At 8:20 o'clock this morning Mrs. Annie E. Hughes, wife of R. R. Hughes, died at her home, No. 1028 Davis Place, aged 28 years. Mrs. Hughes was a native of Racine and a sister of Joseph and David Breese. She was a Christian woman and highly respected by everybody. A husband, four children, two brothers and a sister survive to mourn the death of a loving wife and mother and a kind sister.

## BASE BALL GOSSIP.

**Opening Game at the North Side Park Next Sunday—Base Ball Briefs.**

The Racines will formally open the local baseball season Sunday afternoon, with a game with the R. G. Razall team of Milwaukee, champions of the Milwaukee City league last season. Both teams are evenly matched and a close game can be expected. During the week, the North Side park has been greatly improved. The diamond has been leveled and rolled and other necessary improvements made. Either Schroeder or Hopp will do the pitching for the visitors and Bartz will catch. Johnson and Herman will be in the points for the locals. Large delegations are expected from Kenosha and Milwaukee. From present appearances the park will not hold the crowd, as hundreds of "fans" have been waiting patiently for the game.

Sheboygan business men in conjunction with Mayor Born and other city officials have leased a track of ground and work has been commenced on a new baseball park. August Mohr, an old veteran of the game, has been chosen manager, and he is now hard at work gathering together a good team. It will be a semi-professional aggregation, and as there is considerable money behind the venture, a good team can be gotten together. William Wolf, a south paw twirler, well known in this city, has been signed and negotiations are on with several Chicago players. When Sheboygan is ready, the Racines will endeavor to duplicate that 7 to 0 game of last fall with the only Hawley in the box.

Chicago played a tie game with Baltimore yesterday, 5 to 5; Pittsburg vanquished Boston 20 to 4; Louisville laid out the Phillies 11 to 5; Cincinnati took Brooklyn into camp 13 to 2; New York suffered defeat at the hands of Cleveland, 7 to 10, and St. Louis barely beat Washington, 9 to 8.

Indianapolis, last year's Western league champions, defeated Milwaukee yesterday by a score of 14 to 7. Manager Twitchell fanned the air three times.

## APPEAL TO MANUFACTURERS.

**For the Release of Their Employes Who Wish to Take Part in the Big Parade.**

The committe having in charge the arrangements for the coming convention of the Catholic Societies of Wisconsin, have issued the following circular:

To the Manufacturers and Employers of Labor, City of Racine:

May 24th to 27th a convention of all Catholic Benevolent societies of the state will be held here, and it being desirous to make as creditable a showing as possible of local societies, as regards numbers, without too much inconvenience to yourselves, will you kindly grant privilege of absence to any of our members in your employ who may desire to enter parade Monday, May 25th? A large majority of factories have signified their intention of closing for the day. By granting this request you confer a great favor on the committee. Jos. Koenig.
Secretary.

## NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The Democratic state committee has selected Saratoga and June 24th, the place and date for holding the state convention.

**Caution.**

All instantaneous cough cures contain opiates and are liable to dry up the phlegm and mucous in the bronchial tubes and lungs, thereby causing congestion. We guarantee Boggs' Cherry Cough Syrup against this danger. Davis & Silber, 483 Main street.

## ABOUT INSANE PERSONS.

**An Effort Being Made to Have the Laws Changed in Regard to Committing Demented Persons.**

A meeting of the Milwaukee Bar association will be asked for very shortly to discuss measures which it was proposed to attach to the statute books at the next session of the legislature. The request comes from an unusual source, physicians having asked prominent lawyers to interest themselves in the matter. The particular matter that the doctors want attended to is legislation referring to insane persons. There are many laws upon the books concerning the insane, but what the doctors want is one under which they will feel safe in securing the commitment of patients to the insane asylums. The doctors seem to have more delicacy than some of the court commissioners and they want the laws fixed so that there will be no risk of doing anything that is illegal. As the matter now stands nearly every lawyer in the city looks upon the commitment law as unconstitutional. It was generally supposed to be so when Judge Johnson decided the Marion V. Dudley case, but he gave no opinion on the subject. Since Commisioner Ryan's recent elaborate opinion on the question many of the lawyers have been looking it up and there is a uniformity of assent with the commissioner. By reason of the decision Commissioner Ryan is among those who have been requested to ask for a meeting of the association and he will do it. There have been comparatively few commitments since the commissioner's decision, not because the number of insane persons has diminished, but because they are being allowed to remain at liberty or be cared for privately.

## OTTO E. AHRENS SURPRISED.

**His Friends Remind Him of His 41st Birthday.**

Otto E. Ahrens, clerk of the circuit court, was the recipient of a double surprise last evening, at his home, No. 1038 Villa street. It was his forty-first birthday and a number of friends became aware of the fact and determined to give him a surprise. Mrs. Ahrens was let into the secret. She had made arrangements for a visit to Elgin, Ill., but proposed to surprise her husband with the friends. Instead of leaving for Elgin yesterday afternoon as she intended, she visited a friend. When the company swooped down upon Mr. Ahrens last night and had got through pounding him, etc., Mrs. Ahrens came in. Of course, Mr. Ahrens claimed that he knew she had not gone, but the surprise was complete just the same. During the evening the genial clerk was presented with a handsome chair. Progressive cinch was played during the evening and choice refreshments served. It was an early hour this morning when the company dispersed and wished Mr. Ahrens many happy returns of the day. Among those present were the following: Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Driver, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Barker, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hocking, Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, Mr. and Mrs. George Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. R. Harcus, Mr. and Mrs. C. Everson, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Case, Clinton Case and Samuel Armstrong.

## NOMINATED AS CONSUL.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The president nominated John Fowler of Massachusetts consul at Chee Foo, China.

**Berry's Hair Renewer.**

No preparation ever put on the market has given such universal satisfaction. It is not only a hair renewer and invigorator, but cleanses the scalp of all dandruff, leaving the hair soft, glossy and luxuriant. Sold by Davis & Silber, 483 Main st.

OVERWORK
—INDUCED—
Nervous Prostration
Complete Recovery by the Use of
**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**

"Some years ago, as a result of too close attention to business, my health failed. I became weak, nervous, was unable to look after my interests, and manifested all the symptoms of a decline. I took three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, began to improve at once,

and gradually increased my weight from one hundred and twenty-five to two hundred pounds. Since then, I and my family have used this medicine when needed, and we are all in the best of health, a fact which we attribute to Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I believe my children would have been fatherless to-day had it not been for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, of which preparation I cannot say too much."—H. O. Hixson, Postmaster and Planter, Kinard's, S. C.

**Ayer's THE ONLY Sarsaparilla**
RECEIVING MEDAL AT WORLD'S FAIR.
AYER'S Pills Save Doctor's Bills.

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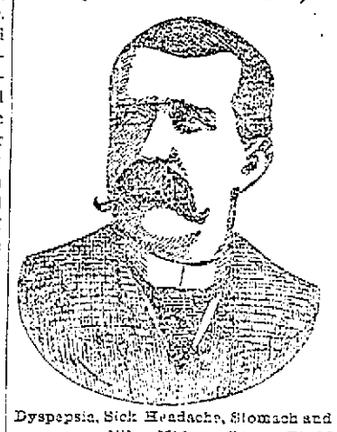

Catarrh produces more dangerous and fatal diseases than any other ten causes combined. Cure your Catarrh, get rid of a loathsome disease and prevent disastrous consequences.

Catarrh—Extends to the eustachian tubes and inner ear and causes deafness and roaring, buzzing, hissing noises. Cure the Catarrh and thus cure the ear trouble.

Catarrh—Extends to the stomach, the poison finds its way there while you are asleep, causing dyspepsia or catarrh of the stomach, with all its misery, weakness and pain.

Catarrh—Creeps down the throat into the bronchial tubes, causing laryngitis, Bronchitis, cough, night sweats, chest pains, oppressed breathing, blood stained mucus, weakness, paleness, emaciation. Cure the catarrh and stop the destruction.

Catarrh—Entrenches in the threshold of the lungs, paves the way for consumption, that insidious disease that gradually wastes the life away. Cure the catarrh and there will be no disastrous results.

We Have Evidence of Curing Hundreds of the Worst Chronic Diseases.

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Piles, Kidney, Liver, Bladder and Chronic Female Diseases.

FREE TRIAL TREATMENT TO ALL.

Patients from a distance successfully treated by mail. Send for symptom blanks. When writing enclose 4c in stamps.
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PREPARATIONS FOR
THE GREAT BATTLE
OF NOVEMBER 3d ARE ALREADY WELL UNDER WAY. A NEW
President of the United States
IS TO BE ELECTED, AND THE
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**Terms: $1.00 Per Annum, in Advance.**

Entered at the Post Office in Racine, Wis., as second-class matter.


## WALKING IN THE STRAIGHT PATH.

It is generally conceded that the Republican party will carry the coming presidential election. But this is on the supposition that no mistakes are made. It will be an easy matter for the convention to make a mess of it, but the indications are that no mistakes will be made. The course of the Democratic party so far this session of congress has been that of obstruction, destruction and opposition to everything that has any reason in it. Unable to agree with the president of its own party persuasion, taking up the time that should be devoted to the business of the country, its leaders have filled the halls with ringing denunciations of the administration. The arguments of the Democrats themselves have furnished the people with ample reasons why the next president should be a Republican. They have furnished splendid reasons why their party cannot govern this country, and that even supposing such a thing is successful there is every reason to believe that the next four years will be a period of practical anarchy. The Democratic party is busted, disgusted and incapacitated. It is torn with factions, and fully represents that English-democrat, Ambassador Thomas B. Bayards definition, which he intended to apply to the Republicans, An off-times violent people and requires a strong man to govern them." Just read Democratic party and there you have it.

But there is another party, the Populists, and the vote of a million four years ago must be taken into consideration. This party will draw many Democratic votes, which otherwise might go to a Republican, provided he is the right man; and there are the silver Republicans to be considered. With such a man as McKinley it is confidently believed that many of the disgruntled of other parties will vote for him.

But it is not going to pay the Republican party to attempt to do any straddling. What its platform has to say, let it be plainly expressed. The Populists and free silver Republicans are not fools by any means, and they will think no more of a straddling platform than they will of one directly opposed to their idea. It will be as hopeless to try to catch flies with vinegar, as it will be to try to catch these voters with any concocted straddle platforms. With a platform plainly expressive and sentiments that that can commend themselves to all patriotic citizens, it can go into the campaign commanding the solid respect of the entire people whether it can command everybody's vote or not.

No platform can be construed that can read both for free coinage and against it. Let a platform be submitted to the people that means something, and there is every indication that this will be done.

The Republican party want no entangling alliances, such as now afflicts the Democratic party. It must have but one principle for Nevada and the sound money and protection preach sound money and protection alike in every locality and section of the union. It must be true to its traditions and true to the principles of the Immortal Lincoln.

## WHAT RUMOR IS ANTIMATING.

A rumor in some way has got out that a surprise is being prepared for this blessed and long suffering country. The man who has the surprise in store is rumored to be no less a person than President Cleveland.

If this surprise party lies in the direction dame rumor says, there promises to be a number of presidential booms badly bursted in the rank of the president's party. Now considerable worrying has been done by some good Democrats over the fact that the president has failed utterly to satisfy all questioners as to whether or not he is a candidate for a third term. It is possible that Mr. Cleveland really dislikes to formally enter the field and has a feeling that it would really not do, that is to become a pronounced candidate, and therefore the programme necessarily must be, if he desires a third term that the nomination by the convention must be brought about apparently unanimously, and from force of circumstances that will sweep the field before it.

What better program could be devised if this dame rumor is correct, than to prepare a surprise party for all concerned. This could be done, for instance, while rumor does not positively assert it is the case, by engineering something, a la Venezuela. Of course clearly it would not answer to revive this matter because his commission is trying very hard to earn their salaries and just now there is no apparent excuse for issuing any further proclamations. But what he might do would be just before the critical period of all these little Democratic boomlets to issue a proclamation recognizing the independence of Cuba, or better still to formally interfere by means of a few of our modern iron clads. Rumor has an idea that this would arouse the country and occurring just at the right moment as a powder mine is touched off, precipitate things and the Democratic convention would nominate him with a big hurrah, boys. Of course this would stampede the Democratic candidates and blast their booms as a frost in the late spring time wilts all vegetation before it, but certainly would not stampede the Republican party.

Now it does not seem that Mr. Cleveland owes it to his party and to the several prominent men of his party, who are rather faintly as it were but still nursing their hopes presidentially to say something definitely on this question of a third term. It is recognized that if Mr. Cleveland wants the nomination and says so, nothing can prevent it, but he does not say so, and therefore, possibly there may be something in the idea, this old dame rumor is circulating.

With Grover and Cuba mixed in and the war element of the country mildly excited, and with the gallant McKinley with protection to American industries floating on every Republican banner, things may be lively the coming few months. But protection is sure to win and protection with Republicans means protection to Cubans.

## DEMOCRATIC BOND SALES.

The Cleveland method of engineering the sale of bonds is not one that is going to stand a very searching scrutiny. The first sale handled by Secretary Carlisle gave the manipulators a clear profit of $4,832,800, the syndicate taking the bonds in gold for the sum of $65,116,270 and at once disposed of them for $69,949,075. The highest point these bonds reached was a premium of 10.62 per cent and the total profit counting in the profits of those who held onto the bonds three months was to the Morgan syndicate $11,729,929.

The second sale was no better. A syndicate handled them in the same manner and the people had no opportunity to subscribe. Says an exchange: "The second bond issue was subject to a similar misuse in the speculative market, and the third one would have been except for the exposure of the conspiracy in the press. The original proceedings throughout were marked by most specious circumstances. For example, it was the late law partner of the president who engineered the syndicate bonding deals. Then, again, the president, while the arrangements were pending, made constant attacks upon the currency system, advocating the retirement of the legal tender notes, as if he were acting for intending buyers of the new bond issue. For the time he was a bear on the bond market, all to the vast advantage of the syndicate with which his law partner was negotiating. The natural question therefore, is, What could have been Cleveland's interest and that of Carlisle in the general speculation? Why should any speculation have been necessary for the government to connive at when it had as good a market for its own securities as the syndicate could have made for it? The price record won by the third loan, though by no means what it would be if that loan had been wholly a popular one, goes to show what might have readily been counted upon in advance for the first loan."

It is more than believed that this third loan was not handled wholly in the interests of a popular loan. To be sure the pretense was made but the reading of the figures does not convince people that it was what it was alleged to be. Of course such men as Senator Hill think any investigation is a great outrage.


# Scrofula

Makes life misery to thousands of people. It manifests itself in many different ways, like goitre, swellings, running sores, boils, salt rheum and pimples and other eruptions. Scarcely a man is wholly free from it, in some form. It clings tenaciously until the last vestige of scrofulous poison is eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

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Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

**Hood's Pills** are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.


## BAR OUT EUROPEAN ADULTERATION

Germany, England and France lose no opportunity to bar out our productions and live stock. Germany especially has vaunted its spleen to call it that, upon our products and utterly without reason as has been shown. Now England is hard after our cattle, while Germany is hampering the importation of American horses into their territory by every means their fertile minds can suggest. A dispatch says a report has been made to our department of state from Consul Keenan at Breman upon the importation of horses from this country into the German empire and is to the effect that while the business has attained great proportions it is greatly hampered by many underhand operations inspired by the local horse dealers, who have united to break down the American competition. Mr. Keenan tells in detail of many of these practices and shows how, although the people much prefer the American horses to those supplied from Austria and Russia, so many obstructions hav been interposed as to seriously check the development of the business. Last year no less than 20,000 American horses were brought into Germany. The imperial government has taken note of charges of unhealthfulness made against these horses, and has prescribed a rigid inspection of the stock upon entering the country.

It would seem as if such a report would revive, or at least cause our State Department to take some cognizance that is their duty to look out for the interests of this country. There are many excellent people who have believed, whether without foundation or not, that this present administration has strangely neglected their duties. European countries can send over to us their adulterated wines and liquors, so adulterated that an American dealer in wines and liquors, who adulterated as they do, would be hard to find if such could be found at all, but nothing is said, not a word. Congress refuses or neglects to do anything and between the administration who don't care, and congress that does, but neglects. The United States is the cast off of nations and all can spit on all they please without let or hindrance. With a full blooded American administration, like the Bon. William McKinley will give us, it is fondly hoped there willl be a change for the better.

## HELPING OTHER COUNTRIES.

The effect of the Gorman-Wilson tariff upon the trade of England has been most pronounced, and the worst of it all, it has been at the expense of this country. The stimulating effects of free wool and reduced rates on woolen goods has seen a rapid recovery in the export trade of England in wool and woolens. Such has been the expansion since our new tariff went into operation that the Mark Lane Express says the growth is fully equal to 500,000 bales of wool. Says this English paper, it is impossible "to state accurately what amount of raw wool these goods represent, but on a rough calculation the increase in the American imports of all kinds of wools and woolens may be said to be equal to quite 500,000 bales of colonial wool. Whatever the exact amount, this enormous demand far outweighed the increase in the production and the accumulated stocks in Europe; so that not only have these latter been wiped out, but the absorption of the year's heavy supplies has been accompanied by a substantial rise in values. The improvement impatiently expected from the American tariff reform has at length been fully realized."

The American Economist tells the story in plain, but most effective language. It says, and its figures are from official sources, that "the raw wool crop of the United States in 1895 was something over 204,000,000 pounds and during the first full twelve months of the Wilson-Gorman tariff the imports of raw wool were 97 per cent, or more than 122,000,000 pounds more than the average of the imports during the McKinley tariff period. That is, the American wool-grower has been deprived of the home market just to that extent. But that is only a part of the story. The excess of the imports of woolens textiles during the first full year of the Democratic tariff over the previous year represents the employment of American mills in making $40,000,000 worth of goods, all of which has been lost. If made in America these goods would have absorbed more than half of the American clip, worth over $20,000,000, and would have also given employment to a single class of American operatives, whose wages would have amounted to $20,000,000."

Again, the McKinley tariff prohibited the importation of shoddy, practically, but the Democratic tariff lets this stuff in. In the first year of the pesent tariff 20,000,000 more of this stuff was brought into this country than in any previous year, being an increase of 8,200 per cent. This vast quantity displaced at least 60,000,000 of American wool. Continues the Economist: "all forms of imported wool, including that which entered into the manufacture of the woolen goods imported in one year exceed the average of the previous four years by over 237,000,000 pounds. This excess in the imports of wool in the year 1895 over the average for the whole McKinley period represents a quantity of wool equal to the entire American annual wool production, within 37,000,000 pounds. Imagine the effect upon a market by doubling its supplies and, at the same time increasing the demand by taking from American mills the employment which they have lost.

Thus free trade has been a knock-out blow to American wool-growers to say nothing of the increase in wool values at 6 cents per pound below the value of wool of same grades in the world's markets. When a protective tariff was in operation American wool commanded the home markets and in value nine and a half cents per pound over similar grades in London.

England attempted the same old game in South Africa it has ever played since the world was young The complicity of the South African chartered company with Cecil Rhodes at its head in attempting the invasion of the transvaal is now so far fixed that England will have some trouble in begging off from the doughty old President Kruger. If Jameson had succeeded the result would have been that within a short time the Transvaal would have been in English possession. England has secured possession of a number of countries through just such adacious robberies. But this time she was foiled by brave old Paul Kruger who held the fort and will hold the fort for these many years to come. Advices are to the effect that there is no doubt but that members of the English government had a knowledge of the intended Jameson raid and that Cecil Rhodes had a hand in it to.

While economy is a good thing in the affairs of the nation, yet it is a very false economy for the present congress to refuse to continue in the work of building up an American navy. There was a time when the Republican press always had good amunition in attacking the Democratic party for neglect in this particular, but it can not be said that of late there has been any need of criticism. It is now a Republican house and Republican senators who refuse to do what is right. The number of new battle ships first proposed was six, this was cut down to four, and now the four is cut down to two or will likely be if the mistaken policy carries. It should be the proudest work of the Republican party to give the country a really first-class ocean defense and sea coast defense. Even the talking Tillman of South Carolina wants to build battle ships, and sea coast defenses. Let the Republican majority think this matter over, before they cripple the work that has been so wel done under Democratic auspices, and first commenced be it remembered under a Republican administration.

Mr. Cleveland still keeps up his ghoulish glee in vetoing pensions. This is one subject upon which he and his party are in perfect accord.

A writer in the Sentinel suggests the idea of taking a popular vote upon the free coinage of silver in November next. Now this idea is not of itself a bad one, provided some way could be devised to shut out the southern states or else have this particular question voted upon separately and under the closest scrutiny of the United States officials at every poll. The south would stuff the ballot boxes fearfully, and it would with one hand if not prevented, vote for every regular Democratic nominee and with the other vote for free silver. Then it would see to it that the Republicans were either debarred or else their votes in the boxes counted out.

If there could be held a perfectly honest election, it would not be a bad idea. The Republican party is not unwilling to submit this or that other burning question of tariff to a popular vote of the people.

It is suspected that the mint report of the gold yield is not as accurate as might be. The discrepancy tends more to not giving credit enough than too much. One leading error is supposing that one certain express company carries the bulk of the gold product, which is not the case. One gold county alone complains that the mint only gave it credit for a little over $650,000 when as a fact its yield was more like $1,300,000. It seems that this is not intentional but arises from the erroneous supposition, first that this one express company carries nearly all the gold and the other that the mines themselves report their full yield which they do not, that is some of them.

An exchange talks of the wonderful change in the twenty-five parishes of Louisiana having a majority of white voters which have heretofore given a Democratic majority to an average of 49,472, but which at the late election went against the party by 5,347 votes. Of these twenty-five parishes twenty gave a Republican majority and only five a Democratic majority. The proportion of white voters to colored voters in this section is three white to one colored. But what difference did it make? The returning boards all being Democratic counted in the Democratic candidate, and he was duly installed in office.

Ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts seems to be spreading himself over the Democratic field. No sooner had Mr. Russell achieved some sort of celebrity as a candidate than Governor Matthews of Indiana shies himself into the field. Ex-Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania retains a sort of prominence, but as he is uncertain whether he can accept the nomination on a free silver platform, the east is not becoming very frantic over him.

The acriminous debates in the senate and the Billingsgate speeches poured forth by the shining lights like Tillman and others are in the most forcible contrast to the scholary and eloquent debates and speeches in the senate in the days of Webster. Men differed from one another as they do now, but there were gentlemen in those days and not two penny politicians, ranting demagogues and spouting political windmills.

With all due submission to the Republican majority in the present house it is submitted that the country is entirely willing that liberal appropriating be made for the public defense and the creation of our navy to that of a first class power in the world. The majority has done well and Speaker Reed has done well, but in this respect the country would have rather preferred they would not have drawn the lines so tight.

The assertion has been made and is doubtless perfectly true that no matter what the Chicago convention does or does not do, not one Democrat in a hundred will do otherwise than vote for him. There will be no split in the Democratic party. The spectacle will be continued to be presented of a majority of this party favoring free coinage, and Wall street, through its representatives controlling the platform and national legislation.

The Republican party believes in the policy of having tariffs constructed in the interests of American citizens and not in the interests of people abroad. The Democratic party believes in the opposite policy and constructs tariffs in the interests of the people of foreign countries to the serious detriment of their own.

Some one now says all the trouble with Grover is that he is just stubborn and always takes the opposite side just for contrariness. This can be believed. If the side congress takes happens to be the unpopular then Grover strikes it right for he is sure to take the other side. The free silver men evidently have not been posted.

The country is assured that Mr. Quay of Pennsylvania is in the presidential field to stay until the last horn blows to adjourn the convention for good. In this immediate connection the country is also informed that the field is strictly in it, and that Mr. McKinley is to be laid out to a certainty.

A Washington dispatch says that Senator Quay is not averse to the nomination of Mr. McKinley at St. Louis. This is good, for the country had been afraid that Mr. Quay would view the nomination of McKinley with deep disapproval. Now we can proceed.

The New York Sun say that what the government needs is not gold but a sufficiency of revenue. The trouble with most people nowadays is lack of revenue, and the Democratic policy has affected people and government alike.

Now that the gold reserve is dropping, rumors are current that Mr. Cleveland will make the country a present of another issue of $100,000,000 of bonds, that is to say a present to Wall street.

Tillman of South Carolina is nothing unless a ruffian in his language. In the interest of civilization the Democratic party should cast him out and send him to join the Apachee Indians.

Racine is advancing all along the line and a wise and judicious policy of public improvements should mark the action of the city council.

Below are the names of the Racine whist players to take part in the great contest at Chicago on May 30: Oberley-Heyer; Bliss-Lorsch; Palmer-Gates; Van Arsdale-Siob.

Racine, Wisconsin, May 14, 1896.
To S. Freeman & Son:
You are hereby notified that the following property, viz.: One horse power and one grinder, consigned by G. N. Morey & Son, from Miller, Nebraska, to S. Freeman & Sons of Racine, Wisconsin, and carried by the undersigned Railway Company to Racine, has been refused by the consignee thereof, and has been on hand at the freight depot of the undersigned at Racine, Wisconsin, since September 28th, 1894, and that the freight charges thereon amounting to $8.50 is unpaid, and has remained unpaid for more than three months, to wit: From September 28th, 1894, to this date.
You are further notified that said property, which is of less value than One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars will be sold by the undersigned at public auction on the 13th day of June, 1896, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. at the freight depot of the undersigned in the City of Racine, Wisconsin, and that the proceeds of the sale will be applied to the payment of said freight, after the payment of the necessary expenses of sale.
CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
By C. S. Henry, its agent.


# "DR. MILES,

**Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."**

A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 8th, 1896, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....**

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.



Cured for over 36 years BY ALL NATIONS of the Globe for

**RHEUMATISM,**

NEURALGIA and similar Complaints, and prepared under the stringent

**GERMAN MEDICAL LAWS,**

prescribed by eminent physicians!

**DR. RICHTER'S "ANCHOR" PAIN EXPELLER.**

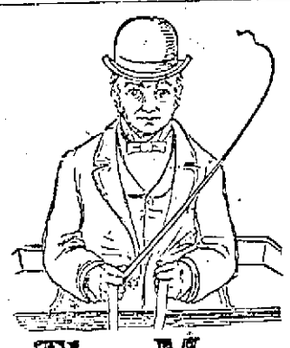
World renowned! Remarkably successful! Only genuine with Trade Mark "Anchor." F. Ad. Richter & Co., 215 Pearl St., New York.

**—31 HIGHEST AWARDS.—**

12 Branch Houses. Own Glasswork. 25 and 50c. In Racine, Wis., for sale by The Robinson Drug Co., 205 6th St; Mieseler & Lochner, 620 State St; F. Harbridge, 422 Main St.

& other Druggists in the U. S.





# The Man Who Drives

The doctor, the salesman—the man who drives as a business and the man who drives for pleasure, know the difficulty of keeping linen collars and cuffs clean. With

TRADE ELLULOID MARK INTERLINED

collars and cuffs the driver can defy the flying dust and occasional shower. They are waterproof, and when soiled they can be quickly and easily cleaned by wiping them off with a damp cloth or sponge. Look just like linen. One "CELLULOID" collar will outwear six linen collars, besides saving many times its worth in laundry bills.

Ask the dealer for them, or send direct to us. Collars 25c. Cuffs 50c. per pair, postage paid. State size and style. Take no imitations but insist upon goods with above trade mark if you wish full satisfaction.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY, New York.

**SAPOLIO** is the best cleaner for these goods.

# Cuticura Beauty

To preserve, purify, and beautify
The Skin, Scalp, and Hair,
And restore them to a condition
of health when
Diseased, nothing is so pure,
So agreeable, so speedily effective as
**CUTICURA SOAP,**
Assisted in the severer
Forms by gentle applications of
CUTICURA (ointment), the
Great Skin Cure, and mild doses of
CUTICURA RESOLVENT
(the new blood purifier).

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All about the Skin," 64 pages, illust., free.


# FOR OUR READERS.

## RELIABLE PATTERNS

**Guaranteed to Fit if Proper Size Is Given.**

We have made an arangement with one of the oldest and most reliable Paper Pattern houses in New York, which enables us to offer our readers standard and perfect fitting patterns of the very latest and newest designs.

Three patterns each week until further notice.

These patterns are retailed in stores at from 20 to 40 cents. We have made arrangements whereby we can offer them at the extremely low price of 10 cents.

A paper pattern of any size, of this illustration, may be obtained by sending your name and address, number and size of pattern desired, together with 10 cents for each pattern, to the pattern department of the Racine Journal.

For waists:—Measure around fullest part of bust, close under arm; raise slightly in the back, draw moderately tight.

For skirts:—Measure around the waist, over the belt; draw moderately tight.

Printed directions accompany each pattern, showing how the garment is to be made.

When ordering patterns for children please state age of child.

**20317**
**BOYS' BLOUSE WAIST.**

Boys' Blouse Waist—This stylish design for a boy's shirt waist is made of white percale. It is cut with the usual seams and has a stitched box-plait down the center front. Buttons and button holes or tiny studs may be used as desired. A round turn-over collar finishes the neck, while a convenient pocket is placed on the left side of the front. The sleeves are made with stitched caps and end under narrow cuffs.

Gingham, percale, cambric, pique, chambray are suitable for this waist.

No. 20317: Boys' Blouse Waist, requires for medium size 2½ yards material 27 inches wide, or 2 yards 36 inches wide. Cut in 5 sizes, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 years.

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO

**The Racine Journal**

**328 Main St., Racine, Wis.**

Enclosed find 10 cents. Please send

pattern No.....as described above the following address:

NAME.....

STREET.....

TOWN.....

STATE.....

Bust measure.....

Waist.....

Age.....

**THE DAILY JOURNAL**

**10 CENTS PER WEEK**

# NOOSE FOR FIELDS.

## The Colored Man Hanged at Chicago For Murdering a Woman.

### Windrath's Neck Is Saved at the Last Moment.

### What Was to Have Been a Triple Hanging Turned Out to be Only a Single One—Marzen Granted a Stay of Execution.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Today for the first time since the execution of the Haymarket anarchists, a double hanging is scheduled to take place here. The condemned men are Alfred C. Fields, a negro, for the murder of Mrs. Randolph and Joseph Windrath, for the murder of C. B. Birch. It was to have been a triple hanging, but Gov. Altgeld yesterday respited Nic Marzen, convicted of the murder of Fritz Holzhuetter, a butcher.

Just before the time for the double hanging to take place, Judge Baker of the criminal court granted a stay of three weeks in the case of Windrath. Windrath had been raving in a violent manner all morning and shrieking like a mad man, "Hang Mannow." Mannow is the man concerned with Windrath in the robbery of the Armitage avenue money receiver's station of the Chicago street railway, during which they killed Birch. Mannow confessed and caused Windrath's conviction.

FIELDS WAS HANGED AT 12:30.

He smiled on the scaffold, and said "Good-bye, old sport," to an acquaintance present and was then strangled to death, his neck not being broken. The other prisoners in the jail set up a shout when the drop fell. Above the din could be heard the shrieks of Windrath, the same that has nearly distracted the jail inmates for a week: "Hang up Mannow," hang up Mannow." The purpose of Windrath's respite is to allow further inquiry into his insanity.

## FATE OF A GIRL.

**While at a Hypnotic Exhibition Is Seized With a Hysterical Cough.**

APPLETON, Wis., May 14.—Olga Assman, young woman, attended a hypnotic exhibition last night, and while laughing heartily at the antics of the subject under hypnotic control, was seized with a severe fit of coughing, which became hysterical. Several doctors have been unable to give her relief from the paroxysms of coughing under the effects of which she is rapidly weakening. Unless the coughing can be stopped soon the results will probably be fatal.

## WELSH SINGERS MAY COMPETE.

**Denver Eisteddfod Programme Attractive to Wisconsin Societies.**

Lloyd Jones of Denver, general secretary of the Eisteddfod which is to be held in that city on September 1, 2, and 3, accompanied by John Edwards of Chicago, was in Milwaukee last night and met a number of Welsh singers with a view of having them compete in the Denver festival, in which nearly all the large Western cities will be represented. Mr. Jones said that Milwaukee Welsh societies would propably send a woman's and men's chorus to Denver, as an attractive program had been arranged. The railroads were all giving excursion rates. Mr. Jones will return to Milwaukee in about two weeks and address a meeting of local singers.

## GALLINGER'S HOT SHOT.

**Introduces a Resolution in the Senate for a Just Tariff Law.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—In the senate Morgan of Alabama presented a resolution directing the committee on foreign relations to inquire into and report by bill or otherwise on the rights of the United States under our fugitive treaties with Spain as to the trial of our citizens under sentence of death in Cuba, and requesting that the secretary of state transmit copies of recent correspondence relative to the condemnation of Americans at Havana.

**An Expert Decorator.**

J. S. Dynes, of the National Decorating company, Chicago, arrived in the city today and will be prepared to show a line of decorations in a few days never seen in the city before. Mr. Dynes has attended all of the encampments throughout the country and what he don't know about decorating is not worth knowing.

## MARINE.

The search for the lost steamer Chicora next week will begin at a point seven miles south of Benton harbor and continued to the point where the first search commenced. It will only take about a week to complete the search and then the lake will have been searched from Stevensville to Holland. The new Graham & Morton tug Andy and the tug George D. Sanford, Jr., will be used in the search.

The scow Radical, bound up the lake with a cargo of railroad ties, collided with the schooner Mary Collins at a point some distance north of Milwaukee. The Radical lost her bowsprit and jibboom, and suffered considerable damage about the bow. The injuries of the Mary Collins are unknown. The Radical reached Milwaukee this forenoon, and was towed to the south shipyard for repairs.

Advertise in The Weekly Journal.

## DEATH STOPS A DIVORCE.

**Husband Suddenly Expires While the Case Is in Court.**

Death put a sudden stop to a divorce suit, at Wilkesbarre, Penn., recently. Mrs. Paul Summa, who resides at Kingston, filed papers in divorce against her husband about two years ago, charging him with cruelty and desertion. The case dragged along in court until recently, when hearing was finally begun. While the woman was giving her testimony, a telegram, dated Jersey City, N. J., was handed to her, which read:

"Your husband just died."

Mrs. Summa broke down and wept. She was taken to the home of a friend. Further proceedings have been abandoned, as the death of the husband makes them void.

## NORWAY'S INDEPENDENCE DAY

**Will be Fittingly Observed by Norwegian-Americans Tomorrow Evening.**

Tomorrow is Norwegian Independence day and it will be fittingly observed by the decendents of Norway. It is the anniversary of the independence of that country and it is to a native Norwegian, what the Fourth of July is to an American. For several weeks past the Wergeland society has been making extra preparations for commemorating the event, which will be in the form of a grand entertainment at Uxley's hall tomorrow evening. An excellent programme has been arranged and prominent speakers wil lbe present, including Bernt Ellefeson of Chicago, an orator of well known ability. A brass band will parade the streets early in the evening.

## WISCONSIN NEWS.

Frank Jones, a farmer living near Oshkosh, discovered the body of a middle-aged man in a field near his home Thursday morning. A large pocket knife was found a short distance away. Opinions are divided between theories of murder and suicide.

Wisconsin pensions were granted as follows: Original—Owen Finegan, National home; Thomas O'Neil, National home; Francis Fixter, National home; James Edward Bristol, Sturgeon Bay; John M. Roach, Janesville; Ransom D. Williams, Clintonville. Increase—Joel Weeks, Westerfield; Jas. B. Dicks, Boscobel. Reissue—Nathan Doney, Manawa; George J. Paddock, Baraboo. Reissue and increase—Gustavus Bronson, Waupaca. Original widows and children—Minor of Daniel W. Hoan, Rebecca J. Kline, Brodhead.

The delegates-at-large to the national Prohibition convention are Capt. Cleghorn, Clinton; S. D. Hastings, Green Bay; E. W. Chafin, Waukesha; J. J. Sherman, Madison.

John Ebert, aged 65, was killed by a St. Paul passenger train near Watertown yesterday. Ebert was sitting on the bridge over the Rock river, probably asleep, and after the engine passed him the steps of a car struck him and hurled him forty feet into the river. The body was recovered and taken to Milwaukee on the train.

Three of the eight flour mills at Superior, which were closed down by the millers and packers' strike, started up yesterday morning with new men in place of the strikers.

Ex-Senator Philetus Sawyer, who has just returned from Washington, declares that without doubt McKinley will be nominated for president. He says: "The chances are that he will go in on the first ballot, but if the first ballot does not nominate him he will certainly be nominated early in the convention.

Lewis F. Grant, assistant superintendent of the Prudential Insurance company at Janesville, pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzlement in the municipal court and was sentenced to six months in jail.

The Green Bay Board of Health will enforce the ordinance requiring the licensing of journeymen plumbers.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Frank Gerhauser of Chicago is visiting his parents in this city.

The Social Whist club was entertained at the home of A. C. Frank last evening.

Charles Bell, fomerly of Racine, now of Texas, is visiting friends in the city for a few days.

Adolph Weber has returned from the northern part of the state and reports that hundreds of people are coming to attend the Catholic convention next week.

Mrs. Math. Miller and son, Frank C., wife and son of the late Mathew Miller of Great Falls, Mont., are visiting at the residence of Joseph Miller. Frank C. Miller will take the position of manager of the Moulton mine, which position was made vacant by the death of his father.

## MEETINGS.

Regular meeting of Orient chapter No 12 this evening.

Special meeting of the Rebecca No. 33 and the Lily of the West this evening to mak arrangements for the funeral of Sister Nellie Fall. Every member is requested to be present.

**For Over Fifty Years.**

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

# ELECTING BISHOPS.

## Methodist General Conference Casting Ballots Today.

### Fifty Candidates Receive Votes on the First Ballot.

### A List of Those Who Received the Largest Number—Second Ballot Ordered—Long Time in Counting—Bowen Is Ahead.

CLEVELAND, May 15.—Interest in the Methodist conference today centered in the election of bishops. The floor was cleared of all except the delegates. Fifteen tellers were appointed to collect the ballots. While the ballots were being counted, regular business was proceeded with. A resolution was adopted setting forth that there exists doubts about the constitutionality of the restriction of popular amusements that the committee on judiciary be requested to report on that point.

The first ballot resulted in no choice of fifty candidates. The leaders were as follows: J. W. E. Bowen, (colored) 147; C. C. McCabe, 141; Earl Cranston, 135; J. W. Hamilton, 107; Dr. Buckley, 72. Another ballot was ordered.

After taking a second ballot the conference adjourned. The ballot is now being counted and it will take over an hour. Bowen leads.

The second ballot failed to elect. The five leaders stood: McCabe 218, Bowen 175, Cranston 164, Hamilton 145, Dr. Butte 96. Necessary to a choice 343. Conference adjourned till tomorrow.

## REPORTORIAL NOTES.

Quite a change in the weather from a week ago.

The game of whist in Racine appears to be dying out.

A bicycle rider may toil not, but he certainly does spin.

City Clerk Schroff is making arrangements to decorate the city hall.

No clue has yet been obtained to the persons who threw eggs against the St. Mary's church doors.

A game of baseball will be played between the bank clerks and lawyers the latter part of this month.

The members of the Racine Gun club are enjoying a shoot at the Exposition grounds this afternoon.

It will be "Simply a Mistake" if you don't attend the Y. P. C. U. entertainment tonight at the Church of the Good Shepherd.

The storm on Lake Michigan yesterday was an unusually severe one, but so far as known no disasters occurred in this vicinity.

Owners of the little steam yacht Flora, have sold the craft to Milwaukee parties and today she was shipped to her new owner.

It is currently reported that a well known couple were married two months ago and that they will occupy one of the Dickey flats when completed.

The first basket picnic of the season tonight at the First M. E. church parlors. Ladies admitted by basket containing lunch for two. Gentlemen free. Everybody invited.

Last evening a regular meeting of the "Country Bicycle Club" was held at the home of Mrs. C. J. Richards. Two new members were admitted and it was decided to hold a ladies' run once a week hereafter.

The peanut social given at the Immanuel church rectory hall last evening was a success and at the same time enjoyable affair. The prize was won by Stevie Benish, he finding the largest number of peanuts secreted.

Mr. Charles Radford, formerly a student of the Racine college, is a member of the William Owen company which opens a week's engagement in a repertoire of Shakespearian and standard plays, at the opera house Monday evening next.

Fred. Sugden has engaged the famous Columbia Quartette to appear at his place for two weeks. The billiard and pool tables will be moved out to make plenty of room for the crowds expected to attend. Mr. Sugden has also secured $10,000 worth of new and interesting paintings which will be exhibited during the week.

There is some doubt as to whether the members of the City Council will pass the long talked of ordinance in favor granting to the Northwestern telephone company a franchise to establish a system here. In conversation with several of the Aldermen today it was learned that the ordinance would be called up at the meeting of the City Council Monday night and passed with a number of important amendments. One of the amendments is to give the city ten telephones free of cost. It is understood that the representative of the company has looked over the ordinance and is satisfied as it now appears. Probably before it becomes a law a number of more amendments will be asked.

## THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The Lincoln base ball club will play the Somers nine at Franksville Sunday. Will Langley will pitch for the country boys.

NEW CORLISS ENGINE—The Belle City Milling company's mill is closed while necessary improvements are being made among which is the substitution of a modern new Corliss engine in place of the old one, which has been in use many years.

ARE PAYING UP.—The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Racine Business Men's Association to collect dues from delinquent members are hard at work and report that all are willing to pay up and that nearly $150 has already been collected.

STRUCK BY A CAR—A Wisconsin street electric car struck a sprinkling wagon of Joseph Dowse at the corner of Wisconsin and Ninth streets. The wagon was turned over and wrecked, horses cut and the driver was thrown to the road and hurt. The car was also damaged.

DAMAGE SUIT—Clarence E. Brown, a minor, by his father has commenced an action for damages against George Blythe for damages. It appears that the boy caught a ride on Mr. Blythe's sleigh last winter and was struck in the eye and badly hurt. The case will be heard by Justice Morey.

SPECIAL MEETING—A special meeting of the W. R. C., No. 29, will be held at Grand Army hall, at 4 p. m. tomorrow, (Saturday). A full attendance is desired. Important business in connection with the encampment. By order of Mrs. James Easson, president and Mrs. Anna Barnnes, secretary.

FILED ARTICLES—The Racine Wagon and Carriage Company Employers' Benevolent association filed articles of association with the secretary of state, without capital; incorporators, John F. Gilday, J. W. Long, William J. Higgins and others. The Badger Sign company of Racine filed notice of dissolution.

BITTEN BY A DOG—A little son of James Hansen, residing at No 1915 Harrier street, was badly bitten by a dog last night. The lad was engaged delivering papers and called at a place on Marquette street, when a dog attacked and buried its fangs in his flesh. He was taken to the office of Dr. Fancher and the wounds were cauterized.

BASKET PIC-NIC.—This evening the members of the First M. E. church will give a basket pic-nic and conversational social. Ladies will be admitted by bringing lunch for two gentlemen. The gentlemen are supposed to select a basket and the lady whose name appears on a card in the basket becomes his partner for the evening.

COMING MAY PARTY—On the evening of May 21 the ladies of the St. Luke's Guild will render a May party at Castle hall. The proceeds will be used for renovating St. Luke's church. In the past the ladies of the Guild have given many entertainments and balls and all who attended had a good time. Upon the date above named they promise a time that will eclipse all others.

WORK OF TRAMPS—Last night several tramps made an effort to break into a Chicago & Northwestern railroad freight car loaded with merchandise. Policemen Conden and George detected the fellows in the act, but they escaped arrest by doing some tall running. The car was standing on a side track north of the depot. Of late that locality has been infested with a large number of tramps.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES—Several days ago John Patton left his home in this city and the next heard of him was when his father heard that his feet had been crushed by a train at Chicago. The lad was taken to a hospital. Yesterday word was received from Chicago that he had died of his injuries. The body will be brought here for burial. The little fellow was fourteen years of age.

UNDER THE BAN—The police have been watching several suspicious characters the past few days. While the suspects have not committed any breach of the law, their actions would indicate that there is something wrong in their movements. At times they have been sizing up many residences and on many occasions rang the door bells and when the summons was answered would simply ask some trivial question. A number of peddlers are also being kept under surveillance.

DULL AT THE DOCKS—Stevedores down at the docks are complaining of the hard times. One of them said this morning: "I never saw things so dull about the docks. This week I have had work on one vessel and prospects are very poor for the season. Where there was an arrival of ten vessels a week a few years ago, there are at present only one or two." The same state of affairs exist in Chicago Milwaukee and other ports and hundreds of men lay about the docks idle. A large majority will go out harvesting when the season opens

COLLISION OF WHEELS—Riding a bicycle during a terrific wind storm is very uncertain. Two wheelmen were scorching on Wisconsin street last night. One of them was not able to properly balance himself and the two machines came together with a crash. For a few moments the air was filled with men, bicycles and cursing. After the mixture was cleared up it was found that both riders were cut and bruised and their machines were taken to the repair shop. They begged that no mention be made of the accident in the newspapers.

IT IS DANGEROUS—Medical experts, they say, are convinced that the rapid and unnatural motion affects the child's brain. The society is about to issue a public warning to that effect and hopes that it will suffice to keep thoughtless parents from permitting their babies to go awheel until they are more matured. The fond papa, the admiring uncle and the doting big brother who have been in the habit of straddling baby into a basket or other contrivance and giving the youngster a ride on the bicycle, must forego that sort of amusement to incur the liability of prosecution. Such is the edict of the Illinois humane society, which claims that the practice now much in vogue, not only imperils the life of the child by possible accident, but tends to impair its health in more ways than one.

## NOTES OF THE DAY.

An extra census bulletin gives the total number of persons engaged at gainful occupations in this country in 1890 as 22,735,661. The number of persons similarly employed in 1880, according to the census of that year was 17,392,099.

According to M. Gambier Bolton lions fetch $1,500 each; lion cubs, $400; a Malayan tapir $500; a young hippopotamus, $2,500; giraffs, up to $5,000 apiece, while African Elephants cannot be purchased at any price in Europe.

At Siegen, in Westphalia, the four hundredth anniversary of the opening of the Eisenzecher Sug coal mine was celebrated recently. It was begun in 1495, as an open working; its main shaft is now 2,500 feet deep, and is to be sunk soon another three hundred feet.

The construction of a cigar box may seem to be a very simple matter to the novice, but the box passes through nineteen different processes before it is ready to receive the cigars. The lumber is imported from Cuba and Mexico, the first-named country furnishing seven-eighths of the product.

The contract for one of the largest electric freight elevators in the country was closed the other day by a Springfield, Mass., company, it having a lifting capacity of 20,000 pounds. It will be placed in the store houses of one of the big electric railways of Chicago, and is designed to lift an entire car at a time.

In Vienna there are women whose business it is to be "physicians' subjects." One of them hires herself out to medical men as a subject on which they may illustrate laryngology and rhinology. She receives about three shillings an hour, furnishing her own instruments. Her throat has so little sensibility that the manipulations produce no irritation.

An expert employed by a New York house earns the handsome salary of $8,000 a year for just four weeks' work—two in the autumn and two in the spring. His business is to go to Hamburg, and, out of thousands of designs made there and submitted to him for "edgings," to select those that shall be manufactured for the American market.

Cotton mills in the south are paying investments. For example, the Union Mills in South Carolina, organized with a capital stock of $150,000, borrowed $100,000 and built a $250,000 mill. After running one year and paying one dividend, liquidating $40,000 of the debt, the stock is worth $125 per share. The capital has been increased to $600,000 and a new mill of $40,000 spindles is being erected. Other mills have done as well.

In London and in other European cities various kinds of pavement have been torn out and replaced by wooden blocks on a stone foundation. The pavement is more costly than many others, a fact, it is said, which has prevented some of the commissioners from advocating a larger use of it. Within the last six months Michigan avenue, Chicago, has received a top dressing for a length of two miles, and it is expected the road will need further expensive repairs for two years.

Japan is a land without the domestic animals. It is this lack which strikes the stranger so forcibly in looking upon Japanese landscapes. There are no cows; the Japanese neither eat meat or drink milk. There are but few horses and these are imported mainly for the use of foreigners. The freight cars in the city streets are pulled and pushed by coolies, and the pleasure carriages are drawn by men. There are but few dogs, and these are neither used as watch dogs, beasts of burden nor in hunting, except by foreigners.

The six richest men in the world according to the New York World, are Li Hung Chang, $500,000,000; John D. Rockefellers, $180,000,000; the Duke of Westminster, $100,000,000; Colonel North, $100,000,000; Cornelius Vanderbilt, $100,000,000; Wo Qua, $100,000,000. And the six richest women are

# FASCINATED BY FIRE.

## BEASTS THAT ARE CRAZED OR HYPNOTIZED BY A BLAZE.

### Difficulty of Rescuing Horses From a Burning Barn—The Calf and the Locomotive Headlight—Hunting With Fire That Was Dangerous When Indians Were Around.

The panic that is inspired in the minds of horses by a phenomenon so strange as fire can be understood only by those who have witnessed a fire in a large stable where numbers of horses are kept. The scene that ensues is one of the most frightful that can be conceived. The horses are rescued from the burning building with the utmost difficulty and only with most serious peril to the lives and limbs of the rescuers. The animals go mad with fright, rear, kick and dash from side to side so wildly, as to make an attempt at rescue as perilous as an advance on a hostile battery. When rescued, they will often break away from those who hold them and charge back at full speed into the burning building, there to perish in the flames. They resist every attempt to take them out. They have been known to tear their rescuers with their teeth, to throw them to the ground and trample on them, to kick out their brains. As the fury of the flames increases so does the panic of the unfortunate animals. They scream out in agony as the fire reaches their bodies, yet they will not, for all that, seek safety in the open air. They are crazed with fear and yet remain to be burned to death when a ten seconds' run would carry them to liberty. But they never make the run, and, as a rule, are burned alive in the stalls, where alone they seem to fancy they can find security.

There is but one way to get them out, and that is to blind them with some convenient cover, such as a coat or a blanket, and thus, unable to see the dangers about them, trembling in every limb, apparently ready to fall to the earth with fear, they may be led out. But the cover must not be too quickly removed from their eyes. In fact, it should not be taken off until the animals are out of sight of the burning building; otherwise they will break away from the persons leading them, and in spite of the stoutest efforts at restraint will dash back to perish in the flames.

For cows a burning building does not seem to have the same fascination that it possesses for horses. It is said that when a cow stable is burning the animals may be led out without serious difficulty, save that which may result from their fright and the use they may make of their horns in their own frantic efforts to escape. It is a singular fact, however, that has often been noticed along the lines of railroads, that the headlight of a locomotive exercises on calves, and sometimes on their mothers also, a species of fascination nearly akin to hypnotism. Engineers tell many stories of this peculiar fact. Not long ago on a railroad running out of this city toward the south the engineer of a night train noticed something ahead of him on the track. Always apprehensive of danger, he blew his whistle, put on his brakes and guardedly approached the spot where the obstacle was observed. It was soon seen to be a calf that stood in the center of the track, staring with wide open eyes at the headlight. The whistle screamed a shrill alarm. The calf did not move. The bell was violently rung, but the animal heeded it not. With some difficulty the train was brought to a halt within a few feet of the fascinated calf that stood with head erect gazing at the light as though petrified. The fireman jumped down from the cab, seized the calf by the ears to drag it from the track, when instantly the moment its eyes were taken from the light the full possession of every faculty seemed to return, and with a bellow of fright the calf broke from his hands and ran away at full speed. The animal had undoubtedly been the victim of a species of hypnotism, and the moment its gaze was diverted from the object that fascinated it the spell was broken, and the calf ran away.

But the calves on the line of the Iron Mountain are not the only animals that are fascinated by fire, and advantage is taken of this circumstance by hunters who desire much game with little trouble. This species of sport is best carried on along the banks of a stream where deer are abundant. The hunters embark in a skiff, at the bow of which is fixed a fire-pan. In this a fire is kept brightly burning, or if more convenient a handful of rags soaked in oil is placed in the receptacle, while the occupants of the skiff are shaded from view by a screen. The skiff floats down the stream, guided by the noiseless use of a paddle, and the animals on the bank, attracted by so unusual a spectacle, stand helplessly gazing at it until they fall victims to the hunters' aim. It is said that even the most timid deer, when made aware of the presence of human beings by the scent, will not run away while the light is in sight, but, quivering in every nerve, will yet stand and watch the blaze until shot. The same plan of hunting was followed on land in the early days of this country, with the difference that the light was carried by one of the party while the others lurked in the rear, ready to do deadly execution. The sport was exciting, sometimes too much so, for strolling bands of Indians occasionally took advantage of the opportunity afforded by the light to hunt the hunters, and when they did so the result was always bad for the men who were carrying the light, as they were exposed and betrayed every motion to the hidden enemy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**A Scientific Speculation.**

Referring to the warmer climate which is evidenced as having existed at one time all over the earth, Sir William Thompson says: "The earth might be a globe of white hot iron, covered with a crust of rock 2,000 feet thick, or there might be an ice cold temperature within 50 feet of the surface, yet the climate could not on that account be sensibly different from what it is, or the soil be sensibly more or less genial than it is for the roots of trees or smaller plants." Manifestly, therefore, the duration of life upon the surface can in no way be dependent upon the length or intensity of heat supply from the interior. This, it is claimed, could not at the present time melt a millimeter thickness of ice. —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

**A Cunning Patient.**

Muller meets his friend Nagel at the Turkish baths. Each is troubled with a gouty foot and has been ordered massage by his doctor. During the operation Muller cried out lustily with pain, while Nagel maintained a stolid composure, greatly to Muller's astonishment, who afterward asked him:

"How could you stand the rubbing so quietly? Didn't it hurt you atrociously?"

"Nothing of the kind," smilingly replied Nagel. "I simply held out my healthy foot!"—Lustige Blatter.

## METHODISTS RETIRE BISHOPS.

**The Venerable Bowman and Foster Declared Non-Effective.**

CLEVELAND, May 15.—Yesterday's session of the Methodist Episcopal conference was the most important that has been held yet. The long expected report of the committee on episcopacy was presented, and adopted after an animated debate which was interspersed with incidents of dramatic and pathetic interest, and many parliamentary tangles. The report provided for the retirement of the venerable Bishops Bowman and Foster on the ground of non-effectiveness: declared that the time is opportune for the election of a bishop of African descent, and also provided for the election of but two bishops to take the places of those who were retired. The three propositions in the report were agreed to by a large majority. This action relates only to the bishops in this country and takes no account of the bishops in the missionary field, who will be considered later.

How the decision that he be laid aside affected Bishop Foster cannot be said, but he begged permission to retire as soon as the report was read. When cries of "No, no," rose he held out his hands appealingly and said "Please, please," with great and earnest emphasis. With Bishop Bowman it was a little different. He refused to speak when called upon, except to say that he would make the same request as Bishop Foster—that he be permitted to retire while the motion was being discussed. He had, he said, just learned for the first time in his life that he was non-effective. Both gentlemen were allowed to retire.

## CORRUPTION AT CHICAGO.

**City Robbed Through the Means of the Stuffed Pay Roll.**

CHICAGO, May 15.—City employes testified before the civil service commission and told on oath that many men had been carried on the city pay rolls who never rendered any service for the money they received. They testified further that Foreman Bracken and Assistant Foreman Henneberry had on a number of occasions received the pay envelopes of certain fictitious characters and divided the money between them. They testified that up to three months ago they had themselves drawn pay without ever seeing a pay roll. One man swore that Foreman Bracken manipulated the roll so as to conceal the names on the roll so that fraud might not be discovered.

In addition to this, evidence was given showing that the names of city employes were forged to the rolls, and that pay was drawn in the names of former employes long after they had ceased to work for the city. It was also shown that in fear of an investigation Foreman James O. Bracken and his assistant, Henneberry, had tried by threats and persuasion to induce city employes to feign sickness or to leave the city to avoid testifying against them.

## DARING AND COSTLY BANK ROBBERY.

**Done at High Noon, and the Thugs Get Away with $11,000.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., May 15.—The most daring bank robbery which has ever occurred in this part of Illinois was perpetrated at noon yesterday at Buffalo, thirteen miles east of this city, the cashier being bound and gagged and $11,000 carried off by the robbers. The Bank of Buffalo is owned by B. A. Pickrell & Co. At noon two masked men entered the bank just as Carl Kloppenburg, the cashier, was locking up the safe preparatory to going to his dinner.

Kloppenburg was the only person in the bank at the time. The robbers seized him from behind, bound and gagged him, and then took all the money in the bank, amounting to $11,000. William P. Dawson, who entered the bank some time later, saw Kloppenburg lying on the floor bound and released him. Kloppenburg could give but a meager description of the robbers. It is thought they are experts at the business. The country has been scoured by mounted men without success.

**Doing in Congress in Brief.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Gibson of Maryland and Nelson of Minnesota spoke in the senate against the bill restricting immigration, the former taking the ground that the chief backer of the bill was the A. P. A. and its object a blow at Roman Catholicism and the latter insisting that this as a nation of immigrants owed too much to immigration to shut our doors now. The balance of the day was devoted to debate on the Dupont contested election case from Delaware. Sixty pension bills were passed which cleared the calendar of all except the vetoed one.

The house under the special order devoted the whole day to private pension bills. They were disposed of at the rate of about one every five minutes, fifty-eight in all being favorably acted upon before adjournment. Among them were bills granting pensions to the widow of General O. M. Poe, $50; widow of General Jameson, $50; widow of General John Newton, $75; widow of United States Senator George E. Spenser, of Alabama, $30, and ex-Representative Smalls, of South Carolina, $30. The senate amendments to the river and harbor bill were disagreed to, but Hepburn raised a point of order against this action and the speaker said he would decide it today.

**Gives Nic Marzen a Respite.**

SPRINGFIELD, May 15.—Governor Altgeld has refused to interfere with the sentence passed on Fields and Windrath and granted a reprieve to Marzen until January next to permit the supreme court to pass upon the questions involved. The governor said that in Marzen's case conviction was secured on circumstantial evidence entirely, and that under those circumstances he thinks it is good law to permit the condemned to have his case passed upon by the court of last resort. These cases are all of Chicago murderers.

**Western Iron Wage Scale.**

PITTSBURG, May 15.—President M. M. Garland, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, has announced the committee to settle the western iron wage scale. The following are members: Edwin Dunn, Terre Haute, Ind.; J. D. Hickey, Milwaukee; William Hughes, Muncie, Ind.; William Davis, Atlanta, Ind.; M. M. Garland, J. C. Kilgallon.

**Silver Has a Little Boom.**

NEW YORK, May 15.—The free purchases of silver by the continent in the London market is reflected in rising quotations for the metal, the commercial price here advancing to 67¾ cents. The inquiry is chiefly from France and Spain.

**New National Bank Authorized.**

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The comptroller of the currency has authorized the National Bank of Holton, Kan., to begin business; capital $50,000.

# THE CORRECT DATES.

## When the Different Conventions Will be Held in Racine.

### Public Appears to Have Become Mixed on the Time.

### There Will be Five Conventions—At Least 25,000 People Will Visit Here—G. A. R. Encampment First on the List.

There seems to be a conflict or misunderstanding on the part of the public as to when the different conventions are to be held in this city. In all there will be five large conventions during the year, viz: Department encampment of the G. A. R. of Wisconsin; Catholic society convention of the state of Wisconsin; State Bankers' convention; Independent Order of Foresters convention and the state convention of the Federation of Labor. It is estimated that all the conventions combined will bring at least 25,000 strangers to our beautiful city.

**G. A. R. Encampment.**

First will come the Grand Army of the Republic encampment on May 20 and 21. Their headquarters will be at the hotel Racine and the campfires and sessions at the Lakeside Auditorium. The Woman's Relief corps will meet at the Baptist church and the ladies of the G. A. R. at the Good Shepherd church.

This morning the committee finished the programme for the encampment. Wednesday, May 20, at 8 o'clock p. m., a campfire at Lakeside Auditorium, with the following programme:

Invocation, Rev. C. H. Percival.

Song and chorus, "Tenting on the Old Camp Grounds," octette.

Address of welcome, D. G. Janes, mayor.

Martial music, Maj. R. H. Hendershot and son, drummer boy of the Rappahannock.

Short address, Department Commander Hoard.

Medley of National airs, Schulte's orchestra.

Short address, Past National Commander Weisert.

Song, E. O. Kimberly, "The Soldier Singer."

Address, I. N. Walker, Commander-in-Chief.

Songs and chorus, (a) "Keep the Camp Fires Burning Bright"; (b) "The Battle Cry of Freedom," octette.

Note! Any comrade talking more than five minutes will be court-martialed and shot.

PART 2.

Short address, Mrs. Helen Holmes Charlton, past department president.

Song, E. O. Kimberly.

Short adress, Father Johnson.

"The Long Roll," R. H. Hendershot.

Short address, Mrs. Louise Williams.

Song, "Marching Through Georgia," octette.

Short address, Past Department Commander Phil Cheek.

Short address, Past Commander W. H. Upham.

"America," Schulte's orchestra and audience.

Women's Relief corps entertainment at Lakeside Auditorium, Thursday evening, May 21, at 8 o'clock. Below is the programme:

PART 1.

Orchestra, Schulte.

Vocal, octette, male voices.

Address, Mrs. Gertie Rogers, past department commander.

Song, E. O. Kimberly, "The Soldier Singer of Wisconsin."

Recitation, Mrs. L. D. Miller, Racine, Wis.

Duet, "Mrs. Tyrrell and Miss Deane, Racine, Wis.

Addres, Mrs. McMurphy, Racine, Wis.

Martial music, Maj. Hendershot and son, "Drummer Boy of the Rappahannock.

Address, Mrs. Herrick.

PART 2.

Vocal, octette male voices.

Recitation, Miss Irene Wilcox.

Address, Mrs. Charity Rusk Criag, Past national president.

Solo, Mrs. Ingram, Racine, Wis.

Address, Mrs. Helen Holmes Charlton, past department president.

Martial music, Maj. R. H. Hendershot and son, "Drummer Boy of the Rappahannock."

Song, E. O. Kimberly.

Address, Rev. Grier, pastor Universalist church, Racine.

Orchestra, Schulte.

On Thursday afternoon the Woman's Relief corps will tender a street car ride about the city to the visiting delegates.

On Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, the school children of Racine will tender a reception to the visitors at the East park.

It is particularly desired that people living on the line of the Belle City street railway shall decorate.

**Bankers Convention.**

Third will come the State Bankers' convention. It will be the fourth annual convention and the date is Thursday, June 11, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. The officers of the bankers' association are:

President—George W. Burton, La Crosse.

Vice-President—John P. Murphy, Milwaukee.

Treasurer—Thomas Daly, Oshkosh.

Secretary—Charles F. P. Pullen Milwaukee.

Executive council: Grant Fitch, Milwaukee; Jesse Stone, Watertown; W. K. Coffin, Eau Claire, William Bigelow, Milwaukee; L. S. Hanks, Madison; George Heller, Sheboygan; B. B. Northrop, Racine; Charles Best, Milwaukee; J. T. Fowler, West Superior.

The program will be about as follows:

At the morning session there will be:

1. Address of welcome, Mayor Janes.

2. Response, Vice-President John P. Murphy of Milwaukee.

3. Address, President George W. Burton of La Crosse.

4. Reports of committees and of treasurer and secretary.

5. Appointment of committees.

6. Address by State Bank Examiner Kidd.

Afternoon session will open at 2 o'clock with an address by Lyman J. Gage, president of the First National bank of Chicago, followed by an address probably from President Ray or Vice-President Lombard of the National Exchange bank of Milwaukee.

Election of officers and miscellaneous business.

Adjourn at 4 o'clock for excursion on Goodrich boat or ride through principal streets of the city.

At 8 o'clock a banquet at Hotel Racine at which time Governor Upham Justice Winslow, Mr. Kearney, Judge Dyer and others are expected to respond to toasts.

Many of the delegates will probably arrive Wednesday evening, June 10, and it is proposed to hold an informal reception at Hotel Racine to which all bank officers and bank directors are expected to be present, and extend a welcome to all who come.

Comptroller Eckles has been invited to attend the convention and may do so, but cannot promise. Mr. Gage of Chicago is one of the great financiers of the country, and his address will attract marked attention. All interested in financial affairs are welcome to attend all the sessions of the convention. The hall for the meetings has not yet been selected. The court house, or room over the American Express office would be the most convenient as the Hotel Racine will be the headquarters of the delegates.

Racine is greatly favored in securing this important convention representing as it does the financial interests of the entire state of Wisconsin.

**Other Conventions.**

The convention of the state Catholic societies will be held May 24, 25, 26 and 27. Lakeside Auditorium, Belle City opera house and Casino hall will be used as meeting places.

The national convention of the Foresters will be held in August and the State Federation of Labor in June.

# THAT BAN ON M'KINLEY.

## The A. P. A. Endorse the Executive Committee But State That Witnesses Were Unreliable.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The supreme council, A. P. A., today reviewed the report of the advisory board, upon the action of the executive committee in blacklisting McKinley as a presidential candidate. The report is a technical endorsement of the executive committee and asserted in substance that the committee was warranted in the view of the evidence presented to it in placing a ban on McKinley; but that further examination of this testimony by the full board convinced the members that the witnesses were unreliable and their statements not correct. The board concluded: "Therefore, McKinley is said to be placed on the same footing as far as the A. P. A. is concerned with the other presidential candidates. Appended to the report is a statement in writing by Delegate Ruddleson of California, who says the committee of which he was chairman interviewed McKinley in Canton, O., on the 14th inst. and that the interview was satisfactory.

The morning session was devoted to amending the constitution. An amendment was adopted to establish permanent headquarters of the order at Washington and make it obligatory on the supreme court and supreme secretary to reside there. The right of th supreme president to arbitrarily move the office was taken away.

### CHASED A BURGLAR.

**Thos. Quinn Discovers a Burglar at His Home Last Evening.**

Last evening the family of Thomas Quinn, No. 1128 La Salle street, went out calling. Mr. Quinn arrived home about 11 o'clock and discovered a burglar prowling about the house. He summoned neighbors with the determination of capturing the bold bad man, but the thief was on to all the tricks and leaped from the back window and ran down the hill into the gutter, or ravine. The fellow was a pretty good sprinter and Mr. Quinn and friends were outclassed and left in the rear. Suddenly the thief disappeared and the pursuers were sure he crawled under a culvert. A consultation of the pursuers was held. By this time Policeman Vogel arrived at the scene and took part in the search. It was decided that someone must go through the culvert. Mr. Quinn volunteered to make the trip. He got through but discovered no burglar. The supposition is that the fellow escaped in one of the houses in the vicinity of the gully. An examination of Mr. Quinn's home revealed that nothing was stolen. Those who witnessed the man chase say that it was amusing the pursuers having lamps and lanterns and running about in every direction.

Have the Daily Journal delivered to your door every evening for 12 cents per week.

# M'KINLEY WAS THERE

## The Great Ohioan Visits the Methodist General Conference.

### Received With the Utmost Enthusiasm as He Mounts the Platform.

### Delegates Continue to Ballot For Bishops — Several Leading Men Bunched and There Appears to be a Deadlock.

CLEVELAND, May 16.—When the Methodist general conference was called to order this morning the third ballot for bishop was taken just before adjournment yesterday was announced. It showed 510 votes cast and 340 are necessary to a choice. The following are the leading candidates: C. C. McCabe, 252; Earl Cranston, 191; J. E. W. Bowen, 165; H. A. Butte, 152; J. W. Hamilton, 138.

The fourth ballot was without result. The leaders were McCabe, 243; Buttse, 233; Cranston, 214; Hamilton, 141; Bowen, 109.

While the vote on the next balot was being counted the regular order was taken up. The death of Dr. J. W. Reed of New York was announced and a committee on resolutions was appointed. Rev. W. J. Martindale of Kansas presented a memorial requesting congress to prohibit the licensing and sale of liquor in the states where prohibition is in effect.

At this point the proceedings were interrupted by great applause, as near the door a short man was seen ascending the stage. As he turned to the audience he was recognized as Maj. McKinley. Deafening applause followed. Bishop Joyce presented him, and the air was white with handkerchiefs. Three times the applause died away, and three times it was renewed. A recess of fifteen minutes was taken and most of the delegates were presented to McKinley.

When the session was resumed the result of the last ballot was announced. The leading candidates were Buttz, 268; Cranston, 245; McCabe, 236; Hamilton, 137; Bowen, 75.

### WITH THE ELEMENTS.

**A Destructive Hail Storm Sweeps Over a Portion of Kansas.**

STERLING, Kas., May 16.—Reports from the districts swept by the hailstorm yesterday show that it had its origin in the west and travelled north with increasing violence. It was five miles wide and extended to the east side of the county.

Growing wheat and corn was literally pounded into the ground and fruit trees were completely stripped. Half an hour after the storm hailstones were found piled up against the buildings a foot deep.

GOLDEN CITY, Mo., May 16.—The rain fall here last night was almost unprecedented. The streams lack only a few inches of being as high as the great flood last fall, and they are still rising.

Many bottom cornfields are ruined and small grains are greatly damaged.

### FIELD DAY EXERCISES.

**Winners of the Field Day Sports at the College Campus.**

Below is the report of the field-day exercises on the college campus yesterday. The bicycle races were very slow, on account of a heavy wind and muddy track.

Running broad jump—Bogart, 16 feet, 3½ inches; Wright, 12 feet, 4 inches.

Standing broad jump—Dughaday, 8 feet, 10 inches; Pratt, 7 feet, 5½ inches.

Running high jump—Bogart, 4 feet, 8½ inches; Pratt, 4 feet, ¾ inches.

Pole vault—Hargreaves, 7 feet, 5½ inches; Wright, 5 feet 5 inches.

Putting slot (16 lbs.)—Bogart, 26 feet, 2¾ inches; (12 lbs.), Pratt, 20 feet, 1¾ inches.

Throwing hammer (12 lbs.)—Stevenson, 79 feet, 7 inches; Dean, 35 feet, 7½ inches.

Throwing baseball—Bogart, 276 feet, 4 inches; Pratt, 217 feet, 6 inches.

Hundred-yard dash—Earle, 10¾ seconds; Wright, 13 seconds.

One-mile bicycle race—Lewis, 3 minutes, 23½ seconds; Davis, 3 minutes, 52 seconds.

One-mile run—Earle, 6 minutes, 33¼ seconds.

Five-mile bicycle race—Lewis, 24 minutes.

Bag race, Stevenson.

### KILLED BY AN ASSASSIN.

**Father and Son Shot Down by an Unknown Individual.**

FREMONT, O., May 16.—At midnight the family of Jacob Hess, living on a farm some miles from here, was aroused by an explosion which shattered the house. Hess and his two sons hurried out to ascertain the cause. They had hardly stepped from the door when a shot was fired and the old man fell dead and another shot pierced the breast of one of the sons, inflicting a probably fatal wound and the third shot severely wounded a second son. Suspicion points to a young farmer named Louis Billau, who has been desperately in love with Hess' daughter, as the perpetrator of the deed. His suit was strenuously opposed by the girl's father and brothers. The sheriff and a posse are searching for him.

Pure blood is the safeguard of health. Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would always be well.

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

### A FARMER IN TROUBLE.

**The Patrol Wagon Carts a Half a Barrel of Beer to Jail.**

Capt. Abel Harding, the old mariner, who officiates in the capacity of night desk sergeant at the police station, has hauled in many a sail before the mast, but never, until last night, has he been called upon to tackle loaded beer kegs. One was picked up, however, on Seventeenth street and carted to jail as though it had a "comfortable jag" aboard. This is how it happened. A farmer named Johnson, residing on the lake shore road near the Kenosha county-line, was wending his way home along Seventeenth street. He was seated in a rig, to which were attached a pair of spirited horses. Johnson had evidently got outside of numerous schooners, for when near the corner of Villa street he lashed his horses, see-sawed them in all directions and finally drove upon the sidewalk and collided with a fence, with such force that he was thrown out and rendered senseless. The vehicle was smashed and the horses becoming detached, disappeared in the darkness. Residents state that the noise from the collision could be heard a half-mile away. The patrol was called, but before it arrived Johnson had regained his scattered thoughts and was jealously guarding a half barrel of beer, which he had had in his wagon. Officers thought that he could take care of himself and the patrol returned toward the station. By the time it got to the police office another call was received from the south side. Policeman Wood had come across the farmer and promptly placed him under arrest. Johnson and the half barrel of beer were loaded in and both were given adjoining cells in the county jail. Today the farmer paid a fine, but the beer, which had caused all the trouble, was allowed to go unmolested.

**Facts Speak Louder Than Words.**

Out of the 4,650,000 boxes of Beggs' German Salve sold in 1895, only three boxes were returned as unsatisfactory. This seems almost incredible as every box has a positive guarantee accompanying it. Davis & Sillier, 433 Main street, sell it.

A smart Broadway, New York, druggist has this sign hanging outside his store; it marks the new era of drug selling. Is it any wonder that he has to enlarge his quarters, that his clerks are busy, and that his store is one of the most popular along the leading thoroughfare?

You can afford to trade with a druggist who gives you SCOTT'S EMULSION when you ask for it.

# BEER WAR IS OVER.

## Outside Brewers Raise the Price of Beer This Morning.

### From $3 a Barrel It Goes Way Up to $6.50 a Barrel.

### Many Saloon Keepers Indignant at the Sudden Raise in Price—The Origin of the War and How the Local Brewer Won.

The beer war is ended and Ernst Klinkert, the local brewer, on whom the big brewery combine has been endeavoring to wreak vengeance for several months past, comes out of the scrimmage on top. Instead of ruining his business and making Mr. Klinkert come to their terms, he has on the other hand greatly profited by the cut in prices and today is doing twice as much business as he has ever done before. His brewery has been taxed to its utmost capacity and day and night forces have been kept at work to meet the demand for his product.

This morning when the beer men rolled in their usual supply of beverage into the various saloons and liquor houses, they presented bills calling for the payment of $6.50 per barrel. Saloon keepers were astonished as they were given no warning of what was to come. They had to bear it however, and reluctantly passed over the change. Many swore that they would get even but as most of the saloon buildings are either owned or controlled by the big outside breweries, the keeper's will have to grin and stand it.

One prominent retail liquor dealer remarked this morning that it was a downright shame to advance the price of beer just previous to the two big conventions which will be held here within the next two weeks. Many saloon keepers were looking forward with much satisfaction to the coming gatherings and the crowds that will be attracted to the city. They banked on doing enough business and realizing sufficient profits to pay their liquor licenses which fall due July 1. Continuing he said that $6.50 a barrel was to steep a price for beer and it was just robbing a retail dealer, who has had his hands full in making both ends meet. If the big breweries can sell beer in Chicago and Milwaukee for $5 a barrel, there is no reason why they cannot put it in here at the same price. Closing the retail dealer said, that efforts would be made to get up an indignation meeting among saloon men and demand of the brewers to put beer in here at the same price as they do in Chicago.

Some three months ago the beer war was inaugerated by the Bohemian Brewing Company of Chicago, who through their agent in this city, J. Jandl, put the price of beer on the local market, at the surprising low figure of $3 a barrel. The company made the claim that this was done because Mr. Klinkert was cutting into their trade at Chicago, by cutting the price of the beverage there. Mr. Klinkert denied this but the war went merrily on. A few days afterward the Pabst, Schlitz, Oberman and other big breweries reduced the price of their product on a level with that made by the Bohemian Company. They were evidently all in the big brewery combine and meant to crush Klinkert's home trade, or compel him to meet the cut. He did not loose any of his trade here by the move made by the big fellows, nor did he reduce the the price of his beer, which was $6 a barrel to local consumers and has always been so since the war was commenced.

A few weeks ago a rumor was current that the price would go up and nearly every saloonkeeper, who took beer from outside brewers, put in an exceptionally large supply, hoping to profit by the advance in price. The advance did not come. This morning it took them all by surprise.

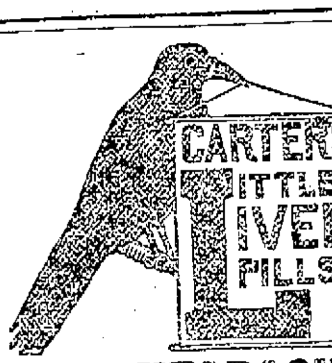
For Sale and For Rent cards at this office.

For Your Protection.—"Catarrh Cures" or Tonics for Catarrh in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either mercury or iodide of potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrh is a local, not a blood disease, caused by sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and, if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrh will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breath, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick and allay inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

**Dr. O. W. Holmes**

says that music is an ever-sovereign balm. And so it is, thank Mercy, for sore spirits. But for the aches, pains and weaknesses of the body Johnson's Belladonna Plaster is better. It soothes, warms, comforts and heals. It seeks out the cause of the trouble and sets it right. It contains virtues old as history, yet never before so combined as to be of the highest practical efficacy. Note the Red Cross on all the genuine.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON, Manufacturing Chemists, New York.




**SICK HEADACHE**

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

**HUMPHREYS'**

SPECIFICS are scientifically prepared Remedies; have been used for half a century with entire success.

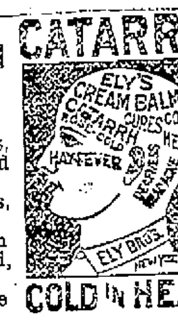
| NO. | SPECIFIC FOR |
|---|---|
| 1 | Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations. |
| 2 | Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic... |
| 3 | Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness |
| 4 | Diarrhea, of Children or Adults..... |
| 7 | Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.......... |
| 8 | Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache..... |
| 9 | Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo. |
| 10 | Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation |
| 11 | Suppressed or Painful Periods.... |
| 12 | Whites, Too Profuse Periods.......... |
| 13 | Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness..... |
| 14 | Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. |
| 15 | Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.. |
| 16 | Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague..... |
| 19 | Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head |
| 20 | Whooping Cough.................... |
| 27 | Kidney Diseases,.................... |
| 28 | Nervous Debility.................... |
| 30 | Urinary Weakness,.................... |
| 34 | Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria.... |

**"77" for GRIP.**

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. 25c., or 5 for $1. (may be assorted), except 28, $1. size only. Dr. Humphreys' Manual (Enlarged & Revised) Mailed Free. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is Quickly Absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.




IT WILL CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

### THE REDS WON.

**Secure the Largest Number of New Members for the Y. M. C. A.**

The rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association presented an animated appearance last night. It was a gathering of representative young men from the ranks of the Blues and Reds. The Blues and the Reds is composed of fifty persons, twenty-five a side. They recently organized for the purpose of increasing the membership of the association. The side which secured the largest number of points was to receive a banquet at the hands of the losers and the three individual persons having the largest number of points were to each get a high grade bicycle, donated by dealers of the city. From time to time the Journal has noted the work of the sides. Parties were held, entertainments given, street car rides and the city canvassed and many young men enrolled. It was an animated fight and the rooms of the association have been decorated with the Blue and Red.

It was just 10 o'clock when President S. J. Johnson, Secretary Rottman and Director Dr. F. B. Washburn, who had been selected as judges, declared the contest closed. Then the Blues and the Reds crowded around, anxious to learn who had won. A careful count showed that William Gebhardt of the Blues had won the Lindsey bicycle, donated by George Crane, he having 125½ points to his credit: Dr. Ralph Washburn, of the Reds, won the Johnson & Field wheel, having 123½ points and Olin C. Parker took the Beebe wheel, having 115 points.

On the whole the Reds were ahead and the Blues must pay the oyster supper.

It is needless to say that the association has been increased by about 225 members and during this time the interior of the building has received considerable attention. The bath rooms are in first class condition and a man is continually in attendance. The gymnasium is getting along nicely and the simple games and amusements in the parlors are taken advantage of by both the old and young members.

A count of the contest this morning showes that the Blues had 194 points and the Reds 285, which includes one man's donation of 80 points.

### MONEY TO BUILD A CHURCH

**Bishop Nicholson Receives a Gift From an Eastern Friend.**

Bishop Nicholson has received a generous contribution of money from a friend in the east with which he intends to erect a church at North Milwaukee. A large corner lot has been donated by North Milwaukee realty owners. The work will begin in a few days. The church will be called the Church of the Nativity.

### SPAIN'S EXCUSES.

MADRID, May 16.—It is stated that the Spanish government in a circular note to the powers, regarding the attitude of the United States towards Cuba, has taken the position that while Spain has scrupulously observed all treaties the United States has infringed on all conventions.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

**Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad.**

| Depart for Milwaukee. | Arrive from Milwaukee. |
|---|---|
| 7:25 a. m. | 8:17 a. m. |
| 9:15 a. m. | 10:30 a. m. |
| 12:35 p. m. | 11:59 a. m. |
| 1:45 p. m. | 1:38 p. m. |
| 3:50 p. m. | 5:05 p. m. |
| 7:35 p. m. | 8:35 p. m. |
| **Depart for Chicago.** | **Arrive from Chicago.** |
| 7:25 a. m. | 10:20 a. m. |
| 9:15 a. m. | 1:38 p. m. |
| 11:00 a. m. | 5:05 p. m. |
| 1:45 p. m. | 7:00 p. m. |
| 3:50 p. m. | 8:35 p. m. |
| 7:35 p. m. | **From the West.** |
| **For the West.** | 8:17 a. m. |
| 12:35 p. m. | 2:40 p. m. |
| 3:50 p. m. | |

SUNDAY TRAINS.

| For Milwaukee. | From Milwaukee. |
|---|---|
| 7:25 a. m. | 8:17 a. m. |
| 10:00 a. m. | 12:10 p. m. |
| 3:50 p. m. | 5:05 p. m. |
| 7:35 p. m. | 8:35 p. m. |
| **For Chicago.** | **From Chicago.** |
| 7:25 a. m. | 12:10 p. m. |
| 10:00 a. m. | 5:05 p. m. |
| 3:50 p. m. | 8:35 p. m. |
| 7:35 p. m. | |
| **For the West.** | **From the West.** |
| 3:50 p. m. | 8:17 a. m. |

**Chicago & Northwestern Railway.**

TRAINS LEAVE RACINE AS FOLLOWS:

| Going North. | Going South. |
|---|---|
| 11:32 p. m. daily | 5:03 a. m. daily |
| 4:25 a. m. ex. Sunday | 7:50 a. m. daily |
| 5:47 a. m. Sunday only | 8:25 a. m. ex. Sunday |
| 9:06 a. m. ex. Sunday | 9:35 a. m. daily |
| 10:15 a. m. daily | 11:35 a. m. daily |
| 1:05 p. m. ex. Sunday | 2:20 p. m. ex. Sunday |
| 3:50 p. m. ex. Sunday | 4:35 p. m. daily |
| 4:22 p. m. daily | 7:52 p. m. daily |
| 6:35 p. m. daily | |
| 9:49 p. m. daily | |

RACINE AND MILWAUKEE TRAINS.

| Leave for Milwaukee. | Arrive from Milwaukee. |
|---|---|
| 8:10 a. m. daily | 7:35 a. m. ex. Sunday |
| 12:45 p. m. daily | 12:25 p. m. ex. Sunday |
| 4:35 p. m. daily | 4:25 p. m. daily |
| | 8:05 a. m. Sunday only. |
| | 10:20 a. m. Sunday only. |

C. S. HENRY, Ticket Agent.

**Arrival and Departure of Mails.**

MAILS LEAVE THE POSTOFFICE AS FOLLOWS,

7:40 a. m.—North, South, East and West.
8:20 a. m.—North and West.
9:45 a. m.—North.
10:40 a. m.—South and East
11:05 a. m.—South and East.
12:20 p. m.—West and North.
12:35 p. m.—North.
1:50 p. m.—South and East.
3:00 p. m.—West and South.
4:10 p. m.—South, East and West.
6:05 p. m.—North.
7:05 p. m.—North and West.
7:25 p. m.—North, South, East and West.
9:00 p. m.—North, South, East and West.

MAILS ARRIVE AT POSTOFFICE:

5:50 a. m.—North, South, East and West.
8:35 a. m.—North and West.
10:25 a. m.—South, East and West.
11:50 a. m.—North and West.
1:15 p. m.—South, East and West.
1:45 p. m.—South.
2:35 p. m.—North.
4:50 p. m.—North and South.
5:15 p. m.—North and West.
6:45 p. m.—South, East and West.
8:00 p. m.—North.

ANDREW SIMONSON, Postmaster
WALTER EASSON, Mailing Clerk

**Important Family Secret.** Indispensible to the happy home. 2c stamp for particulars to Lock box 320, Lansing, Mich.

**OUR ABILITY**

to be of the greatest service to you depends to some extent on your conferring with us. Our line runs practically through the center of the state, and we desire to aid in improving the business of the community, at the same time benefiting our road.

If those who read this will see what our freight and passenger facilities are, they will be sure to make more use of our lines. Our passenger trains are run to accommodate the travel, and our freight trains are not excelled by any line in prompt handling and rapid delivery. We want to build up our manufacturing interests, and with the abundance of timber of all kinds, pine, hemlock, birch, basswood, maple, oak, etc., tan-bark, together with granite and limestone quarries, clay beds for brick, and our unlimited supply of iron ore, with general proximity to markets, these facts should be of interest to all intending to locate manufactories.

Correspondence is solicited from all who want to do business with us.

W. H. KILLEN, Industrial Commis'r. C. L. WELLINGTON, Traffic Manager. H. F. WHITCOMB, General Manager.

MILWAUKEE. WIS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MEN WANTED—TO SELL OUR WARRANTED Stock. Salary and Expenses or Commission paid weekly; $40 to $100 earned monthly. Steady work. Outfit, instructions FREE. Experience unnecessary. Special inducements. Secure territory. Write now; don't wait. Chautauqua Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

MEN TO TAKE ORDERS IN EVERY TOWN and city; no delivering; good wages; pay weekly; no capital. Steady work. Glenn Bros., Rochester, N. Y.

Try a can of Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn). It is delicious. Full qt., 10c.

**Protect Your Property**

against fire at the trifling cost of

**One dollar, once paid.**

Full particulars and a valuable book mailed free to all applicants; send 4 cents in stamps to Trade Purchasing Agency, 20 Irving Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

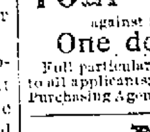
**M. & B.**

ABSOLUTELY CURES

**HEADACHE and NEURALGIA.**

The most wonderful discovery of the age. Have you tried it? If not do not wait a minute longer, but send 10c. in stamps for trial package. Not for sale by druggists. Price 25 cents. Address M. & B. MEDICAL CO., 721 E. 63d St., Chicago.

**HINDERCORNS** The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists.



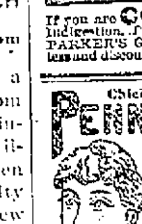
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

If you are **CONSUMPTIVE** or have Indigestion, Painful ills or Debility of any kind use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. Many who were hopeless and discouraged have regained health by its use.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

# GOSSIP FROM LONDON

## Great Interest Taken in the Next Drawing Room Reception.

### Series of Divorces, Breach of Promise Suits, Etc., in the Courts.

### A Romance in Which an Arabian Prince Figures as the Defendant —Pierre Lorillarrd's Horses— Mrs. Langtry's Jewels.

LONDON, May 15.—(Copyrighted by the Associated Press.)—The continued warm, dry weather of the past week imported gaiety to the streets the parks were unusually full of people, and the river and clubs like the Hurlingham and Ranelagh, where polo playing is in full swing, were largely patronized.

The terrace of the House of Commons is again crowded at tea time by gaily dressed ladies, but many of the smartest set are still in the country and Newmarket this week has absorbed all the racing set including the Prince of Wales.

Great interest centers upon the next Drawing Room, upon which occasion young Duchess of Marlborough (formerly Consuelo Vanderbilt) and Lady Henry Somerset will present her daughter-in-law, formerly Lady Catherine De Vere Beauclerk, daughter of the Duke of St. Albas. Many other notabilities will be presented on the same day. The Princes of Wales, it is expected, will represent the queen.

The florists and dressmakers are loudly complaining at the fact that the Drawing Room is to be held on a Monday, involving working the whole Sunday. Last year the queen altered the date of the Drawing Room in order to obviate this extra inconvenience and labor for those called upon to furnish the finery and other features of the drawing room.

The Duke and Duchess of York returned from Copenhagen on Thursday last, and the Princess of Wales and her daughters arrived home from the south of France yesterday evening.

The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough have taken up their residence in Audley square and were very much sought after for the various functions of the week. The Duchess is being critically inspected by society which is much struck by her simplicity and absence of jewels at the opera, etc. One newspaper said: "She is so young and simply dressed that you scarcely notice her in a crowd."

Another paper remarks: "She is contented with a small town house on account of her determination to some day restore Marlborough house to the family." The inference is that when the queen dies the Duchess will be able to buy it.

A series of remarkable divorce breach of promise and other cases are at present occupying the law courts. The brief interest, however, centers in a romance, which was unfolded before Justice Hawkins. It was the case of Briggs vs. The Emir Hafez, an Arabian Prince, who has paid several visits to America and who has resided in princely style at various London hotels. Briggs, who is a lawyer, testified that he met the Emir when the latter was a youth under the guardianship of Miss Burton, a sister of the famous traveller. According to a letter from Miss Burton, Emir Hafiz' father was a prince, the ruler of Mecca, and thirty-third descendant of the Prophet.

Hafiz claimed that his family fortune amounted to £20,000,000 ($100,000,000) of which he was entitled to one quarter. In 1888 Hafiz summoned Briggs to Oxford and informed him that his family was coming to England to invest the fortune which had been melted into gold bars and packed in salt in order that they might be carried more easily.

On the strength of this story Briggs lent money to Hafiz and afterwards on various pleas upon the Emir, representing that it was necessary, sent messengers to Arabia to communicate with Hafiz' parents and to send ships to the coast to meet the treasure, caravan, etc. Briggs also furnished other sums of money, amounting to £3,500 ($17,500.

The lawyer admitted writing a letter to Hafiz to the effect that the advances were made out of love, but he explained that this letter was written at the dictation of the Emir, whom he described as excitable.

Counsel for Hafiz said that the latter lived on an income furnished by his tribe and amounting from £7,000 to £12,000 ($35,000 to $60,000) yearly. He added that for years the Briggs family had for years lived with Hafiz, dominated him, and hoped to profit ultimately when Hafiz ruled over Mecca.

Hafiz, according to his counsel, had given Mrs. Briggs sums of money aggregating £6,000 ($30,000) in addition to clothes and jewelry, etc.

Ultimately the Briggs family and Hafiz quarrelled and the suit to recover the money advanced followed. The trial lasted five days and resulted yesterday in a verdict for Briggs, with costs.

The successes of Mr. Pierre Lorrillard at Newmarket have been exceptionally well received. The Globe which usually anti-American says: "The popular feature at Newmarket was the running of Mr. Lorrillard's horses. The cherry and black hoops have ever been welcome to Englishmen since the days of Iroquois and Parole."

Some of the minor papers, however, say that the success of the American horses is due to the English jockeys and intimate that Mr. Lorrillard's entries were allowed to win occasionally

The opera season opened with what is claimed to be the largest subscription ever known in the history of Italian opera.

All the prominent Americans in town were present at the opening performance, Romeo and Juliet, with De Reske and Emma Eames in the leading roles.

On Thursday Miss Margaerite Reid of Indianapolis made a successful debut in "Il Pagliacci."

The Daily News commenting upon Miss Reid's first appearance in London, says: "She has a small though sweet voice, is a pretty girl, and acts with great unaffectedness and charm."

Adelina Patti's concert was a great success, and the well known diva was received with rapturous applause.

Seymour Hicks threatens Yvotte Guilbert with a law suit unless she stops singing the American "I Want Yer Ma Honey," to which Hicks claims all rights.

It is reported that Mr. Perry Belmont is here on a mission in connection with the silver question. He had a long conference at the United States Ambassy yesterday and has interviewed Lord Stalbridge who has been prominent in the movement today.

Mrs. Calvin S. Brice and her two daughters and Mrs. Douglas Grant of New York are the only Americans to be presented at Monday's Drawing Room.

The seasonable weather of the past few weeks has had the effect of sending all Londoners who are smitten with the bicycle fever out of town for the Sundays. One of the most popular excursions for devotees of the wheel is the famous Old Inn, known as the Star and Garter, at Richmond. This resort has always been a favorite descriptive ground for novelists.

Since Mrs. Langtry's jewels were stolen, it has frequently been hinted that her loss was merely an advertisement. A prominent detective at Scotland yard, discussing the matter with a representative of the Associated Press, said: "There is no doubt but what Mrs. Langtry's jewels were taken to Holland and have ere now been cut into different shapes that she would have difficulty in identifying them. Scotland yard has employed the most strenuous measures to trace the theft but so far all methods have been unsuccessful."

## MORE BODIES RECOVERED.

### Over 100 People Were Killed by the Texas Cyclone.

SHERMAN, Tex., May 16.—A part of the country through which yesterday's cyclone passed is without telephone or telegraph communication, therefore complete statistics of the casualities are not at hand. As far as known the number killed outright is about sixty and it is estimated that as many more are missing or dead. The total number injured is very large.

Later—The list of dead now foots up to seventy-eight. At least a dozen more are expected to die befor night. It is stimated that 20 to 30 bodies have not yet been recovered. Six more, four dead, and two alive were found this morning. One of them missing is a child of Luke Montgomery and this completes the destruction of his family. The bodies of his wife and two children were found last night. The other three are unidentified. It is reported that twelve bodies are being brought from the north, many of whom are dead and horribly mutilated. Numerous private homes are being used as hospitals. It is now estimated that the total dead will number a hundred and twenty and hundreds wounded.

## ROCKFORD CO. ASSIGNS.

### Well Known Rockford Watch Firm Goes to the Wall.

ROCKFORD, May 16.—The Rockford Watch company assigned this morning. The creditors are mostly local. A statement of its condition was not filed. The inventory December 31, showed the assets $400,000; liabilities $100,000. Depression in the watch trade is the cause. Hope is expressed that a reorganization will be effected.

## WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The weekly bank statement is as follows: Reserve increase, $1,665,000; loans increase, $2,402,000; specie increase, $633,000; legal tenders, decrease, $1,574,000; deposits, increase, $2,978,000. Banks hold $18,378,000 in excess of legal requirements.

## ROW IN A CHURCH.

ARLINGTON, Tenn., May 16.—There was a row at a festival in a negro Baptist church last night. Ferrill Miller and Will Thompson had their throats cut and a number of others were seriously injured.

Advertise in The Weekly Journal.

Book and magazine binding neatly done at the Journal Office.

## THE CITY IN BRIEF.

FUNERAL NOTICE—The funeral of Mrs. Nellie Fall will take place on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home, No. 914 Wisconsin street. Members of the Eastern Star and Rebekah lodge will be present in a body.

SCHOOL CHILDREN—The scholars from four of the public schools met at the West Park yesterday afternoon and practiced marching to the East park and also singing patriotic songs, previous to the G. A. R. encampment. The 3,500 little ones will present a beautiful appearance.

BOARD PUBLIC WORKS—This morning the Board of Public Works held a meeting. It was the first session of the new board. O. Burlingame was elected chairman. No important business was transacted. Final estimates were allowed on a number of contracts and new sidewalks were ordered built.

WAS DEAD DRUNK—When the 5:30 passenger train from the north arrived at the C. & N. W. depot this morning the crew reported that a man was lying beside the tracks a mile north of the city and appeared to be dead. An investigation proved that the man was a laborer and he was dead drunk.

WAS NOT STOLEN—It was reported at the police office today that a coat had been stolen at the J. I. Case T. M. company machine shops, belonging to Edward M. Brah and that there was a $27 check on the Manufacturers' National bank in the pockets. Later on the officers received word that the coat had been taken for a joke, by shopmates.

REMOVED TO CHICAGO—The cabinet department of the Rockwell & Rupel Co., which has been located on the third floor of the Secor block for the past three years, in charge of Charles Collins, is being removed to Chicago and Mr. Collins will also go to that city. The Racine Box factory will occupy the quarters made vacant by the removal.

NIGHT FORCE LAID OFF—Last night the J. I. Case T. M. company laid off the entire night force in the engine department. This move was not made on account of lack of work but on account of the inability of the firm to get a sufficient night force. They thought it inadvisable to work so small a force as has been on the past few weeks.

THE MINSTRELS—Beach & Bowers' Minstrel company again appeared at the Belle City opera house last evening to a good sized audience. As upon the previous night it was first class in every particular and all present have nothing but praise to say of the artists. The company will appear here later in the season and the Journal predicts that they will be greeted with a packed house.

GUN CLUB SHOOT—Yesterday afternoon there was an interesting shoot at the Exposition grounds, under the direction of the Racine Gun club. Messrs. Johnson, Field and Adland of the North Cape Gun club; Mr. Sanderson of Menominee; Mr. Richards of the Chicago American Field Publishing company, and Messrs. Carr, Pugh, Shoop, Buchan and Bush of this city city were present. There were several events and Mr. Johnson of North Cape came out ahead in all.

BOBBY BURNS—At a regular meeting of the Racine County Caledonian society a resolution was offered to properly commemorate the 100th anniversary of the death of Robert Burns, Scotland's poet, July 21. The following committee was appointed: D. H. Smith, Thomas Logie, J. M. Driver, William Harcus, S. W. Guthrie. A vote of thanks was tendered to James W. Corse for use of his grounds on Tenth street for the practice of Scotch games.

CALEDONIAN MAY PARTY—The party tendered at Castle hall last night by the members of the Racine County Caledonian society was a decided success. The night was cool and just right for dancing and a large number took advantage of it. There was a very pleasant entertainment and then ice cream and cake and the dance followed. The Columbian orchestra furnished the music. It was early this morning when the party came to a close and another successful entry has been made in the long list of Caledonian parties.

THE BENEFIT DANCE—The upper part of the new Racine Hardware company building at Racine Junction was filled with several hundred people last night. It was the occasion of a benefit dance for Mr. Fred Y. Pierce, who was badly hurt by a falling timber several weeks ago. The structure was brilliantly illuminated and the committees made it pleasant for all who came. Previous to the dance 250 tickets had been sold and many were disposed of at the door. The Hardware company paid for the music, donated the use of the building and paid for the lights, so that everything was clear gain for the project. Schulte's full orchestra furnished the music. It is estimated that over $200 was cleared. The object was a most worthy one and the committee having the affair in charge are deserving of every praise for their efforts.

## RELIGIOUS.

Preaching service in the German language Sunday at 2:30 p. m., at the Second M. E. church, corner St. Patrick and Wisconsin streets. Everybody welcome. C. Schneider, preacher.

First Church of Christ—Scientist. Service at the Second ward hall, Eighth street, at 10:45 a. m. Sunday school immediately following. All are welcome.

First Congregational Church—Morning worship at 10:30; Sunday school at 12 m.; Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at usual hours. The pastor will preach at one regular service and it is hoped that Rev. E. A. Paddock of Weiser, Idaho, will give an address at the other. Mr. Paddock is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific as one of the brightest and most magnetic speakers in the country.

Church of the Good Shepherd—Rev A. C. Grier, pastor. Subject of morning sermon, "What Did Christ Believe?" evening, "Theodore Parker, Unitarianism's Heretic"; Sunday school at 12 m.; Y. P. C. C. meeting one hour before the evening service. Strangers are cordially welcomed.

The First Presbyterian church, corner of 7th street and College avenue; Rev. C. S. Nickerson, pastor. Regular services morning and evening, at 10:30 and 7:30 o'clock. Strangers are cordially invited.

The Second M. E. Church—Corner St. Patrick and North Wisconsin, Rev. Charles S. Lane, pastor. At 10:45 the pastor will preach on "Confession and Salvation." Evening service at 7:30; Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; Epworth league at 6:30 p. m. The public invited.

First Baptist Church—Rev. D. B. Cheney, pastor. Morning service, 10:30 a. m.; subject: "Crowning Solomon;" Sunday school at noon. Evening service, 7:30 p. m.; subject: "Rest." The public respectfully invited. Strangers are heartily welcomed.

At 3:30 p. m. tomorrow there will be held a meeting for men only in the lecture room of the Y. M. C. A. building. All men and boys are cordially invited. A special invitation and hearty welcome is extended to strangers.

First M. E. church; the Rev. E. L. Eaton will occupy the pulpit at the morning service and the Rev Thomas Sharp of Franksville will occupy the pulpit in the evening; Sunday school at noon; Junior league at 4:30 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

Dr. E. L. Eaton will arrive home from Cleveland this evening and will occupy the pulpit at the First M. E. church tomorrow evening.

## OBITUARY.

### Johnson.

A four-months'-old child of Mr. and Mrs. James Johnson, residing at 1624 Northwestern avenue, died this morning. The mother of the child is very low with consumption.

**Rheumatism Cured in a Day.**

"Mystic Cure" for rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Schultz Bros., druggists, Racine.

## MERITED REWARD.

### SALES OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

### Unequalled in the History of Medicine. Honesty, Excellence, Faithfulness Fitly Rewarded.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by *Lydia E. Pinkhams* Vegetable Compound and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkhams wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is today.

From Maine to California, from the Gulf to the St. Lawrence, come the glad tidings of woman's suffering relieved by it; and thousands upon thousands of letters are pouring in from grateful women, saying that it WILL and *does* positively cure those painful

**Ailments of Women.**

It will cure the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, and consequent spinal weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the change of life.

Every time it will cure

**Backache.**

It has cured more cases of leucorrhœa by removing the cause, than any remedy the world has ever known; it is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

**Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills** work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick-headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative Wash is frequently found of great value for local application. Correspondence is freely solicited by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., and the strictest confidence assured. All druggists sell the Pinkham's remedies. The Vegetable Compound in three forms, — Liquid, Pills, and Lozenges.

## REPORTORIAL NOTES.

The Chicago tug Perfection was in port this morning.

The Island hotel at Eagle Lake will be opened about May 29.

The Chicago tug E. P. Hall sought this port yesterday for a supply of coal.

Chief Johnson is getting along nicely under the care of Dr. Bjorkman.

Let every patriotic citizen decorate their homes and places of business next week.

It is dollars to doughnuts that nothing will be done this year toward erecting the new government building.

Strawberry growers say that Racine berries will be on the market the middle of June and that the crop will be large.

Complaint is made at the police office that dirt and slops are deposited in large quantities in the vicinity of Kinzie street bridge.

There will be a regular meeting of the city council on Monday evening. Several important matters will come up for consideration.

Tomorrow the German Veterans' Society will tender a picnic at Lincoln Park. There will be music and in the evening a balloon ascension.

Already dozens of merchants are getting ready for decorating in honor of the soldiers and members of the Catholic societies to visit here next week.

The members of the Lily of the West lodge, No. 33, D. O. R., are requested to meet at the hall Monday at 1 p. m. to attend the funeral of our sister, Nellie Fall.

A handsome Newfoundland dog has made its appearance at No. 1042 Lockwood avenue. There is a collar on the animal's neck and a locket with the name Rover inscribed.

The date for the opening of bids for the building of a new German Lutheran church on Villa street, has been changed from Monday evening to next Friday night, May 21.

Assignee George Hale reports that he has already paid out over $20,000 of the 20 per cent dividend in the Dan Head & Co. bank case at Kenosha, and yet not near all the claimants have appeared.

## RE-ELECTED MR. MINER.

### Board of Education Again Selects Its Old President.

The first meeting of the new board of education was held last evening and an organization was perfected. Outside of this particular business, nothing else was done and the board adjourned to meet at some future time, when the objects of the coming meeting will be embodied in the call. President Miner of the old board called the meeting to order and stated its objects. Every member of the board was present. Commissioner Howell was elected chairman and Clerk Seelye read the call. A communication was read from the City Clerk, announcing the new appointments to the board by the mayor.

An informal ballot was taken for president of the board, and it resulted as follows:

Charles H. Miner.....9
Thomas D. Howell.....4
Leo A. Peil.....1

The ballot was made formal and Mr. Miner was declared the unanimous choice of the board for its president, for the coming year. He briefly thanked the board for the honor conferred upon him and promised to discharge his duties with equal precision and fairness, such as has characterized his conduct in the past.

The board then adjourned.

## NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT.

### Tendered at the First M. E. Church Last Night.

An amusing and novel entertainment took place at the parlors of the First M. E. church last evening. It was a basket picnic and conversationalist social. The attendance was quite large. Each lady brought a basket filled with enough to eat for two. These baskets contained the name of the lady who brought it. Then they were auctioned off and the young man who bought a basket hunted up his lady. William Gebhardt presided and Mr. Wilder acted as the auctioneer. The Y. M. C. A. string orchestra furnished excellent music. After partners had been selected each couple was given a subject upon which they must converse. Below are a few of them: The weather, bloomers, our general conference at Cleveland, the Reds and Blues, what do you consider the most important scientific discovery of the past fifty years, what are you going to do during your summer vacation? the X rays, what is your age and aim in life?

**The Perfect Ointment.**

The virtue of Beggs' German Salve is its quick healing power. Else it would not have earned its world wide reputation. Your popular druggists, Davis & Silber, 433 Main street, have it.

Three hundred letters by Andrea Doreo, High Admiral of Emperor Charles V., have been discovered in the Este archives at Modena by Signor Carboni, and will be published soon. They form part of a collection of 100,000 letters bequeathed by the Marchese Campori to the town of Modena and placed in the Este library.

# Recommended by Physicians.

# Horsford's

## Baking Powder is itself a Nutritious Food. No other powder has this quality.

## A NEW DEPARTURE.

### To be Inaugurated by the Racine Business Men's Association.

The committee appointed at the annual meeting of the Business Men's association for the purpose of collecting the arrears of membership dues have met with flattering success, and have raised money sufficient to practically wipe out the indebtedness of the association.

They are convinced by assurances given them that the future continuance of the association is secured. The next regular meeting will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1899, at which time the future action of the association will be outlined, and an effort will be made to show the importance of an association of this kind in our midst.

There seems to be a general revival of interest and much good will be accomplished in the future, as our monied interests and business men generally are beginning to feel easier, having fully recovered from the recent panic, and propose to bestir themselves for the good of the city. This is the way it should be, and an organization of this kind is a positive necessity in every community. It is commendable to see the energetic manner in which the officers-elect are taking hold, and they deserve the support of every loyal citizen. We venture to say that a year hence we can look back with pride upon the work accomplished. Let everybody aid in the great task before us, and lend a helping hand for the accomplishment of an undertaking in which no living being in the city can justly say, "I have no interest.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Attorney Walker is in Madison on legal business.

Attorney Rohr of Burlington is in the city on legal business.

Mrs. F. T. Yates of Montclair, N. Y., is spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. C. L. Cahoon of Wisconsin street.

Wilhelmina I., the girl Queen of Holland, rises at 7 every morning, winter and summer. She breakfasts at 8 and at 9 o'clock her lessons are commenced. The study she enjoys above all others is history. At 11:30 the morning's work is completed, and the Queen goes for a drive, always in an open carriage, however severe the weather may be.

**Blotches, Pimples, Scrofulous Sores**

and all humors of the blood and skin will succumb to Beggs' Blood Purifier and Blood Maker. It positively has no equal. Every bottle guaranteed. Ask your popular druggists, Davis & Silber, 433 Main street, for it.

One hundred eight girls are enrolled in the educational and industrial classes of the Y. W. C. A.

## LET THE GOOD WORK GO ON.

New York Tribune: If we are to have two Salvation armies, as now seems probable, there is no reason to doubt that the country contains sinners enough for both of them to act upon indefinitely. There is abundant good work to do without the need of collision between them, or without any moral obligation upon them to bite their thumbs at each other. It would seem as if America was large enough and contained reprobates enough to have an army of its own; and if such a one is to be organized it will not lack the support and encouragement. There are Booths enough to go around, no matter how many squadrons may be set in the field, so that for the present, at least, there will be no lack of commanders.

**$100 Reward $100.**

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

## A QUINTET OF CENTENARIANS.

Five centenarians have come into public notice in the newspapers, two through the celebration of their birthdays and three by death. Mrs. Honora McCarthy of South Shaftsbury, Vt., celebrated her 105th birthday on April 6th. She is in good health and recently walked five miles to church. Mrs. Mary Skeffington of Woonsocket, R. I., passed her 101st birthday a few days ago. Mrs. Martha Swain, 101 years old, died at Lee, Mass., last week. She was born in Methuen on December 17, 1792. Mrs. Nancy Cooper, 101 years old, died in Dover, Mo., on April 30. Thomas W. Hall of Cain, Pa., passed his 101st birthday early in March and died on April 8th. He left a brother 99 years old and a sister 94.

**It is Wonderful**

how quickly Diarrhea or Dysentery can can be relieved by using Beggs' Diarrhea Balsam. A purely vegetable compound. It affords instant relief and a permanent cure in a perfectly safe way. Your popular druggists, Davis & Silber, 433 Main street, has the agency for this wonderful medicine.

## PEN MAKING IN BIRMINGHAM.

In Birmingham, England, there are a number of pen manufactories that turn out a total of 150,000,000 pens every working week. The majority of the workers are women, and the wages, while low, help to make Birmingham a notable seat of industry. To make a million pens a full ton of steel is required.

This Famous Remedy cures quickly, permanently all nervous diseases, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, Nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Is a nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $2 per box; 6 for $5, by mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us, free medical book, sealed plain wrapper, with testimonials and financial references. No charge for consultation. *Beware of imitations.* Sold by our advertised agents, or address NERVE SEED CO., Chicago, Ills. For sale in Racine, Wis., by S. HARRIDGE, 422 Main St., and by L. A. FANCHER.

# THE ELKINS JEWELRY AND MUSIC STORE.

DECKER BROS. PIANOS,
ESTEY PIANOS AND ORGANS,
SCHAFF BROS. CO. PIANOS,
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES,
ON EASY PAYMENTS.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CUT GLASS, JEWELRY, ETC.

Particular attention to repairing of all kinds.

Engraved Plates with 50 Cards $1.00

## SEE THE '96 BIKES

The "CLEVELAND,"
The "CROWN,"
The "PHOENIX,"
The "WAVERLEY,"
And Other Makes.

BICYCLES FROM $50 TO $100.

Call on us before placing your order.

"THRIFT IS A GOOD REVENUE." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM CLEANLINESS AND

# SAPOLIO

## COUNTY NEWS.

### SOMERS.

Somers, Wis., May 19 1896.

Mr. George Strong of Tomahawk, Wis., came down the latter part of the week on account of his mother's illness. She is a little better at this writing.

The Methodist prayer meeting will be held at the parsonage on Thursday evening at 7:45 o'clock.

William Bradley returned home on Friday from Eau Claire, where he had been sent as a delegate to the state convention by the Prohibition party.

The grubs and cut worms are doing some damage to corn which has been planted on sod. Some fields will probably be planted over.

Mrs. L. Cook has returned from a short visit to friends in Beatrice, Neb.

George Flett, who is attending school at the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ill., spent Sunday at home.

Somers was fairly represented at the concert which was given at Union Grove on Saturday evening.

The season for picnics has come again and from now on the woods will be the scene of many happy gatherings, but we hope they will differ in some respects at least to one recently held. Everybody enjoyed themselves to their heart's content, especially when they got into a neighbor's garden and made a clean sweep of the pie plant. Some gates were left open and a good farmer's pigs went astray. The country people may yet have to resort to self shutting gates, as this would save them lots of trouble and would certainly be a great boon to picnickers, who find it such very tiresome work to close a gate after being permitted to enjoy the freedom of the woods.

### WESTERN UNION JUNCTION.

Western Union Junction, May 19.

Sunday school was held in the school house this week. A large number of scholars were present. Its founder, Miss Lillian Brown, is much to be thanked for her untiring efforts in its behalf.

The new store, under the skillful hand of Mr. Hallock, is rapidly nearing its completion. When finished it will be one of the finest buildings in the village.

The stock fair last week was a great success as the farmers succeeded in disposing of nearly all of their surplus stock.

Work will soon be begun on the new school house.

Miss Christe Dedish of Racine, while visiting friends here, was taken suddenly ill, but is now recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. Mat Hansen are the happy parents of a baby boy.

C. A. Brown visited Milwaukee one day last week.

Frank Worsley was seen on our streets Monday.

R. Warner and sister visited friends here Monday.

Mrs. J. R. Tradewell has returned home after a short visit to Racine.

C. L. Foster has sold all his land situated on the east side of the railroad. Consideration private.

### BRISTOL.

Bristol, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Andrews of Poplar Grove, were the guests of Mr. John Lacy and family.

M. J. Z. Collier of Union Grove called on friends in the village Monday in the interests of the Journal.

There was a big fire at Trevor last Saturday night, the 16th inst., Stevens' creamery and mill and two warehouses belonging to Curtis & Orvis, and several sheds were destroyed. The origin of the fire is not for a certainty known, but supposed to have been caused by the explosion of a lamp in an incubator, which was running in one of the sheds.

E. Jones, Esq., start d on an extended trip in the West Monday morning.

Joseph Dixon was awarded the contract for building the new Lutheran church.

Rev. E. L. Potter of Elkhorn made calls in the village last Saturday. The reverend gentleman was formerly pastor on this charge.

Messrs. Edwards and Shepard and Misses Eddy Murdock and Parker accepted an invitation from the Rev. Thomas Sharp of Franksville to assist at a concert at that place. They report a right royal welcome by the reverend gentleman and his estimable lady. Mr. Sharp was formerly pastor of Bristol and Hosmer.

Miss Allie Stevens is attending the high school at Kenosha.

Mrs. A. Giddings and daughter Allie were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Will Bacon.

Seymour Owens of Salem welcomed Bristol friends recently.

### WATERFORD.

Waterford, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Born, to Mr and Mrs Geo Gruno, Sunday, a boy.

Will Kramer of Waukesha was in town last week.

Irving Hand of Lake Geneva was calling on relatives Sunday.

Hon. Adam Apple was seriously hurt last week by falling from a fence. At last accounts he was improving.

John Alby has gone to Lake Geneva to take a position with the Seipp Brewing Co.

Mrs. Fuller of Kansas and Mrs. Chancey Laberchka of Racine are visiting at N.H.Palmer's.

Marion & Castelo's mammoth (?) circus is billed to appear here Tuesday. We hope it will meet a better fate than the majority of shows that strike this town.

Waterford was visited by a heavy wind and rain storm Saturday. A number of orchards were wrecked but no further damage done.

Jos. Starkey of Minnesota is here on a visit to his former friends and neighbors.

The Waterford Camp, M. W. A., at their last meeting resolved to institute an annual picnic on the anniversary of their organization, July 27, 1896.

### KNEELAND.

Kneeland, Wis., May 18, 1896.

Miss E. Horton of Chicago is visiting her brother, L. Horton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Nobles spent a few days last week with relatives at Spring Prarie, Wis.

Young People's meeting every Tuesday evening.

The yearly mission meeting will be held with Mrs. Stephen West Thursday, 21st of this week.

Bert and Archie Pike spent a few days with their uncle at Bristol last week.

After the morning service at the Free Will Baptist Church a large congregation listened to an instructive discourse by Elder Mack. Following the service the audience proceeded to the river and five were immersed for the baptism. Many who witnessed the baptism have the welfare of those baptised, and trust they will be active workers for the Lord.

### FRANKSVILLE.

The entertainment at the church was a success. Although the weather was most forbidding a good sized audience assembled. The gentle patter patter of the rain upon the pane lent a pleasing (?) variety to the exercises. All enjoyed the singing of the Bristol choir and would give them a hearty welcome should they come again.

The many tokens of sympathy, especially those of a financial kind, which have been bestowed on Mrs. Olson since her bereavement, are demonstrations of the fact that Frankville people are not to be outdone by other communities when it comes to expressing good will and sympathy to a fellow being when in sorrow.

The pulpit at the M. E. Church was acceptably filled last Sunday morning by Edwin Skewes of Ives Grove. The pastor supplied the pulpit of Dr. Eaton of Racine.

The cool weather is making our friends who have manifested no small degree of pride because their corn and potatoes were 15 minutes earlier than their neighbors' wear somewhat of an anxious look.

Mrs. D. R. Anderson of Oconomowoc is visiting Mrs. Henry Place.

### SYLVANIA.

Sylvania, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Mr. Isaac Bowers celebrated his seventieth birthday on Monday, May 18, by inviting his many relatives and friends. Eight of his children were present to help celebrate. The day was spent in social conversation and during the afternoon the Sylvania Brass Band furnished the music.

Mr. William Drinkwater in a few well chosen remarks presented Mr. Bowers with an easy chair. They all departed for their homes wishing Mr. Bowers many more happy birthdays.

Miss Edith Haidie of Racine spent Saturday and Sunday a guest of Miss Rosa Steiner.

The dance at Mr. Henry Brown's on Monday evening was largely attended and everybody reported a good time.

Mr. Julius Peterson of Racine spent Sunday in the country.

### PARIS.

Paris, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Mr. George Langlois of Racine is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gomer Roberts.

We are glad to report Mr. James Sheen recovering.

The pitcher and catcher of the Paris base ball team played in the Union Grove club Saturday in a practice game.

The chintz bugs have made their appearance in these parts.

Mrs. Crane departed for Milwaukee Friday to attend the funeral of her friend, Mrs. Radford.

Miss Lizzie Sheen went to Racine Monday.

### HUSHER.

Husher, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Quite a runaway occurred at this place last Friday. Mr. French had his horse tied to Mr. Flancher's post. The horse became frightened and broke away giving the buggy a general smash-up. No one was hurt.

A grand May ball will be given at Kilbournville on Monday, May 25.

Edgar Sears is expected home this week.

Hannah Wilkie is again among the Hushers, she being employed by Mrs. Gruenewald.

The graduating exercises of the Oakwood high school will be held at Roethe's hall on June 13.

### SALEM.

Salem, Wis., May 19, 1896.

John Rhuby and family arrived from Chicago Wednesday to reside here.

Eugene Bailey and family of Chicago visited his father, Alex. Bailey, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs James Hayward visited in Bristol Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bacon are rejoicing over the birth of a little daughter Monday.

Mr. H. Emerson of Caledonia was a Salem visitor part of last week and also Monday of this week. Must be some attraction in Salem.

Miss Bacon arrived from Richmond last Friday and is the guest of Mesdames Tuttle and Curtis.

Charles Burgess entertained two brothers from Somers Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. Tiedt spent Tuesday in Chicago on business.

Mrs. Van Wie spent part of last week with her daughter, Mrs. Alva Paddock.

Mrs. Frank Smith is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Adeline Bassett of Caledonia, who will remain in Wisconsin until next fall, visiting relatives and old acquaintances as she was formerly a resident of this town.

Mrs. John Titus is having a siege of the measles.

### WHAT CATHODE MEANS.

Scribner's Magazine: Let us first see what we mean by the term cathode. If we should break the tiny filament of an Edison incandescent lamp in the middle of the glowing loop the light would go out. If, now, we connect the ends of the two broken filament to the poles of a battery of a great many thousand voltine cells, such as are commonly used to ring house bells, we should be able to light the lamp again, not by incandescence, but by a feeble glow which pervades the whole bulb. The ends of the broken filament would glow—and the glow at one end of the filament would be different in appearance from that of the other. The broken filament, by means of which the electrical energy enters the bulb, is called the anode, and the filament by means of which in the ordinary language, it leaves a bulb, is called the cathode.

Now, the great peculiarity of the cathode rays is this—they seem to be independent of the position of the anode, and they stream out from the cathode like the beam of a search-light, striking the walls of the inclosing vessel.

### IVES' GROVE.

Ives' Grove, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Mrs. Ervin Thomas entertained her sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Bunker of Madison, Wis., Saturday, and Sunday.

E. B. Skewes gave a temperance address at Kneeland Sunday evening.

We had no preaching service here on Sunday through the absence of Pastor Sharp and the failure of his supply to materialize.

The Sunday school of this place has taken preliminary steps toward the observation of Children's day.

A number of our people are getting interested in the proposed agricultural fair at Union Grove.

Fred Gonske is preparing to build a barn this summer.

### UNION GROVE.

Union Grove, Wis., May 19, 1896.

Miss Annie Olson of this place and Rev. C. F. Hansen, pastor of the Danish Baptist church of Cedar Falls, Ia., and former pastor of the Baptist church of this place, were united in marriage by Rev. C. H. Bolvig, at the Baptist church on Tuesday evening, May 14, 1896. A reception was given to Mr. and Mrs. Hansen, at which about 120 people were present. They will depart for Cedar Falls, Ia., on Wednesday, followed by the best wishes of a host of friends.

Mr. Thomas Phillips of Ives' Grove was the guest of Mr. J. Crane last week.

Crane Bros. lost a valuable horse last week; over-heated.

T. J. Rennie has purchased another Wilkes mare to add to his already fast string that he has in training.

William Murdock broke ground for a residence on Monday. One of the finest in the village.

G. B. Lincoln post G. A. R., attended the encampment at Racine in a body.

### NOTICE.

Having sold my property to Dr. A. D. McIntyre, of Milwaukee, I will as speedily as possible turn over to him the practice which I now hold. We have arranged a partnership, and will continue business together, while I attend to the settlement of old accounts. All parties knowing themselves indebted to me are hereby requested to settle their accounts at once. F. W. BASSETT, M. D.

Seed potatoes, Rural New Yorker, No. 2. Good quality and heavy yields. Price 25 cents per bushel. L. E. Ozanne, Somers, Wis. wtf

Milwaukee Telegraph: If the Republican party goes south for a candidate for vice-president it will doubtless take H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee. If it goes to New England it will most likely call Senator Lodge of Massachusetts.

**Are You One**

Of those unhappy people who are suffering with weak nerves, starting at every slight sound, unable to endure an unusual disturbance, finding it impossible to sleep? Avoid opiate and nerve compounds. Feed the nerves upon blood made pure and nourishing by the great blood purifier and true nerve tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25cts.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CENTS

## COMING! COMING! COMING!

Saturday evening, May 30, the Cambrian male chorus of Racine will give a grand concert at Runge's opera house, Franksville, assisted by Mrs. S. Ingram, Miss Catharine Davis; Mr. T. M. Jones and Mr. Geo. Case, soloists and Miss Ida Diehl, accompanist, who are all well and favorable known to our readers. An excellent program will be presented and we do not hesitate in promising a first class program in every respect. The club is composed of about thirty young men who, under the careful direction of Professor S. S. Ingram, are bound to make a success. A great many from Racine will attend, and three busses have already been engaged besides numerous other conveyances. Give them a crowded house.

## WISCONSIN NEWS.

The Kendall creamery at Trevor, Kenosha county, and a warehouse were burned Sunday. The loss is $5,000, partly insured.

Manager Lucas of the Colby house, at Ashland left town suddenly and creditors have filed claims to the amount of nearly $2,000.

The small fruit crop about Baraboo will be the largest known for many years. The strawberry yield will be immense unless a heavy frost occurs, which is not likely.

The Lumberman's bank at Shell Lake opened its doors Monday morning. F. Weyerhauser, A. Lamb and W. R. Dourner are its directors, stockholders and officers.

The Madison district convention of Congregational churches and pastors convened at Baraboo yesterday in the First Congregational church for a two days' session.

A. Abrahamson has sued to recover $10,000 damages from the Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer railway, for injuries received while unloading coal last August.

While playing a game of ball on the school grounds at Palmyra Robert Sperbeck, a lad of sixteen, collided with another youth, breaking both bones of one leg.

An interstate band tournament will be held at Fountain City June 13 and 14. About twenty bands from Eastern Minnesota and Western Wisconsin will participate. Valuable prizes will be offered.

Pensions have been granted persons residing in Wisconsin as follows: Original—Isaac Harman, Connersville, Dunn. Restoration and reissue—Nathaniel Steen, (deceased) Milwaukee. Increase—Charles Maxfield, Onalaska, La Crosse; Clark W. Frink, Westfield, Marquette; Treflay Cayan, Fort Howard, Brown. Original widows, etc.—Mary E. Gingles, Watertown; Susan Steen, Milwaukee; Sarah Cornell, Burton, Grant.

Sheriff Grashorn and Deputy Sheriff Bornefeldt of Sheboygan returned from Waldo, the scene of the recent wreck on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, having in custody Fred Green and Joseph Wildman, who are charged with placing the obstructions on the track which wrecked a fast freight Saturday morning and caused the death of three men.

Another million feet of logs owned by John Finan broke loose from the rafts in the bay of Superior Sunday, and are floating out towards the lake. This makes the third batch to break away since Saturday, and the bay is literally covered with logs, which are being driven up against and under the docks, doing considerable damage and obstructing the course of small craft.

Madison Journal: Gov. Upham's friends mustn't expect to continue him in office on account of political precedents. His whole administration has been an unprecedented one.

Superior Leader: There seems to be considerable criticism upon the action of the Methodist conference in retiring Bishop Foster and Bowman. It is certain, however, that there comes in any man's life a time when age unfits him for active and effective labor in his vocation. The rules of the United States army fix an age limit, after which an officer may be retired at any moment. The duties of a bishop may be as exacting as a general's, and there must inevitably be some method beside the hand of death to remove the venerable but decrepit leaders in the army of the Lord.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

### Grain, Flour and Feed.

(Corrected by David Lawton.)

RACINE, May 20, 1896.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour— | |
| Minn. Patent | $ 4 00 |
| " Best Spring | 3 60 |
| " Rye | 3 00 |
| Grain— | |
| Wheat No 1 | $ 64½ |
| Wheat No 2 | 62 |
| Wheat No 3 | 62½ |
| Oats | 18@ 19 |
| Corn | 29@ 30 |
| Barley | 30@ 33 |
| Rye | 28@ 29 |
| Feed— | |
| Fine Middlings, per ton | $ 12 00 |
| Bran, per ton | 10 50 |
| Corn meal | 14 00 |
| Oats and Corn, ground | 13 50 |
| Produce— | |
| Butter | $ 12@ 14 |
| Eggs | 10@ 11 |
| Cheese | 9½@ 10 |
| Hay | 8 00@11 00 |
| Vegetables— | |
| Apples | $ 60@ 80 |
| Potatoes | 16@ 20 |
| Beans | 20@ 95 |
| Onions | 20@ 25 |
| Meats— | |
| Beef on foot | $2 00@ 3 30 |
| Hogs on foot | 3 25@ 3 40 |
| Lard | 10 |
| Calves | 4 00@ 4 60 |
| Sheep | 2 00@ 3 00 |
| Lambs | 2 00@ 3 00 |
| Poultry— | |
| Turkeys | $ 8 |
| Chickens | 7 |
| Seeds— | |
| Flax | $ 88@ 90 |
| Clover | 6 70@ 7 15 |
| Timothy | 2 50@ 3 15 |
| Wool— | |
| Wool | $ 12@ 14 |
| Hides— | |
| Green, No 1, trimmed, per lb | $ |
| Cows, " " | 4 |
| Heavy steers, " " | 4½ |
| Green, No 2, " " | 4 |
| Calfskins— | |
| Green, No 1, trimmed, per lb | $ 6 |
| Green, No 2, " " | 4½ |
| Kips— | |
| Green, No 1, trimmed, per lb | $ 5 |
| Green, No 2, " " | 4 |

Sheepskins—Pelts at the rate of 25c to 70c.

### Milwaukee Markets.

MILWAUKEE, May 20, 1896.

| | |
|---|---|
| Grain— | |
| Wheat No 1 | $ 64 |
| " No 2 | 63½ |
| " No 3 | 61½ |
| Oats | 18@ 20 |
| Corn | 27@ 29 |
| Barley | 33¼ |
| Rye | 28¾ |
| Meats— | |
| Live Hogs | $3 35@ 3 45 |
| Live Beef | 2 25@ 3 25 |
| Vegetables— | |
| Beans | $ 92@ 97½ |
| Potatoes | 10@ 20 |
| Seeds— | |
| Timothy | $2 60@ 3 20 |
| Clover | 6 70@ 7 20 |
| Produce— | |
| Butter | $ 12@ 14 |
| Eggs | 8½@ 10½ |
| Cheese | 9@ 10 |
| Tallow— | |
| No 1 | 3¼ |
| No 2 | 2¾ |

## THE MARKETS.

### New York Stocks.

Reported by Northrop & Fildes:

| LIST OF STOCKS. | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | CLOSING. May 19. | CLOSING. May 18. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cot. Oil | | | | | 16¾ |
| Am. Sugar | 121¾ | 122¾ | 120 | 120⅝ | 122 |
| U. S. Leather pfd. | 65½ | 65½ | 64⅝ | 64¾ | 65¼ |
| Omaha | | | | | 43 |
| C. B. & Q | 79⅝ | 79½ | 79⅛ | 79¼ | 79¼ |
| C. M. & St. P. | 77⅛ | 77½ | 77 | 77¼ | 77¼ |
| C. & N. W. | 104¾ | 104¾ | 104¼ | 104¾ | 104⅝ |
| C. R. I. & Pacific. | 70 | 70 | 69⅝ | 69½ | 69⅝ |
| Reading | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 11⅛ |
| Cen. R. R. of N. J. | | | | | 103¾ |
| Chicago Gas | 68 | 68¼ | 67⅝ | 67⅞ | 68 |
| Del. & Lack. | | | | | |
| Del. & Hudson | | | | | |
| D. & C. F. Co. | 18 | 18⅛ | 17¾ | 18 | 18½ |
| Gen. Electric | 34 | 34 | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | 34½ |
| Lake Shore | 149 | 149 | 149 | 146 | 148¾ |
| L. & N. | 50⅜ | 50½ | 49¼ | 49⅞ | 50⅛ |
| Mo. Pac | 25 | 25 | 24⅞ | 25 | 25¼ |
| Manhattan | 101½ | 101¾ | 100¾ | 101½ | 101½ |
| N. Y. Cent. | 97 | 97 | 96¾ | 96¾ | 97 |
| Nat. Lead | 25⅝ | 25⅜ | 25 | 25 | 25⅛ |
| Union Pacific | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 8 |
| U. S. Cordage | | | | | 5¾ |
| Wabash | | | | | 17½ |
| Western Union | 84⅝ | 84⅞ | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84½ |
| Am. Tobacco | 65⅝ | 65⅞ | 65¾ | 65⅝ | 65⅛ |
| Atchison | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15¼ |
| Ches. & Ohio | | | | | 16¾ |
| Northern Pacific | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| M. K. & T., pfd. | 25 | 25 | 24¾ | 24⅝ | 24⅞ |

### Chicago Markets.

| | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Closing. May 19 | Closing. May 18 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat— | | | | | |
| July | 61⅛ | 61⅝ | 60¾ | 61⅝ | 61⅛ |
| Sept | 61¾ | 62¼ | 61⅝ | 62¼ | 62 |
| Corn— | | | | | |
| July | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29¾ | 29¼ | 29¼ |
| Sept | 30⅜ | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | 30¼ | 30⅛ |
| Oats— | | | | | |
| July | 19¼ | 19⅜ | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19¼ |
| Sept | 19½ | 19⅝ | 19½ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| July | 7 67 | 7 75 | 7 62 | 7 72 | 7 65 |
| Sept | 7 85 | 7 87 | 7 77 | 7 57 | 7 60 |
| Lard— | | | | | |
| July | 4 62 | 4 62 | 4 60 | 4 60 | 4 62 |
| Sept | 4 75 | 4 75 | 4 72 | 4 72 | 4 77 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| July | 4 05 | 4 05 | 4 02 | 4 02 | 4 05 |
| Sept | 4 20 | 4 22 | 4 15 | 4 17 | 4 20 |

### Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Hogs — Receipts, 31,000; easy; light, 3.30@3.55; mixed, 3.25@3.50; heavy, 3.10@3.45.

Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; slow, steady; beeves, 3.45@4.30; cows, 1.50@3.60; Texans 2.70@3.85; stockers and feeders, 2.90@3.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; strong to 10c higher.

## THE MARKETS.

### New York Financial.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Money on call easy at 2½ per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent.; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488¾ for demand and 487@487¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 488@489 and 489½@490; commercial bills, 486½.

Silver certificates, 68@68¼; no sales; bar silver, 67¾; Mexican dollars, 53¼.

United States government bonds ½ lower; others steady; new 4's registered, 117; do. coupons, 117; 5's registered, 112⅝; do. coupons, 112¾; 4's registered, 108; 4's coupons, 109¼; 2's registered, 94¼; Pacific 6's of '95, 103½.

### Chicago Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, May 18.

The following were the quotations on the Board of Trade to-day: Wheat—May, opened 61⅛c, closed 60¼c; June, opened 61⅝c, closed 60¾c; July, opened 62¾c, closed 61⅛c. Corn—May, nominal, closed 28⅜c; July, opened 29⅛c, closed 29⅛c; September, opened 30⅜c, closed 30⅜c. Oats—May, opened 19c, closed 18⅞c; July, opened 19⅜c, closed 19⅜c; September, opened 19¾c, closed 19⅝c. Pork—May, nominal, closed $7.57½; July, opened $7.70, closed $7.65. Lard—May, nominal, closed $4.55; July, opened $4.67½; closed $4.62½.

Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 15c per lb.; extra dairy, 13c; fresh packing stock, 7c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 7½@8c per dozen. Live poultry—Turkeys, 8@10c per lb.; chickens (hens), 8@8½c; roosters, 5@5½c; ducks, 9@10c; geese, $4.00@5.00 per dozen. Potatoes—Burbanks, 12@15c per bushel; mixed, 10@12c. New potatoes, $1.50@2.25 per bbl. Apples—Fair to fancy, $3.00@3.50 per bbl. Honey—White clover, 13@14c per lb; broken comb, 9@10c; extracted, 6@6c. Strawberries—Illinois, 75c@$1.50 per 24-qt case.

### Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, May 18.

Live Stock—Prices at the Union Stock yards today ranged as follows: Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day, 33,000; sales ranged at $2.80@3.50 pigs, $3.30@3.50 light, $3.10@3.20 rough packing, $3.25@3.50 mixed, and $3.20@3.47½ heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Estimated receipts for the day, 20,000; quotations ranged at $1.05@4.35 choice to extra shipping steers, $3.90@4.15 good to choice do., $3.75@4.10 fair to good, $3.50@3.85 common to medium do., $3.35@3.80 butchers' steers, $2.90@3.80 stockers, $3.25@3.90 feeders, $1.65@3.70 cows, $2.80@3.90 heifors, $2.00@3.60 bull, $2.55@4.10 Texas steers, and $3.00@5.00 veal calves.

Sheep and Lambs—Estimated receipts for the day, 10,000; sales ranged at $3.00@3.90 westerns, $2.00@3.70 Texans, $2.50@4.00 natives and $3.25@5.05 lambs.

### MILWAUKEE GRAIN AND SEEDS.

Millstuffs—Are steady, and range at $7.75@8.00 for sacked bran, $8.00@8.25 for standard middlings and $9.50@9.75 for white.

Wheat—In store—Opened quiet and weak, and prices have declined ½@¾c under unfavorable European advices, a smaller decrease than was expected in the visible supply and another increase in the amount on ocean passage. The movement in the west is liberal, while exports are moderate. The weather is fair and warmer. July opened at 62½c, touched 62⅝c, fell to 61⅛c, and closed at 61⅛c. May ranged 1c below.

Sample Barley—Is ½@1c lower and dull; supply moderate. Sales: No. 2-3 cars, 33½c; 4 cars, 33c. Extra 3-2 cars, 33c; 1 car, 32½c; 3 cars, 32½c; 4 cars, 32c; 1 car, 31½c; 2 cars, 31c; 2 cars, 33c del. No. 3-1 car, 31c; 1 car, 30½c; 1 car, 29½c.

Oats—Are firm and in brisk demand; supply moderate. Sales: No. 2 white, 2 cars, 21¼c; 6 cars, 21c; 3 cars N. W., 20¾c; 7 cars, St. Paul, 20¾c. No. 2 white, 3 cars, 20½c; 1 car 20¼c; 4 cars, 20¾c; 2 cars, 21c. No. 3, 1 car mixed, 19¼c; 2 cars late Saturday, 20c.

Corn—Is quiet and steady; light supply. Sales: 1 car No. 3 yellow, 29c.

Seeds—Flax, cash firmer at 88@88½c; timothy steady, $2.50@3.15 per 100 lbs common to prime; choice to fancy, $3.30@3.60; clover steady, $6.75@7.50 per 100 lbs. as to quality; millet, German, per 100 lbs, 85@1.00; German common, 65@85c; mustard, 40@60c; buckwheat, dry and sound, 70@80c.

Hay—Good to choice upland, $9.00@10.00 per ton on track; inferior to fair do 5.00@8.00; No 1 timothy do, 12.00@12.50; No 2 do, 11.00@11.50; clover and mixed do, 7.00@10.50; Wisconsin marsh and prairie, 5.00@8.00. Market easy and quiet.

Straw—Oats per ton on track, 5.00@5.50; rye do, 6.00@6.50; wheat do, 4.50@5.00.

Potatoes—Per bush from store, 10@15c; on track, 10@15c.

### ELGIN BUTTER MARKET.

ELGIN, Ill., May 18.—Butter was in lively demand, all sellers who would accept 15½c finding ready purchasers. At that price 37,520 pounds were sold. Offerings were 49,620 pounds. Butter last week sold for 15½@16c; a year ago for 18c.

### NEW YORK MONEY AND STOCKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Adams | 147 |
| American | 114 |
| United States | 40 |
| Wells-Fargo | 97 |
| New 4s reg | 117⅛ |
| New 4s coup | 118⅛ |
| New 4s reg | 117¾ |
| U. S. 5s coup | 112⅞ |
| U. S. 4s reg | 108¾ |
| U. S. 6s coup | 109½ |
| U. S. 2s reg | 94½ |
| Pac 6s of '95 | 103½ |

Money on call easy at 2@2½ per cent; last loan 2½, closed 2@2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.88½@4.88¾ for demand, and 4.87½@4.87¾ for sixty days. Posted rates, 4.88@4.89 and 4.89½@4.90. Commercial bills, 4.86½. Bar silver, 67⅞. Silver certificates, 68@68⅞.

### CHICAGO STREET MARKET.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 18.—Butter—Creameries: Extras 15c; firsts 14@14½c; seconds 11@12c. Imitations: Fresh 11@12c; ordinary makes 9c. Dairies: Extras 12½@13c; firsts 10@11c; seconds 8@9c. Ladles: Extras 9@10c; firsts 8@8½c; seconds 7c. Packing stock: Fresh 7c. Roll: Fair to choice 6@7c.

Cheese—Young Americas, new goods, 7½c; twins, October, 8@8½c; twins, new goods, 7½c; cheddars 7½@8½c. Special lines—Swiss, fair to choice, 11@12½c. Limburger—No 1 stock 10½@11c. Brick—September and October 8@8c.

Eggs—Fresh stock was quoted at 7½@8c per doz; fine recandeled eggs, cases included, commanded the usual premium.

### MARKET NOTES.

There was a decrease of 854,000 bushels in the visible supply of wheat last week against a decrease of 2,749,000 bushels in the corresponding period of 1895, a decrease of 1,467,000 bushels in 1894, a decrease of 1,190,000 bushels in 1893, a decrease of 4,504,000 bushels in 1892 and a decrease of 948,000 in 1891.

The tone of public cables was unfavorable, and London reported wheat dull. Liverpool was steady for spot and near futures, but ¼d perceptil lower for distant. English and French country markets were quiet and steady. The weather in France was fine.

Liverpool cables report an advance of 1 shilling per quarter in Russian oats.

FOR SALE—YOUNG SHEPHERD DOG. Good to tend cattle. Inquire 1021 Villa street. may20-3t

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labelling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

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Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children will be kept well, and that you will have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

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Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

Results in 4 weeks.

When in doubt what to use for Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power (in either sex), Impotency, Atrophy, Varicocele and other weaknesses, from any cause, use Sexine Pills. Drains checked and full vigor quickly restored. If neglected, such troubles result fatally. Mailed anywhere, sealed, for $1.00; 6 boxes for $5.00. With every $5.00 order we give a legal guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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I OFFER A REWARD OF $10.00 TO ANY ONE proving that I have lost a case of Gelding in 20 years. J. M. Roberts, Franksville. may6-w2t

I WANT A FARM ON SHARES: OR will take charge of one at a reasonable salary; age 28; married; no children. Please write at once. O. E. W., care The Journal, Racine, Wis. May4 13d 13w

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FOR SALE: 1 LOT 52x100 FEET WITH WOOD repair, paint and blacksmith shop, with engine and boiler, lathe, pony planer, joiner and gainer combined. Also residence with seven rooms, with good well. J. W. Cleveland, Union Grove, Wis. mar25-12t-wky.

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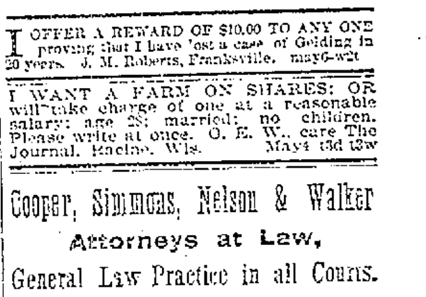

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SCHOOL BOOKS.

S. H. WHITE

# The Racine Journal. PART TWO.

VOLUME XLIV. RACINE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1896.---TWELVE PAGES. NO. 21.


## RETIRE TWO BISHOPS

### Bishops Bowman and Foster Placed on the Retired List.

Retain Seats in the Board of Bishops But Relieved of Active Duty.

**A Spirited Debate Over the Proposition to Elect a New Bishop of African Descent—Two New Bishops to be Chosen.**

CLEVELAND, O., May 14.—In the Methodist conference today the report of the committee on missions to increase the contingent fund from $25,000 to $50,000 was adopted. The recommendation of the Ping-Hua mission in China was also adopted. The committee on church extension reported against extending work in foreign lands.

Great interest was manifested in the report of the committee on Episcopacy. Dr. Buckley, chairman, read the report. It is the opinion of the committee that Bishops Bowman and Foster are too old to stand the strain of their duties and the committee recommended their retirement at the end of this conference. In the list of bishops returned as effective were all the other bishops except Bishop Taylor. His name was not mentioned.

As soon as the report was read, Bishop Foster advanced and the entire audience arose and received him with great applause. Then in the midst of a most impressive silence the low tones of the bishop's voice were heard. He said he knew the question was one of great delicacy and begged to be permitted to retire. (Cries of "No! No!" from all parts of the house.) Bishop Foster extended his arms saying "Please, please." After speaking a few moments the conference by a rising vote rendered his request to be retired.

Bishop Bowman said he would make the same request as he had just learned for the first time in his life that he was not effective. Then the two white-haired fathers left the hall.

After the venerable bishops retired an earnest discussion took place on the adoption of the report. Dr. Brigman of Minnesota offered a substitute citing in the cases of Bishop Morris and Bishop Simpson in 1868, and 1872 that they were continued in the board of bishops but relieved of duty and providing that action in the case of Bishops Foster and Bowman be the same. During the discussion Rev. Lanahan of Baltimore took the committee to task for holding a secret session. Dr. Buckley explained that the session was secret in order that the bishops about to be retired might be interrogated without the interference of incompetent and unsympathetic reporters. He made an appeal for adopting the report, saying that the bishops had declined in vital force until it had become necessary for them to retire. The substitute was then laid on the table and the committee report adopted. Dr. Buckley then read that section of the report recommending the election of a bishop of African descent. This lead to a stormy debate of two hours.

Finally a substitute for this and the previous section, based on Dr. Brigman's motion prevailed. It provided that Bishops Bowman and Foster be relieved of active duty but continued on the board of bishops and two new bishops be elected.

## WILL WED AN ATTORNEY.

**Miss Emily Kimball, a Kenosha Society Belle to Marry W. C. Forrest.**

KENOSHA, Wis May 14.—Society circles of this city are considerably stirred up today by the announcement that Miss Emily Kimball, one of the most popular and estimable ladies of Kenosha, is engaged to be married to W. C. Forest, the noted Chicago attorney. Miss Kimball is a lady about twenty years of age and Mr. Forset is a widower, in the neighborhood of forty years of age and has three children. Mr. Forest is the attorney who became noted through his connection with the anarchist cases at Chicago several years ago and he also took part in the arson cases tried here a few months ago.

## JOHN SCHELEF GIVES UP.

**Decides Not to Push the Famous Milwaukee Vaccination Case.**

MILWAUKEE, May 14.—The famous case of the State ex rel John Schelef against the school board of Milwaukee has come to an end. The plaintiff has given up the fight and the case has been withdrawn from the supreme court. This was a case involving the right of the school board to enforce the rule requiring pupils to be vaccinated before they could be admitted to the public schools.


Bed room sets at B. Hinrich's.

Have the Daily Journal delivered to your door every evening for 12 cents per week.


Additional local on second page.

## REED FOR SECOND PLACE.

**Preference of the Republican National Committee For Vice President.**

CINCINNATI, May 14.—The Commercial Gazette sent letters to all members of the Republican national committee stating that the nomination of McKinley being conceded, it was desired to gather preferences for vice-president. The replies show that with the exception of several for Hobart of New Jersey, the members of the national committee favor Thomas B. Reed for vice-president.

## TEMPLE COMPANY ASSIGN.

**An Organization of Odd Fellows Who Built a Temple at Cincinnati.**

CINCINNATI, May 14.—The Odd Fellows Temple company incorporated for the purpose of building a new Odd Fellows temple here and completed a year or two ago, has assigned. The assets are $550,000; liabilities, $260,000.

## A JEALOUS HUSBAND.

**Shoots and Kills One Person and Fatally Wounds Another.**

HOPKINS, Mo., May 14.—At midnight Charles Ulmer shot and instantly killed Leslie Sutter and fatally wounded his brother-in-law, Bailey Davis. The trouble is the result of jealousy on the part of Ulmer, whose wife is attempting to secure a divorce. All are well known.

## JACKSON FOUND GUILTY.

### Murderer of Pearl Bryan Must Follow the Route Led by Hayward and Holmes.

NEWPORT, Ky., May 14.—The Scott Jackson case went to the jurymen at 10 o'clock this morning. The jury returned at noon with a verdict of murder in the first degree, fixing the penalty at death. Jackson received the announcement with no manifestation except ashen paleness. Many of his relatives were present. The aged father of Pearl Bryan and her brother heard the verdict pronounced. A motion for a new trial was made.

As the result of a warning previously given by the judge there was no demonstration by the audience, but the verdict was evidently approved, for as soon as the court adjourned the spectators rushed to the jurors and shook their hands heartily. They also shook hands with each other.

## TALKED OF M'KINLEY.

**A. P. A. Executive Board and Advisory Committee in Secret Session.**

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The supreme council, A. P. A., continued consideration of routine matters today. Many resolutions were introduced and referred to various committees. The course to be pursued by the organization toward McKinley's candidacy was under consideration at a special meeting held last night of the executive board and advisory committee. The decision arrived at, if any, is kept a secret.

## UNITED STATES COWS.

From figures taken form the United

From figures taken from the census of 1890 and from various state bulletins gathered in 1895, near the close of the year, it is found that the farms of the United States now have about 17,000,000 milch cows, the estimated value of which run from $25 to $30 a head. Grouped as their product 17,000,000 of these cows were butter producers, 5,000,000 milch cows and 1,000,000 cheese producers. The average product of butter for each cow was 125 pounds, of milk 350 gallons and of cheese 280 pounds. The total value of the butter produced reckoned at 20 cents a pound was $275,000,000, of the milk at 9 cents a gallon $157,000,000, of cheese at 8 cents a pound $22,400,00. This makes the aggregate value of the dairy products of the country in 1895 to be $454,900,000. According to Henry E. Alvord, these average products of the milch cow ought to be large increased and they could be increased by careful selection and careful breeding. He insists that the American farmer ought to average 575 gallons of milk a year from each cow instead of 250 gallons and the butter and cheese product ought to average an increase also and they would do this if proper attention were given to careful breeding.

## POLICEMAN ALWAYS ON HAND.

Paris proposes to put an end to the complaint that a policeman can never be found by establishing seventy police kiosks in different parts of the city. A policeman will be always on duty there, who will communicate with the nearest station by telephone and at night will have another policeman with him to send out at once in case of need.


For Sale and For Rent cards at this office.

Book and magazine binding neatly done at the Journal Office.

Advertise in The Weekly Journal.


## STORM ON THE LAKE.

### Tuesday Night's Gale Was One of the Worst Ever Experienced.

Vivid Flashes of Lightning Continually and Torrents of Rain Fell.

**An Unknown Steamer Carried Away Eight Feet of the Schooner Belle's Jib-Boom Off Milwaukee—Story of the Storm.**

The schooner Belle, having on board a cargo of slabs for William Pugh, sailed into port yesterday afternoon. The reason that the vessel refused a tug was on account of the owners believing that tow bills were too high. After the schooner had reached the dock members of the Stevedores union refused to unload it because Mr. Pugh had not awarded them the contract for unloading coal during the season. Another gang of men was secured and the cargo discharged today.

It was noticed as the Belle sailed up the river that eight feet of the jibboom was broken off. Heavy weather having prevailed on the lake and fogs numerous, the average mariner believed that the schooner had been in trouble.

A representative of the Journal boarded the trim little craft and learned from Captain Griffith that his boat had a slight collision, or was struck by a steamboat off Milwaukee. He said that on Tuesday night the weather on Lake Michigan was the worst he ever experienced in his life. There was rain, thunder and lightning and fog continually. In fact it was so bad that not a scratch of canvas could be carried on the boat.

About 11 o'clock Tuesday night while laying off Milwaukee in a dense so bad that not a stitch of canvas the sound of a steamer's whistle was heard. The boat's fog horn was sounded, but on account of the terrible storm could not be heard far. Suddenly a steamer loomed up about amidships and it was almost certain that she would run the vessel down, but the crew on the boat must have seen the schooner in time, for the engines were reversed and the steamer swung off and as she steamed away the stern struck the jib-boom of the boat and broke it. On account of the fog and darkness Captain Griffith could not make out the name of the steamer, but believes that it was one of the F. & P. M. boats.

The storm at this end of the lake on Tuesday night will long be remembered by those who were caught in it. In speaking of it the Milwaukee Wisconsin says: "Heavy squalls followed each other in such rapid succession that it was almost an impossibility to carry canvas on sail vessels. lightning played about in a manner simply terrifying, the flashes often fairly blinding the sturdy mariners and threatening them with annihilation, while the rain poured down in torrents at short intervals. Balls of St. Elmo's fire added to the weirdness of the pyrotechnic display by dancing horn-pipes on the top-mast heads and executing gymnastic feats in great variety on the triantic and over lofty stays. "In an experience of twenty-five years on the water I never before passed through such a night," said Captain Paul Nielson of the schooner Emma Nielson. "The lightning in amount equalled the sum total of any ten seasons together while the squalls were perfectly bewildering." Several vessels caught well under the land narrowly escaped running ashore. One of them had reached water only ten feet deep when put about. Mishaps may have occurred at other points, but none are reported from the immediate vicinity of this port." Captain Griffith of the Belle says that every word of the above is true and that the whole of it is not half told.

## INSTEAD OF THE HORSE RACES.

The state fair association at Providence, R. I., has made an announcement that the first attraction in point of importance to be presented at next September's exposition will be an exhibition of horseless carriages, embracing as many of the known makes as it is possible to gather together. The show is to be only one feature of the attraction, which will include a series of races by the horseless carriages.


If weak, take Dr. Shoop's Restorative.


## YOU MUST PERSONALLY INVESTIGATE.

The grandest display in summer millinery has been exhibited this day at the annual summer opening of the M. L. Osius. Over two hundred styles, trimmed hats, marvellous in skill, cannot be explained in the columns, but they must be seen. Pay the establishment a visit and convince yourself.

Ali come and have fun at the M. E. church parlors Friday evening, May 15. Ladies are admitted by presenting a basket containing lunch for two, with their name hidden beneath the cover. Gentlemen will enter free of charge and lunch with the owners of the baskets.

## A MEAN ACT.

**Unknown Persons Smears St. Mary's Church Door With Eggs.**

During last night sometime unknown persons threw rotten eggs against the front door of the St. Mary's church. The janitor, Frank Kell, found the door badly smeared with eggs this morning and washed them off. It is believed that boys did it, but no matter who perpetrated the mean act, they should be ferreted out, arrested and punished to the full extent of the law for malicious mischief.

## ASPHYXIATED BY GAS.

**A Servant Girl Suicides at San Francisco—Her Employer Dies Also.**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Mary Rumann, a servant employed by James Allen Clark committed suicide by turning on the gas in the kitchen. Clark, who is eighty years of age, needing the girl's attention and receiving no answer to calls, went into the kitchen closing the door behind him. Being very feeble, he was quickly overcome by gas and was found dead.

## WILL RAISE A BIG SUM.

### Milwaukee Citizens Committee Proposes to Raise $5,000 to Deport the New Men.

MILWAUKEE, May 14.—The feature of the street car strike will be a conference between a committee of citizens and the directors of the railway company and a committee of striking employes. The citizens' committee proposes to raise $5,000 to be spent in deporting the new employes to make room for all the strikers. Nothing is expected from the conference, which will be held this afternoon, because deportation is impractible to many of the men, as they came to the company's assistance out of idleness and to return them to that state, after they have risked their lives to break the strike, would from their standpoint, be rank ingratitude.

## REPORTORIAL NOTES.

Chief Johnson is gradually improving.

Claudius Johnson was in Chicago yesterday on business.

F. J. Palica is on the road for the Common Sense Trunk Company.

Negotiations are on foot to place a telephone in the Racine life-saving station.

The Racine County Medical Society will meet at the office of Dr. Simms this evening.

William Davis and Charles Bloom are in Chicago today witnesssing the baseball game.

Mrs. Thomas Driver departed for Chicago on a visit to friends and relatives this morning.

There will be a meeting of the Cambrian Male chorus at 7:30 sharp this evening. All members are requested to be present.

Testimony in the case of Corse vs. Edwards is being taken today before Referee Charles Welsh in the circuit court room.

The members of the Bohemian Turner Society will tender an entertainment and ball at North Side Turner hall tomorrow evening.

The Liberal Reform Club and the city and ward committees of the People's party are requested to meet at the hall Friday night at 8 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Connolly and Anthony Miller of Chicago attended the funeral of their brother, Nicholas Miller, Jr., which took place today.

The Journal is in receipt of a package of seeds from Congressman Cooper. It is one of the thousands of packages sent out by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Sunday evening Rev. Grier is to take for his topic Theodore Parker, Unitarianisms heretic and the following Sunday evening he will give sterioptiocon views on New Testament history.

Word was received yesterday from Mrs. Anna Barnes, who is visiting relatives in Chicago, that her condition has been greatly improved. She is expected home in about ten days.

Frank K. Bull, W. M. Lewis and A. A. Guilbert have returned from a hunting and pleasure trip in the vicinity of Green Bay. They left the yacht Merlin at that place. Phil. Waekerlagen will return with the Merlin.


For Indigestion, Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

Have the Daily Journal delivered to your door every evening for 12 cents per week.


## FIRST STOCK FAIR.

### Held at Western Union Junction on the Farm of C. A. Brown.

Fifty Head of Horses Changed Hands During the Day.

**The Junction People's First Efforts Were Crowned With Success—Mr. Brown's Well Stocked Farm and His Fast Horses.**

Not so many years ago the country where Western Union Junction is now located was a wilderness. Citizens of Racine and other places used to go out there and shoot pigeons, quail, prairie chickens and other game. Now it is one of the main junctions of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company. Trains without number stop at the station and bring in and carry passengers to the east, west south and north. It is a very thrifty and busy little village and promises in a few years to eclipse any new town in Racine county.

Its location is admirable and the farms about the surrounding country are magnificent. The advantages afforded by the geographical location of the point is sufficient to convince anyone that a more promising future could not be desired.

Enterprise and push on the part of the people at the Junction is what brought it to the present high standing. One of the leading men at the Junction is C. A. Brown. The gentleman formerly lived at Milwaukee. He visited the junction at once saw its advantages, invested his money and today is interested in 1,400 acres of beautiful farm lands.

His farm well deserves the reputation it sustains of being one of the finest in the Northwest. There is a handsome residence, ice houses, barns, etc., and the meadows are simply magnificent. The gentleman has built a half mile track just east of his home and has three horse trainers at work all the time breaking in young horses and working out trotters. Mr. Brown drives a pair of Nutwood bred horses that turn a mile easily in 2:50 and also has a Prairie King mare that circles the half mile track in 1:06. His stock is all blooded and from the best in the land. Recently Mr. Brown purchased the creamery at that place and with Mr. Worthington will run it full blast. Sterilizing milk will be the feature of the plant and the product will be shipped to Milwaukee and other cities. The gentlemen will purchase all the milk it is possible to get in that section of the country.

Another feature and one which is bound to make the Junction the leading stock center of the state has been inaugurated. It is a stock fair association. Stock fairs will be held every second Tuesday of the month. The board of directors are William F. Bristol, C. A. Brown and Arthur Steele, three good men. The first fair was held yesterday. It brought together between four and five hundred farmers and stockmen from every section of this county, Milwaukee, Chicago and other cities.

Horses, cattle, hogs, seeds, farm machinery and farm products were brought to the place and the scene was an animated one. Many good horses were sold and it is estimated that 50 head changed hands. Sam Smith sold a fine Bolton Sprague for $150; Griffith Richards sold an Alden Goldsmith for a nice price and had other good ones there. Henry Herzog exhibited as fine a black team of Messenger breed as one would desire to see. Christian Ludwig, of Brighton exhibited a Clydesdale stallion weighing 1,908 pounds, said to be the finest in the country.

Thirty head of cattle belonging to Mr. Brown were sold at auction and brought from $25 to $35 apiece, A. Worsley being the auctioneer.

To enumerate the trades made would be impossible and to extend upon the scenes and incidents of the sale would fill a column space. One man traded an old skin for a mule and hitched the little beast with a horse twice his size. A gypsy undertook to ride a bucking mustang and was thrown over a fence.

Taking everything into consideration it was a big success and the next fair will be even larger.

The grounds are located upon the farm of Mr. Brown just south of the Junction. Sheds are to be erected and everything done to make it interesting and convenient for farmers and others who attend.

The Journal predicts a bright future for Western Union Junction.

The Inter-Mountain says every time copper goes up a cent a pound Butte receives the benefit to the extent of $2,000,000 a year.


For dyspepsia Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

Book and magazine binding neatly done at the Journal Office.

CALLING CARDS.
Neatly engraved at this office.


## SHE SHOOK HIM.

**A Handsome Man Shook by His Best Girl—Claimed to be a Detective.**

Yesterday afternoon a fine looking and well dressed man entered the police office. In a very mysterious manner he informed Desk Sergeant Jorgenson that he was a Pinkerton detective, that he was working on an important case and wanted a Pinkerton star. Mr. Jorgenson informed him that there were no stars of that kind in the office, that only the regulation star was on hand. The man said that would do, but Mr. Jorgenson told him that if he could show credentials that he was a Pinkerton man the star would be forthcoming. He left the office and said that he would wire Mr. Pinkerton at Chicago and be back after the star, but he came not. This morning it was reported at the office that a man answering the description of the alleged Pinkerton detective had called at one of the jewelry stores and had several rings, which he desired to have repaired and also displayed a number of stones. Officer Schumacher hunted up the fellow this morning and took him to the sheriff's office. He said that he was from Clinton Junction; that he used to wait upon a girl living on Hill street in this city; that he came to see her; that she gave him the bounce and he then demanded rings which he had given to her and she returned them, and that he took them to the Elkins jewelry store to have them repaired. The officer made an examination and found that the story was true. The fellow said that when he entered the police office and claimed that he was a detective that he was drunk and did not know what he was doing. He said that he would remain in the city a few days. In the meantime the officers will keep an eye on him.

## NOITANICCAV TSRIF ƎHT

**Celebration of the 100th Anniversary of the First Operation.**

The one hundredth anniversary of the first vaccination will occur on May 14. On that day, just a hundred years ago, Dr. Edward Jenner vaccinated a boy with cow's lymph with such success that a later vaccination with smallpox did not result in sickness of any kind. This memorable event is designated as "the birthday of vaccination," and represents the completion of a great work which saved the human race from the awful plague of smallpox. The experiment was the result of many years of thought and work. Jenner's experience had taught him that in that time almost every other man had at one time in his life been taken with smallpox, but that those who got well almost unexceptionally remained free from the disease for all future times. It became, therefore, a custom to purposely infect children with a mild type of smallpox by bringing them in contact with those stricken with this malady. This was called "buying pocks."

## MATRIMONIAL.

**Kerr-Carnes.**

Edwin R. Kerr of Kewaunee, Ill., and Ruby I. Carnes of Austin, Ill., were married at the Second M. E. church parsonage yesterday afternoon by Rev. C. S. Lane.

C. S. Foster of Western Union Junction has just sold twelve acres of land in that vicinity to C. A. Brown. The consideration is not stated.

## THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, May 14.—Wheat, May, 62⅝@; July, 63⅜@; corn, May, 28⅝@; July, 29⅝@; oats, May, 19⅝; July, 19⅝@; pork, May, $7.72½; July, $7.80; lard, May, $4.60; July, $7.50; ribs, May, $4.05; July, 5.12½@5.15; rye, 36½; barley No. 3, 29@30; flax, $0½; timothy, $3.30; clover, $7.40.

MILWAUKEE, May 14. — Flour steady; wheat steady; No. 2 spring, 61@63c; No. 1 northern, 63½; July, 63@63⅝. Corn firm; No. 3, 28½@29c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 20⅝@21c; No. 3 white, 20½; barley firm; No. 2 September, 42c; sample, 34c. Rye steady and quiet; No. 1, 39½c. Provisions firmer. Pork, 7.55@7.65; lard, $4.65@4.70.

Receipts — Flour, 4,200 barrels; wheat, 21,500 bushels; barley, 25,000 bushels.

Shipments—Flour, 13,800 barrels; wheat, 2,000 bushels; barley, 28,000 bushels.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Hogs—Receipts, 23,000; 5c higher; light, $3.30@3.55; mixed, $3.25@3.45; heavy, $3.05@4.00.

Cattle—Receipts, 9,000; strong to 10c higher; heavies, $3.45@4.40; cows, $1.60@3.85; Texans, 2.75@4.10; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.30.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000.

## THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—For Wisconsin—Thunderstorms tonight, afternoon; showers east, fair west Friday; increasing southerly winds; cooler.


A spring tonic. Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

CALLING CARDS.
Neatly engraved at this office.

For Sale and For Rent cards at this office.

Have your name and address neatly printed on the left hand corner of the envelope before mailing your letter.


Additional local on second page.

## OLD SETTLERS REUNION.

**Arrangements Made For the Annual Meeting June 18, at Union Grove.**

Editor of the Racine Daily Journal: I went to Union Grove yesterday to arrange for the meeting on June 18. I found everybody getting ready for the occasion. The same grounds will be used that were used last year.

The Waterford band of twelve pieces has been engaged. Mrs. J. S. Blakely has the singing arrangements nearly perfected.

Our friend Colby will welcome the old settlers upon the arrival of the train from Racine. We expect to have six coaches filled. The band will be at the depot and lead the old settlers to the grounds.

A company of cadets will follow, with the school children next in line. Then the officers will fall in line and all will go direct to the beautiful Skewes grove. All citizens present are invited to join in the procession.

Ample platforms and seats will be furnished and a good old fashioned dinner will be served with plenty of ice cream and strawberries. No pains will be spared to make the reunion a grand affair. With the help of Commodore Blakely we feel like saying: "With good weather we are sure to have a big time.

## NOTES OF THE DAY.

The bank of England contains silver ingots which have lain in its vaults since 1696.

Two hundred and thirty thousand people have licenses to sell or deal in beer in Great Britain.

Seven members of the British parliament hold 136 directorships in stock companies between them.

Cancer can be relieved and probably cured by local applications of calcium carbide according to Dr. Guinard of Paris.

The big rattlesnake at Greenwich garden, Peak's island, Me., has just completed an unbroken fast that lasted a year.

Emperor William has $250,000 worth of orders, German and foreign. When he travels he carries $150,000 worth of them in a safe.

The largest pure diamond, that belonging to the rajah of Mattan, weighs 367 carats. The one of next greatest weight, the Orloof, or Orloff, weighs 193 carats.

A north Missouri paper has adopted the plan of running the name of delinquent subscribers upside down in the paper whenever it has occasion to refer to them.

The discovery of a human skull in a good state of preservation by well diggers at a depth of forty feet beneath a solid, four-foot vein of coal, is attracting a good deal of attention at Dickinson, N. D.

Cork is the third most important of Spanish exports. In the province of Gerona alone it is estimated that 198,000 acres are devoted to the cultivation of cork trees, which produce about 20,000 tons, valued at $8,000,000.

The seven bibles of the world are the koran of the Mohammedans, the tri pitkes of the Buddhists, the five kings of the Chinese, the three vedas of the Hindoos, the zend-avesta of the Persians, the mormon and the scriptures of the Christians.

The German emperor has 350 carriages in his stables in Berlin. Of these 100 are for the use of his suite. The broughams, victorias and landaus used by the emperor and by the members of the royal family are all painted alike, and are never used by any one else.

In mineral production last year was a remarkably good one for the United States. The total reached $628,881,505, an increase over 1894 of $84,411,447. The aggregate yield of metals was $240,000,000, an increase of $40,000,000. The production of bituminous coal increased from $103,758,967 to $125,489,488.

It costs more to send a ton of goods from London to the west of Ireland than to Japan. A ton of woolen goods can be forwarded from London to New York for 20 shillings; to Chicago, 1,000 miles inland, for 35 shillings, and to Japan for 50 shillings. The same goods sent from Derry to London cost 70 shillings, and from Gweedore, fifty miles inland, 120 shillings.

John Dennes, the English critic and dramatist (1675-1734), invented some artificial thunder which the managers of the Drury Lane theatre rejected in conection with Dennis' play, but afterward used in a representation of Macbeth. Upon hearing this, the unfortunate playwright exclaimed: "They won't act my tragedy, but they steal my thunder."

The 111-ton Armstrong gun has an extreme range of fourteen miles, firing a shot weighing 1,800 pounds, and requiring 960 pounds of powder. The enormous expense of these large guns has led to their being practically abandoned, for besides the actual cost of each shot the gun itself was unable to bear the strain of ever being fired a hundred times.


CALLING CARDS.
Neatly engraved at this office.

# THE DEVIL'S PLAYGROUND.

By Jay Mackie.

[Copyright, 1894, by Frederick A. Stokes Company.]

death on their way from their swarming houses to the horse stable, and how children had been overtaken by these same blizzards and perished miserably on their way to school.

They hurried along the shelving terrace, and as they went the feathery flakes of snow fell thicker and more quickly around them. They could not see the valley beneath, but as yet the overhanging terrace behind somewhat protected them from the keen wind that was blowing. In less than five minutes there was a carpet of snow under their feet, and despite the sheltering cliff it was impossible to see more than a few paces ahead of them. Over their heads they could see the snow scurrying along at a pitiless, fearful rate. They knew it would be impossible for any living thing to exist on that exposed plateau. Suddenly they were shut in by semidarkness. It grew icy cold as the wind dashed the half frozen snow against their hands and cheeks, and as it was difficult to hear each other speak by reason of the noise of the wind and the hissing of the blizzard they were in a sorry plight.

Now, on the level prairie, where there is nothing to offer any obstruction to the fury of the wind and snow, one of the peculiar features of the blizzard is the almost utter absence of all sound. A blizzard is a terribly real but a ghostly thing, for on the open prairie one seems struggling with an invisible force that is silent as the grave. But here, in this wildly irregular and honeycombed country, the elements broke and eddied round the great pillars of clay as if the devil were playing in a shrill minor key on a species of Pan's pipes.

Instinctively she had held out her hand to him, and he had taken it and led her along impassively. Suddenly they drew back in fear—the terrace had suddenly broken off, part of it had slid away from the cliff alongside, and the continuation of the terrace was probably far beneath them. To reach it the descent would be almost perpendicular, which would necessitate a cool head and firm nerves. Dick paused nonplused, but Mrs. Tredennis caught him by the arm, and placing her mouth close to his ear said in a quiet, steady voice:

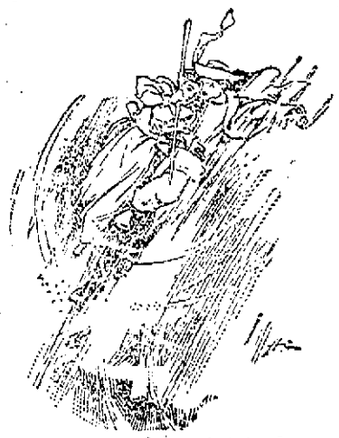
"I am not afraid to go down there; besides, I have got this stick, and if you give me your hand I think we could manage it. We must get to better shelter than we have here, anyhow."

Her eyes were perfectly calm and untroubled despite the danger in which they were, and there was no murmur or complaint upon her lips. The childlike confidence she seemed to place in him somewhat touched him and gave him courage.

"All right," he shouted back. "There can be no danger if you only clasp your hands round this belt of mine and brace yourself so against the side of the cliff. Now, then!"

There was no time to lose. He knew that every minute's delay meant danger. Besides they were both becoming chilled and less capable of performing a feat such as they now proposed to do.

They stepped over the brink. Dick planted his feet firmly on the now somewhat slippery clay. He had taken off a spur, and, grasping it firmly in one hand, had dug the neck securely into the wall of earth. It helped to steady him. But the wall-like bank was more difficult to maintain a footing on than they had bargained for. As if they had suddenly shot over some slippery glacier on an Alpine peak they slid down it at a sickening rate. If they should strike now one of those narrow terraces by reason of the impetus which they had gained they would go clean over it, on to what it was horrible to think. There was only one thing to be done. Mrs. Tredennis was worse than a dead weight to him, and her slim ankle boots offered no resistance to the soft slippery bank. Dick looked into the face of Mrs. Tredennis, and though there was nothing like panic or fear in it he saw she realized the situation. In another second she had loosened her hold on his belt and was about to throw herself from him when he divined her purpose. With one supreme effort he wound his arm round her waist, and, lifting her sheer off her feet, rested her against his right side. He dug his feet firmly into the clay with the energy of despair and braced himself against the precipitous wall. His increased weight steadied him, and he found that his feet could offer a greater resistance to the treacherous clay, and his impetus was lessened. In another minute his feet struck a narrow platform, and, throwing himself against it, he strained every nerve in his



*In another minute his feet struck a narrow platform.*

body to prevent their going over. In another second they knew that they were saved, from one horrible death at least.

Then Dick released his grip upon Mrs. Tredennis, but still held her firmly by one hand. Her face was somewhat pale, and her eyes were strangely bright, but there was nothing approaching to fear in them. It was only when she peered over the edge of the terrace on which they crouched and saw the misty depth beneath them that she realized from what she had escaped.

There was something in her conduct that Dick could not reconcile with his late estimate of her. She had, he believed, in the past sacrificed her love of him—such as it must have been—to worldly considerations. But still, when they were slipping down that bank together, she had not hesitated to release her hold on him—though it meant certain death to her—in order that she might not endanger his chances of escape. Ninety-nine girls in a hundred, he told himself, in a similar situation, even if they had possessed the presence of mind, would have considered their own safety first. That she was ready to sacrifice her own life for his was a revelation and enigmatical.

When Dick spoke to her, it was in a different mood from that in which he had addressed her on a previous occasion, but he infused as much brusqueness into his speech as he could muster.

"You must not do such a foolhardy thing again," he said. "You see your extra weight was a help to me, and not a source of danger, as you imagined. We must get out of this. Give me your hand, so. Do you think you could stand on this narrow path without getting dizzy?"

"If you hold my hand, Dick," she replied, raising her eyes to his. But she looked away again, as if conscious that she was upon dangerous ground, and which was not in accordance with the policy she had determined upon.

Faster and faster whirled the blinding snow, hiding everything from their sight, and perhaps it was as well, for now it shut out the abyss that yawned beneath them. Dick raised her from the ground, and taking her by the hand led her along the narrow winding ledge. Sometimes, when the eddying wind caught them, it threatened to dash them from their scanty foothold.

At length the terrace got broader, and the wall of the cliff at certain places became hollowed out and overhung them, forming a series of cavelike recesses, which were comparatively sheltered and dry. On the exposed part of the terrace the footing now became so uncertain and difficult that it was dangerous to proceed. At length they came to a recess that seemed to pierce farther into the cliff than the others. By this time Mrs. Tredennis showed signs of fatigue, and Dick was afraid that, despite her uncommon pluck, she would play out altogether.

"We had better go in here and rest," he said. "It is impossible for any one to live on the bench in such a storm, even if it were possible to get there."

She simply bowed her head by way of assent, and he led her into the cave, which was perfectly dry, and which, though cold, seemed a very haven of refuge from the blinding blizzard. They staggered in, and Mrs. Tredennis, sinking on a low ledge of rocks, buried her face in her hands and lay for a few moments motionless, as if to recover from the strain of the last terrible 30 minutes.

"Oh, those poor girls!" were the first words she uttered. She never for an instant seemed to consider her own position, doubly perilous as it was. A stranger to have heard her would have thought that she had been guilty of something worse than carelessness in allowing them to stray into that wilderness. Travers assured her, as well as he might, of the advantages of the place, so far as shelter was concerned, in which he had left Holmes and the two girls. Besides, he knew that the former could be counted upon to act with promptitude and discretion in an emergency.

And still the blizzard raged outside. It was as if a broken avalanche of snow and ice were borne along on the pitiless breath of a hurricane.

The devil was playing a bold game.

## CHAPTER XVI.

### A BLIZZARD.

When Dick Travers left the two girls and Holmes, the latter came to the conclusion that the best thing to be done under the circumstances (seeing that two were company and three were none, for the sage was not above the petty weaknesses of mankind) was to find the fossil ground and get back to camp as soon as possible. Furthermore, despite his inexperience, Jack did not altogether like the look of the weather, and he knew that now, since the two young ladies were under his care, if anything happened to them he was mainly responsible. He knew that Mrs. Tredennis was in the best of hands with Dick.

They followed down the creek and found the bank without much trouble. It proved a veritable storehouse of curiosities. They found seashells of every variety and pattern, from the homely cockle to a species the like of which and the existence of which they had never dreamed. As for fish, they were of every shape and size. The very skin was so wonderfully preserved that it glistened silvery white and pink. They were gathering some beautiful specimens, culling and discarding others and keeping up a merry fire of banter the while, when suddenly the sage called out:

"Hello! Look there! We must get back to camp as soon as possible. I wonder if Dick has found Mrs. Tredennis? If that isn't a blizzard coming up, then all I have heard about them is nonsense."

He pointed to the northwest. There, surely enough, was a great dark shadow slowly spreading itself over the face of the sky. There was a deadly stillness in the air, and it had grown cold, but in their warm tweed dresses the girls had not thought much of that.

Sssh-w-i-s-h!

On it came, and, despite their light heartedness and inexperience, it was an ominous and eerie sound. It was the first breath of a wind that suggested the frozen regions of the north, and the change, from even a sickly, watery gleam of sunshine, was sudden enough to be startling.

"Give me those shells," said Holmes. He took the pocket handkerchief containing the fossils from the girls. "Now, if you have ever followed up the otter hounds, imagine that you are at a hunt now. The sooner we get back in camp the better."

They ran and walked by turns back to where they had left the wagon and horses. As yet the girls were in no way alarmed. Their idea of a storm was limited at the most to the recollection of an old country one, which, always at its worst, would give those who were caught in it a few hours at least to place themselves beyond the reach of its fury, and before the snow would get too deep for a team to travel.

"It seems to me," said Holmes, "that we are in the direct track of the storm, for such I've no doubt that it is. It would be folly to keep the horses down in this hollow, for if it comes on to snow we will never get them out. It looks clearer to the east. We must travel in that direction. Into the wagon both of you. We will drive back along the brow of the cliff, where we left Mrs. Tredennis, and with whom Dick doubtless now is, and pick them up. It would be madness to remain here in this strange, broken country. We should never leave it."

Loath though the two girls were to make a move that might possibly upset the calculations of their companions and perhaps be the means of missing them should they descend to this camping ground by some other way, they nevertheless could see the folly of remaining in such a dangerous place as "The Devil's Playground" would prove to be in the event of a storm. Holmes hitched up the horses. They clambered into the wagon, and away they rattled up the dangerous path by which they had descended. Ere they came to the steepest part they alighted, and it took Holmes all his time to coach the two wiry horses safely on to the bench again.

Sss-i-sh!

Holmes plied his whip.

Ten minutes more, and they stood on the brink of the hideous gulch.

"Where on earth are they?" he cried in tones of annoyance and looking around excitedly.

A sickly ray of sunlight just then shot like a wan meteor from the gray heavens, and piercing the semitwilight of the gloomy, gruesome valley rested for a second on the face of the eyeless, loathsome saurian, which seemed to grin horribly, and on that of the wicked, leering old toad.

The girls shivered instinctively as their eyes rested upon them.

"What a wizard's freak!" the elder of the two remarked. "Bunyan or Dante could not have dreamed of a more horrible place. Nature must have meant to embody the idea of a nightmare when she fashioned this valley."

"Hold the reins, one of you girls." The sage was forgetting his manners in his excitement, but perhaps the gravity of the position justified dispensing with ceremony just then. He ran to the brow of the cliff, and putting his hands to his lips gave out the cry of that far off world, the Australian "Coo-ee!" again and again. He paused and listened in a state of painful, nervous tension and scanned every corner of the valley in sight. But there was no sign of life in that wild spot.

"It's too bad," cried Holmes despairingly. "They could hardly have started back to the camp without letting us know of it, but it's just probable they have done so. I don't think it possible that they can be here. Anyhow it is as much as our lives are worth to stop on this exposed plateau. We must get back to the shelter of Wild Horse creek—the only clear spot left in the sky is to the east. There's no help for it. Give me the reins. Thanks. Now, don't alarm yourselves if I give you rather a rough ride."

S-w-i-s h, hi-sss!

He gave a last despairing look at the ill fated valley and groaned aloud in spite of himself.

"Oh, Dick, Dick!" he groaned under his breath. "I thought that woman would somehow be the death of you in the long run."

He was loyal to his friend, but he admitted at last what he had striven to banish from his thoughts time and again.

"You must not leave them," cried the older of the two girls despairingly. "You shall not leave them like this. Just imagine what they will think of us when they find that we have driven off and left them."

But perhaps, after all—for she was only human—there was only one whose good opinion she now valued, for toward the other she experienced a growing feeling of distrust and bitterness.

The younger sister in turn added her appeals.

But Jack Holmes was adamant for once. He turned the horses' heads, and giving them a loose rein drove over the sloping bench in a manner that was more perilous than pleasant.

Jack Holmes thought—judging by the rather ominous looks of the two girls—that it would be as well that he should justify his action and said:

"Their only hope is in our being able to bring them help. You must recollect that no one knew exactly where we were going. Had we remained in the valley we would most likely have got snowed in, without any likelihood of getting out. Wrap these rugs round you and lie down in the bottom of the rig, for here it comes."

And, with a rush that was appalling in its suddenness, the full force of the blizzard was upon them. Luckily their course did not lie in the face of it, for it would have been impossible for any living thing to have made headway against it. It struck them sideways, and the horses staggered and cowered for an instant, and the wagon swayed, but Holmes, plying the whip and shouting to them at the top of his voice, rallied them. In another second they bounded away at headlong speed down the sloping bench. Perhaps they had not received the full fury of the blizzard as yet, or they would have surely perished on that exposed plateau.

Tallyho! Yo-icks! The hunting field in the old country is an exciting place truly. One wants a spice of danger to give zest to the tameness and insipidity of an advanced and leisured civilization. But a run for life with a blizzard on a trackless and exposed plateau—

Hisss-s-w-i-ssh!

Holmes had slipped on his mitts and had taken the course of a slight declivity that became as it descended a slight coulee, which he knew led ultimately toward the great cut bank and strip of timber in Wild Horse creek and which he strove to win. The girls did as they were bid and lay down in the bottom of the wagon. Holmes bowed his head and stole an occasional glance in the direction in which they were traveling, but now the scurrying, blinding snow made it impossible to see more than a few yards ahead of him. It was a dangerous ride, the horses knowing by former experiences that they were making for shelter, and maddened by the stinging, icy blast they tore onward at headlong speed. Several times the wagon struck rough bowlders of rock which protruded from the ground, and there would be a sharp, sickening concussion. The wagon would sway wildly for a minute or two. Would something give, or the wagon capsize? Then it would right itself, rattle onward on its perilous career again, and they would breathe more freely. Sometimes the wind was so strong and the snow so blinded and choked him that Holmes groaned in very agony of spirit and thought it was all up with him. Then he would think of the two inexperienced and helpless girls who lay huddled in the bottom of the wagon, and the thought would flash across his mind that their lives depended upon his bearing up. Then, choking and gasping for breath, he would rouse himself to a fresh endeavor.

And now the slight hollow became a coulee. The broken ground and the snow drifting into it somewhat impeded their progress, but the two game broncho plunged gallantly on. Another 15 minutes of a steady run down a grassy bottom and Holmes began to wonder if by any chance he had missed Wild Horse creek, the timber and high cut bank, when suddenly the horses came to a dead stop. It was the creek. Holmes jumped out and reconnoitered as far as he dared.

Finding that he could cross the dry bed of the creek with but little trouble, he climbed into the wagon again and struggled across with the horses. Then he thought there seemed to be a slight lull in the severity of the storm, and lifting up his head he could see the great, dim outlines of trees looming up ahead of him, like specters through a mist. He drove the horses through the dense undergrowth and among the trees. The wind seemed to have fallen somewhat. Suddenly he discovered the cause of it. He was confronted by a great wall of clay and could discern a black seam running through it, which he knew was coal.

"It is Wild Horse creek anyhow," he cried aloud, regardless as to whether the others could hear him or not. "We can choose a sheltered spot and wait until the blizzard lifts. It cannot be more than a few miles from camp at the most. They are sure to come down the creek in search of us. It would be worse than madness to proceed a foot farther at present, for I don't know exactly where we are, and we might only be straying farther from camp."

He followed round the foot of the cliff for about 100 yards or so, and finding a well sheltered nook unhitched the horses and tied them up to trees. There was a dense grove of maples close to the cliff, and wheeling the wagon close up to it and with the aid of a tomahawk he soon made a tolerably good camping ground. He then lifted out the two girls and prepared to make the best of things until the storm lifted.

## CHAPTER XVII.

### THE GRIM TWIN SHADOWS.

It was the worst blizzard and lasted longer than any that ever had been known within the memory of man—that is, the red man, for the number of years the whites had been in the country could be counted on one's fingers. The losses, so far as stock was concerned, were bad enough. But as for human life, to many a family that year is fraught with sorrowful memory. For two days had the blizzard raged without intermission, and it was impossible for search parties to organize or venture out after the missing ones. Those who were in comparative safety could only sit inactive by the stove and chafe over the harrowing knowledge that every minute was increasing the miseries of those who were missing and lessening the chances of their being found alive.

In the camp on Wild Horse creek which the unlucky picnickers had left on that eventful morning were Tredennis, Cousin Ned, Reynolds and Briggs, the first named three having been fortunate enough to make the camp on the approach of the storm. When Tredennis had returned and found that the picnic party had not turned up, he prepared to start right out after them regardless of the storm. But here Reynolds asserted his superior experience. He pointed out the foolhardiness of the attempt and showed how the hope of the ultimate recovery of the party depended on conserving their strength and being prepared for prolonged exertion as soon as the opportunity permitted. To go out then would only be to get lost themselves and delay matters still more. Tredennis allowed himself to be influenced, but still chafed over the delay. Being one of those undemonstrative men who suffer in silence, his attempts to control his impatience were piteous to witness.

Ere the storm had attained its height three Indians, riding and leading pack horses, came right on to the camp. They had evidently just come off the open prairie and were searching as best they could for suitable shelter. It was hard to say whether the Indians or the white men were the more surprised at thus meeting each other. When the latter of the prairie—they were Cree Indians returning from a horse stealing expedition, and they had cached their horses—had satisfied themselves that it was not a mounted police camp they had struck, they pitched a tepee as well as they could right alongside that of the white man's with farseeing views of a mercenary nature. Reynolds, who knew sufficient of the Cree language to be able to converse freely with them, told how that certain of their party were lost, and after conferring with Tredennis made an arrangement by which, for certain considerations, they should as soon as the blizzard abated assist them in their search for the missing ones. These intelligent children of nature straightway drew their snowshoes from their packs and started in to construct a couple of spare pairs. It was a revelation to Tredennis and showed him more plainly than anything could have done how uncertain the climate was considered by those who knew it best.

All that night and all next day the blizzard raged. Once Reynolds had gone out to have a look at the horses. But he had not gone five yards from the tents when he found the force of the blizzard so great that he could not make any headway against it whatever. So, blinded and choking, he returned to the tent.

In the cave on the terrace that overhung "The Devil's Playground" there were darkness and stillness, while the blizzard raged outside. True, the man and woman who occupied it were for the time being safe, but still they could not conceal from themselves the fact that perhaps they had been only saved from a sudden death to perish miserably by a more painful and lingering one. Travers had explored the several rambling passages that branched from the cave in various directions, but they all, after winding about, ended in a blank wall of clay. He realized then that they were as completely cut off from all communication with the outside world as it were possible for two persons to be. When he returned to Mrs. Tredennis, he found her sitting on a bowlder of clay. She looked up quickly, and as well as she could in the dim light looked into his eyes. He somehow turned uneasily from her, though he tried hard to assume an easy manner. It was she who first broke the silence.

"You have come back to report that we have been caught in a trap," she said quietly. "You need not be afraid to tell me that. The only thing that troubles me as yet is the thought of those poor girls. In fact, and you need not gainsay it, I was the means of bringing you all here. I seem to bring nothing but misfortune to my friends." She added this speech as if it were an afterthought and spoke it bitterly. Dick observed that she rubbed her two hands weakly together, as if she had tried to infuse some warmth into them. He sprang to her side.

"You must not risk frost bite," he said gently. "Give me your hands."

He took her hands between his own—as it is customary to do when frost bite is feared—and she assented passively. Then he chafed them between his own until he had infused some degree of warmth into them. He took a warm pair of mitts from his breast—he had forgotten them till now—and drew them over her hands. "Luckily I took the Scotsman's advice," he remarked. "Now give me your feet."

Tenderly and reverently, as a husband or a brother would have done, he unlaced her ankle boots, and taking them off made her chafe them to restore the circulation of the blood. She had held them out to him, one after another. There was no trace of embarrassment or mock modesty in her manner. She was simple and childlike in her obedience to him. He drew a pair of thick woolen socks over those she wore, and was about to draw a pair of moccasins over them when she gently put out her hands and prevented him.

"No, Dick," she said firmly. "If you have adopted precautions that other people laughed at, are you to suffer for them? You shall not rob yourself like this. My feet will be perfectly warm without these moccasins. You must put them on yourself."

And though he demurred and assured her that, being accustomed to the cold, he had no trouble in keeping his own feet warm, she was firm, and reluctantly he was obliged to remove his own boots and put them on himself. He gently pointed out to her the absurdity of blaming herself for the troubles that were independent of any human foresight. For awhile after this there was silence in the cave. It grew dark, and instinctively they drew nearer to each other.

"You must lie down and try to get some rest," he said at length. "Take this coat and put it under your head. No, no,"—she had made a quick gesture of dissent—"what I want is a good walk up and down this cave, and then after you have slept I shall lie down, and you can see that I do not sleep too long. You understand we must conserve our strength, for we may need it all before we get out of this."

"If ever we do, Dick," she remarked simply. It was a strange speech for a young woman to make, and what struck him as odd was her remarkable indifference as to her fate. She was keenly alive as to the danger in which her friends were and evidently blamed herself as being the cause of all the trouble. Dick had once got his head examined by a phrenologist, who had told him that he had no fear of death. Surely she also was of the same condition of mind.

She did as she was told, and lying down on the bare ground—there was no dry grass that they could pull and make a couch of—and placing his coat under her head prepared to sleep.

Dick sat still for a few minutes until by her stillness he concluded she was asleep and then paced the cave backward and forward. The exercise did him good, and soon under its influence he acquired some degree of warmth and felt altogether in a more contented frame of mind. He could now reflect more clearly and dispassionately upon the events of the last 12 hours. He knew, weigh it in the most favorable light he could, that if the storm lasted—which it had every likelihood of doing—for the next 24 hours they were doomed, for even if he could escape from the terrace by taking chances and dropping from some low point into a snowdrift his strength by that time would be so reduced that he could not possibly force his way through the deep snow, and he must necessarily perish in it, worn out by fatigue, hunger and exposure. He hoped that Holmes, who might have seen the approach of the storm, had driven off the girls to a place of safety or perhaps even have regained the camp. He knew they had not gone without first looking for him. Presuming that Tredennis, Cousin Ned and Reynolds had not been themselves caught in the blizzard, how could they possibly find them, seeing that without snowshoes it would be impossible to pick their way across the intervening miles of deep snow? Death, so far as simply ceasing to exist was concerned, did not trouble him.

There was no one depending on his existence for daily bread, and there was no one whose heart would be sore and heavy for many a weary day because he was not. He felt something akin to a cynical pleasure in the very thought of this. No, his had been a wrecked life, one of those checkered existences which, after a strongly marked and hectic career, set in darkness and are forgotten.

And a woman had wrecked his life (for the loss of wealth was a questionable loss, after all), and surely it was a strange turn in the wheel of fate that she who had wrought this evil should perish with him. It was a terrible Nemesis, this living death. In his dark moments during a reckless career he had cursed her in his heart. At times thoughts had flashed across his mind—nor is there any royal immunity granted from evil thoughts—which in his more sober moments he had shuddered to think himself capable of. He had thought that to see her perish miserably, even if he had to perish with her, would be some consolation to his outraged sense of honor. Strange, is it not, that such wishes are sometimes gratified? It was a remarkable series of events that had thrown them together again, and though he knew that she deserved his contempt and that a cool restraint ought to characterize his relations with her, still the old spell was too powerful for him. Like a drunkard that loathes the chains he himself forges and which drag him down to death, he had whispered her name with a fond desire in the same breath as he had cursed her.

"Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's wife." By the sacred and unwritten law of man she ought to have been his. If she had sold herself to Tredennis, and something in her manner told him she had, was the venal law to triumph over a higher code and prevent him from possessing that which by God's law of natural selection ought to have been his? Perhaps he had been stronger than he had deemed himself.

Probably the natural inherent qualities of the man—the true man in him—had been too powerful for these enervating moral thoughts. He was no hero, but he had wrestled manfully with them. As it was, so far as man's social laws were concerned, he had in no way violated them. He could meet that husband, whom he had learned for his many good qualities to respect, with a conscience comparatively clear. Evil thoughts are sinful, says the bigot. No battle, no victory, is the reply.

*He roused himself from the train of thought.*

As to his ultimate fate it somehow did not interest him, as he had imagined it would. He had faced death in various forms before in his wild latter life and even indulged in a strange vein of speculation on its contingencies. He was not superstitious, but looking upon the impending tragedy in the light of a retributive act of justice he knew that it was by no means undeserved. If he had never neglected the first principles of honor in his treatment and relations to others, he had sinned in that he had for the last few years neglected and wasted that life which God had given him. He had not valued it as he ought to have done, and it had suffered in consequence.

"Dick!"

He started and roused himself from the train of thought which he had been pursuing. Mrs. Tredennis must have been asleep for some hours, and he had hardly noticed how the time passed.

Had she called him? Or was it only one of those realistic tricks the taxed brain will sometimes play itself? Shipwrecked sailors, men lost in the bush, fever patients, can all tell strange stories regarding such mysterious voices.

But she was awake and rose to her feet.

"Have you had a good sleep?" he asked her cheerily by way of breaking the stillness that seemed to be an actual presence in the cave.

"Yes, and now you must lie down. It is not nearly so cold as I thought it would be. What a comfortable pillow this coat makes!"

"I am glad you liked it. It is still snowing, but if it stops let me know at once; otherwise you need not mind cooking breakfast till I get up. There will be lots of time then."

It was a ghastly joke, though its intention was good, and she laughed pleasantly. One not conversant with the circumstances would never have imagined that it hinged upon a matter of life or death. Dick lay down, and in a few minutes was fast asleep.

When he awoke some hours later, there was a dusky twilight in the cave, and he felt somewhat cold and stiff. He saw with but little surprise that the snow still fell heavily, though the extreme force of the wind had somewhat abated. Mrs. Tredennis sat opposite him, and though she regarded him with a smile upon her face, he could see that her eyes were troubled and that serious thoughts had left their impress on her face.

"Good morning," she said, with a quiet humor. "Will you breakfast now, or will you wait until the cook gets up?"

"Thanks, my appetite is hardly good enough at present," he answered, trying to treat the subject in a like vein; "anyhow I fear that what we have in the larder has not been improved by the hot weather."

He tried to assume a cheerful appearance, but the sight of her pale face somewhat spoiled the effect. He rose and went to the mouth of the cave.

"It is impossible to see more than a few yards," he said. "It would be folly to attempt it. One would be lost before going 50 yards."

He knew that to have attempted to find his way back to the camp through that blizzard would simply have been to sacrifice all hope of rescue for her, for he must surely have perished in it. True, it did not matter about his own life, but, considered as a means of saving another—however worthless he might consider that life—it was his duty to avoid risking it, for, contradictory as it might appear, his researches after the truth had taught him that man was a responsible being and owed a duty toward his fellow man.

After all, his estimate of the evil he had thought himself capable of was much in excess of his fitness or inclination to see it accomplished. Pitifully human though he was in many things, he had still a heart that could find no solace in a selfish and blind revenge.

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Morning became midday, midday became afternoon, and the afternoon rounded toward evening again, and still the snow fell, drifting down in one dense cloud which shut out even the terrace from sight and made a twilight in the cave.

As the day wore on the want of all food, which, during the excitement of the first few hours had not troubled them, now exerted its influence, and they began to feel its overpowering effect upon mind and body. In the morning, to avoid thinking too seriously about the privations that they would experience during the coming day, they had even made painful jokes at their own and each other's expense, but now, although the spirit was willing, the flesh was weak. Dick could not but admire the spirit of this woman, the very vigor of whose health he knew must cause her to feel the deprivation keenly, but yet who never for a moment murmured or complained, but tried by her cheerful example to draw the thoughts of her companion from the grim shadows that hovered over them. Still things physical will influence the tendency of one's thoughts, and Dick, partly because the reminiscences were called up vividly to his mind by the circumstances of the present, related to her an experience he once had in northern Queensland.

It was in 1883, in the western portion of the comparatively unknown and unexplored gulf of Carpentaria country, and Dick was with a party which had been searching for grazing country and was now on its way down to the coast to meet a vessel which by prearrangement was to replenish their supplies. They had been traveling on a gushet of land between two great rivers—the Abel Tasman and the Robinson—when the wet season suddenly came on, and they were hemmed in and surrounded by miles of flooded country.

It was a terrible mockery. Some few weeks before they had been dying of thirst, but with no lack of food, but now they were in danger of being drowned, and had run out of all rations. The large game had taken to the ranges; the floods would not allow the fish to ascend the now overflowing rivers; the mob of blacks with them—which required considerable watching—had cleaned out the opossums and other small game on the island on which they were, and their small shot had run out. An occasional parrot and iguana were their scanty bill of fare. Sometimes these, with the addition of a handful of flour, and made into a sort of soup, were all there was to support life for a whole day among some half dozen men. Then they got down to snakes, and after a struggle Dick managed to reconcile himself to them, and even to consider himself lucky when the blacks would bring in an extra big one, and he would get a few extra ounces of its flesh. And then these, too, began to get scarce. The name of one of his comrades was Tom Hume, an Edinburgh man, who had been a sailor in his time—a man of rough exterior, but who was warm hearted withal. He was an incorrigible wag, and spared nothing and no one when he saw a chance of perpetrating his little joke.

About this time, as starving men will, they began to be irritable and fanciful. Starvation and anxiety had done their work, and they began to eye each other suspiciously. Hume, taking advantage of Dick's verdancy, and knowing that that individual must have as a boy read his share of cannibalistic literature, such as the deeds perpetrated by shipwrecked crews, etc., called him aside and imparted the following advice with an air of great secrecy:

"Look here, Dick, I've just got a hint that one of us has to hand in his checks—to save the lives of the others. Now, if I have to hand out the 'long straws and the short' when I come to you take the inside straw! If old Macleod is the man who has to be sacrificed, take my advice and don't touch him—starve

like a man instead. He's so full of Queensland rum that any one making a meal of him will acquire such a taste for booze that his life will be a misery to him forever afterward."

Dick said in conclusion with a laugh:

"The best of it was, that judging from the very decidedly partiality poor Tom had for the product of the sugar cane, I should have imagined that he had helped to dispose of worse subjects than poor Macleod in his time."

It was hardly the sort of a story that a man would tell a lady under ordinary circumstances. But on this occasion it answered its purpose; Mrs. Tredennis laughed in spite of the gruesomeness of the tale.

"And how did you get out of your fix?" she inquired, resting her chin upon her hand, and regarding Dick curiously. "Had you to sacrifice poor old Macleod?"

"Oh, no." Dick rejoined. "One of the men swam the river, fetched across a horse, and we had a regular picnic then. And when the ship with our supplies made its appearance in the river, we treated the crew—who had been living on salt pork for six weeks—to what, they declared, were the finest mutton chops they had ever tasted in their lives."

## CHAPTER XVIII.

### WHICH WINS.

One—two—three days now. An abandonment of hope, and grim famine setting its seal upon the pinched, weary faces of the two doomed beings in the cave. It was glorious prey for King Death—the young, the strong, the beautiful. He had them so securely that he loved to linger over his work and note the varying aspects of the unequal struggle ere the final and grand change came and the animate became the inanimate. He would insidiously suggest hope, so that they might experience the bitterness of disappointment.

They had borne the first pangs of hunger and exposure with a cheerfulness that only those who are fashioned in the mold of heroes can assume. As their sufferings became greater and their waking moments were full of a dull agony, still they never once murmured, but bore up with unwavering fortitude. Only when sleep came in her mercy to them did they have moments of forgetfulness. Then their thoughts strayed away from that forlorn, snow clad, desolate landscape, and they lived in a land of peace and plenty, of green, sunny fields and shady meadows—old country meadows, whose beauties only those who have lived and suffered in the dark places of the earth can fully realize.

At times they had the hallucinations which come to those in delirium and the dying, when the present and the immediate past were utterly effaced, and in spirit they lived the happy days of childhood over again; when they saw and spoke with those dear ones who had long since passed away without the slightest consciousness of loss. Trivial incidents and scenes of childhood, that had long since been forgotten, came back with all the freshness and vividness of reality. There were no such things as the stern and worldly cares that come with the growing years to dispel the tender dreams of youth and purity, to dim the speaking eye and furrow the fair brow. Oh, the difference between now and then!

And those voices in the air, those phantom voices—whence came they? Now it was as if they heard a peal of marriage bells floating in the still air. Now it was as if they came from the old church on the hilltop, and they were ringing out the dying year and heralding the new. And then, as if with some subtle sense of the irony of fate, they were tolling solemnly, sadly and slowly as if for the dead. Music was an all potent presence to the wandering senses then. At times they heard snatches of the old, old familiar airs that had soothed and sent them to sleep as children. What a rush of sacred memories came with these old airs! Then, it was the clear voice of a soprano, like a silver thread running through a brocade of gold, as it rose in some soul inspiring anthem. There were voices that they knew well and voices that they had forgotten, but they peopled the air and called on them by name, and were none the less real to their wearied senses.

It was early morn and Dick Travers sat with a set, preoccupied face, looking out upon the gloom and the snow that still drifted at intervals into the cave. He could now distinguish Mrs. Tredennis, who was lying on the other side opposite him, her face now looking thin and wasted, resting upon that old coat, which he would insist upon her using. She was asleep. It did not look much like the face of one to whom death was an agony, for her lips were slightly parted and there was a smile upon them.

But her face wavered in the uncertain light, and the smile vanished; a kaleidoscopic flash of broken thoughts and ideas in his weary brain, and then—

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Noon, in a tropical Australian forest, with a burnished sun set in a cloudless sky of blue; a stockman's hut peeping from a dense mass of greenery, with its bark roof, and overshadowed by giant trees from whose branches great wreaths of trailing vines covered with flowers of purple and white and scarlet hung. There are golden wattle, euellia and hybiscus blossoms. Rare orchids and grotesque, cutlerlike and fleshy ferns, called, happily, the "Stag's Horn," stand out from the smooth, white bark of the gum tree. Among the interweaving boughs are flocks of showy birds; there are flocks of gaudy parrots and parrakeets, whose plumage flashes in the sunlight with a striking brilliancy. There are not more colors on a butterfly's wing than in this corner of Eden.

Noon exactly and the sun right overhead, and now the hitherto noisy screaming of the gay birds is hushed, and there is a deathly silence. Even the insect world is still; only a peculiarly giddy specimen of the grasshopper family occasionally forgets itself and indulges in a shrill treble of pipings, but soon, finding that no one joins in the chorus, relapses into silence again.

Dick is resting in the hut on a rough bench, with an upturned saddle for a rest behind his head, looking out, between waking and sleeping, into the dim vistas of the pre-Adamite forest.

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Thought, that can circle the globe while yet the magnetic current that man has made subservient to his will has not passed from darkness into light, inscrutable are thy ways! For in sleep, that is the image of death, have time and space been annihilated.

And the spirit of the sleeper has passed away again — thousands of miles across a slumbering world and over leagues of sleeping seas.

It is an old country meadow in the springtime, and he is walking with some one by his side, who has become dearer to him than any one else on earth, and who has promised to be his wife. He is the happiest man in the wide, wide world, and there is not a cloud on the sky of his happiness. He is looking into the face of her in whose eyes he seems to see mirrored purity and truth. He would as soon think of doubting the fact of his own existence as doubt her nobility of soul.

* * * * * *

And then some one calls him; or is it only one of those mocking, phantom voices?

Hush, for God's sake, do not break the spell that will drag the happy dreamer back to the hideous living death!

But the spell is broken, and the sleeper awakes, for the woman had called out in a dream the name of the man, and he, as it were mechanically, repeats hers. His dream is shivered, like the face of a landscape on a broken mirror, and the awful present, with its grim twin shadows, famine and death, is hovering over him, and because they will not put an end to his suffering a horror crushes down upon his soul. And this, then, is the end of all things.

A muddy, wan dawn light is struggling into the cave. Dick rises and goes over to where the woman is. Within the past few days she had been a revelation to him. He had not believed that it were possible for a woman to show so much fortitude under such straits. She had cheered him when dark thoughts had crowded upon him as a helpmate in life might have done, and though sometimes there was a bitterness in his thoughts toward her, his intercourse with her had weakened them. The inherent qualities of the man of honor within him had overmastered a growing feeling—a renewal of the old fire—which he knew was dangerous for both of them. She was the first to speak.

"Good morning, Dick. Do you know, I was dreaming about you," she said, and stopped, as if she had said more than she intended to say.

"And I of you," he quietly said. "People do dream such absurd things sometimes."

How petty, how human—pitifully human—was this man, after all!

And in another instant he had cursed himself as he saw the sudden look of dumb anguish in her face. Could he not let this poor long suffering woman be? Why should he let this devil within him move him with remembrances of the past, just when he fancied himself most secure and done with it forever? Was she not expiating her sin with her life?

He looked toward the mouth of the cave, and a cry sprang to his lips.

The snow had ceased, and the atmosphere was clear as a summer's day, but it was cold.

In a second he was another man, and his bitter, morbid thoughts left him.

"Mrs. Tredennis," he said, we shall soon end this weary waiting. The time has come for me to do something, but you must stop where you are. I shall try to climb the cliff—once on the bench and they might see me for miles. They will be out searching for us by this time. Now listen to what I have to say. Do not attempt to leave this place—at least for several hours. If I am to get to the camp at all, I shall have got there before that time and have brought or sent help to you. Anyhow I shall tear some of the lining from this coat and place it out on the terrace upon the snow, so that any one on the brow of the cliff may see it."

He stopped suddenly and looked into her face, and his breath came quickly. It was a hard thing to communicate to her what he intended saying, for that old love of her, which for the last few days had been like a slow fire burning within him, had flared up for the minute and bade fair to become his master. He knew that if he failed in his attempt to scale the cliff he would take chances on his life by dropping over the terrace and landing in a bank of snow. Anyhow it was ten chances to one that he would never reach the camp. But now so near the end of the tragedy and face to face with death he determined that he would be true to his better self, and perhaps the Great Judge would deal more mercifully with him in that he was faithful in the end. He continued:

"Should we not happen to meet again I want you to know that if there is anything in the past that you think requires my forgiveness consider it as disposed of. I do not think it is presuming too much on my part to say this. It has not been done without thinking well over it. I hope you will forget the many cruel and foolish things I have said to you; if you could comprehend the state of mind in which they were uttered, you would have little difficulty in forgiving them. I thought I was more of a man until I met you again. You must keep your spirits up; they are bound to find you before long if I should happen to miss them." And then, as if to rob the nature of the farewell of some of its tragedy, he perpetrated a joke that was pathetic in its very littleness—he reminded her of what the rat said, when it left its tail in the trap, about the best of friends parting.

And then he said "Goodby."

There was something very pathetic in the pitiable smile that lit up her face, like a stray gleam of sunshine, just then.

(Could mortal man match the subtlety of the game the devil played now?)

He held out his hand, but would not trust himself to look at her.

She took his hand and held it in her own, but she would not let it go, and there was a light in her eyes that he had seen there on more than one occasion.

"Dick!" she cried, in a voice that shook as if with some passion that strove to gain the mastery over her, "I cannot let you go like this. There is something that I thought it would be better for you never to know, and that I could have told you of when you came to the ranch, but which, at the time, I thought would be dangerous to tell you. Be brave and hear, for I must tell it. As I swear before my Maker, whom I may have to meet before many hours, I did not throw you over for Tom Tredennis until they told me that you were married.

"Your letters which had stopped coming and other proofs which they produced confirmed me in what they said. It is the old story, Dick. In a moment of pique and to show them how I could forget such a one as you—though you had broken my heart—I married Tredennis. He had no hand in the frauds that were practiced on me, nor do I believe that he even knew of your existence. He was the 'desirable party' that my people wanted me to marry, and I married him. When I met you and saw how you were the wronged and not the wrongdoer, I felt that I could not trust you to know the truth. I could hardly trust myself. Now you know why I kept this from you. Let the truth make no difference to us now. Only perhaps think of me with more of pity than of anger—I was to blame in that I ought to have known you better. For heaven's sake, go, and I will pray for you!"

Like a man who has been blind for years and suddenly beholds the light of day, he stood dazed and as if he could not believe the evidence of his own senses.

Of such are the supreme moments in our lives—for good or evil.

Then the full light of the truth flashed upon him. He knew now the reason of her strange conduct and why she had not hesitated to release her hold upon him when they were slipping over the cliff together.

It was more than poor, weak, mortal man could bear. Honor and the high moral standpoint he had taken up were flung to the winds. He took one step toward her, and taking her unresisting form in his arms clasped her to his breast and pressed his lips again and again upon her fevered cheek.

Surely it was something more than human that came to his aid just then. He released her and staggered back. How had he sunk so low? Where was the man in him now?

"May God forgive me for what I have done. I am a villain after all," he cried in a broken voice.

But there was no resentment in the voice or on the face of the woman as she said:

"May God forgive us both, Dick. Perhaps, if we are spared, we will lead better lives for having passed through this. But let us make sure of it. Let us make a compact right now—that, if we get out of this alive, we will rise superior to our pasts, and that we will make our old love a stepping stone to something higher and nobler. I wronged you in thinking that you could not bear the truth—it was judging you by my own standard."

"I can bear the truth," he said. "What I could not bear was the thought that you could be false to me."

And these two hard pressed and weary mortals, who stood face to face with death—whose lives had been separated and wrecked by a cruel fate, and with only the unseen eye of the Omniscient to witness it—proved the nobility of man, whom God has made after his own image.

She held out her hand to him and reverently he carried it to his lips and left the cave.

Death could do its worst now—they had saved their immortal souls.

And who will say that there is no good in human nature after all?

* * * * * *

Jack Holmes and the two Miss Daltons had fared somewhat differently from their two companions, whom they had left in the neighborhood of "The Devil's Playground." They had good, warm buffalo robes, which would keep out any degree of cold, and the picnic baskets, under the generalship of Miss Dalton, kept them from feeling the pangs of hunger. But still every bite of food they took reminded them of those who might at that very moment be perishing miserably for want of it, so that, upon the whole, they were not so reconciled to an impending fate as those who were in greater danger and suffered more.

On the second day, however, the two horses broke loose, and, traveling up the creek, struck the camp where Tredennis and the others were. These individuals, happening to look out and seeing the horses, were not slow to arrive at a correct conclusion.

"They are down the creek," Reynolds said. "The minute it clears, if we go down on snowshoes, we are sure to find them. If we went just now, we would only be getting lost. Besides we might pass within a few yards of them and not see them, and that would only make matters worse."

Next morning at dawn the snow suddenly ceased falling and the wind went down. In three minutes the party was ready, and it was observed that the practical Reynolds coiled his lariat around his body and took it with him. Briggs was left in the camp to keep up the fires and look after the horses, and the others, accompanied by the three Indians, started out. These three landed gentry were remarkable individuals in their way, and their names were still more remarkable examples so far as nomenclature was concerned. One was called as interpreted, Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Grandmother; another, I-Hear-Him-Calling, and the third rejoiced in the distinction of Crooked Legs. They were true to the traditions of their race in that they were stoics.

But still they proved themselves human, after all, when Cousin Ned somewhat hindered the progress of the party by insisting on diving head first into every snowbank he came to. The toes of his shoes had a most unaccountable predilection for sampling the drift. Indeed, every now and again all that could be seen of the little man was a couple of snowshoes flourishing in the air. On these occasions Crooked Legs, and the man who was accredited with standing in fear of his maternal relation would pull him out bodily by the legs and arms

*"Dead!" said the stoic.*

missing party, consisting of the two girls and Holmes, was discovered. They had left their camp and were making their way laboriously up the creek.

"I hear him calling" was sent to pilot them back to the main camp by a route that was comparatively free of snow, and which only an Indian could have picked out. They had wanted to go back and wait in their late camp until the rest of the party had brought in the other two missing ones, but Tredennis would not hear of it and ordered them back to the camp. Holmes pointed out the direction in which the ill fated valley lay, and, as Reynolds and the Indians knew it, they started off again.

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Another hour, and the glare of the sun was causing them some discomfort. They could not be more than a couple of miles now from "The Devil's Playground."

Suddenly one of the Indians raised a shout and pointed ahead. There was a dark speck, like a bird, picked out upon the dazzling plain or beach. What was it? They trudged on in a painful state of uncertainty. Then the tiny speck became a dark object, and they were within 100 yards of it. They pushed on with beating and anxious hearts.

It was the figure of a man. "Dick!" they cried.

The heart of Tredennis sank within him as he saw the figure of this man or corpse, whichever it was, lying prostrate on the snow. Where, then, was his wife?

Had they come too late?

One of the Indians reached the prostrate figure first and raised the head. It was a solemn moment in the great silence that ensued. The others stopped short within a few feet of the Indian and waited with parted lips and hearts that almost ceased to beat to hear the dreaded announcement.

Oh, the eternity that can be compassed in one short second of time!

"He is?"— Tredennis cried, but did not finish the sentence.

"Dead!" said the stoic in Cree, and Reynolds interpreted.

## CHAPTER XIX.

### CHECKMATED.

But the Indian's keen instincts had deceived him for once, for Dick was not dead, but only in a stupor which as nearly resembled that condition as it were possible to and not to be actually dead. And to Cousin Ned must be ascribed the honor of discovering it. That individual, who had studied medicine in his youth, ere riches came to him, observing some signs on the face of Dick that were not consistent with death, took a step nearer the body. But somehow his snowshoes got mixed up with his legs, and instead of taking a step forward he dived head first right into the arms of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Grandmother and bowled that gentleman over like a ninepin.

"Ough! Ough!" groaned the Indians.

Truly, tragedy and comedy walk side by side through the world.

"For goodness' sake put a flask to his lips and chafe his hands," cried Cousin Ned, ignoring the Indians and unable to get there himself. They worked like men possessed, and in a few minutes Dick showed signs of coming to. He opened his eyes and looked strangely at them for a second or two, and then as recognition came back into them he cried out in a faint and querulous voice: "Over the cliff to the left there, for mercy's sake! Hurry up! Follow my tracks!" Then he slipped back again into the realms of unconsciousness.

They left Cousin Ned and an Indian with him to bring him round again and chafe his numbed limbs. The others followed up the tracks for half a mile or so and came to the place where Dick had scaled the cliff, overlooking "The Devil's Playground."

There they found the lining of the coat that Dick had been unable to set up, there being neither stick nor stone to enable him to do so. Reynolds stationed Tredennis and the Indian at the top of the cliff—he would not trust Tredennis to descend—and instructing them to hold on to the end of the rope he flung it over the cliff and began to let himself down by it.

"How, in the name of all that's wonderful, that poor, starved Dick ever scaled this cliff," Reynolds muttered, "is beyond my comprehension! It was the grit in the beggar; that's what did it!"

And now can any of those cynics, who will take such significantly narrow and ignoble views of human nature, say how it is that some men, when fighting for their own lives, only make a feeble and apathetic stand, but when the lives of others are depending on their exertions will fight like tigers as long as there is a spark of life left in their bodies?

Reynolds lowered himself down easily. He could see at one place where Travers must have lost his hold and fallen some considerable distance. "It licks me how the beggar wasn't killed!" he muttered. Then he came to a narrow ledge, and traveling along it soon struck the mouth of the cave. He saw the figure of a woman sitting by it, who, when she saw him coming, sprang to her feet, and tottering, sank to the ground, as if from weakness. Her indomitable courage had held her up till then, but the grim twin shadows, afraid that their prey was slipping from their hands, now pressed her hard. To apply restoratives was the work of a few seconds. When she opened her eyes and was assured by Reynolds that the rest of the party were safe and that they had found Travers, she seemed to take fresh heart and nerved herself for the task of ascending the cliff. Reynolds tied the rope securely round her waist, and her husband pulled her to the top.

Perhaps not till then had Mrs. Tredennis properly understood her husband. To all appearance he was only a man of ordinary parts and undemonstrative, but, then, still waters run deep.

Perhaps it was the inherent loyalty in his own heart that made him slow to imagine disloyalty in others. It is the jealous man, the cynic, and the sickly pessimist, who, judging others by their own standard, are always seeing the seamy side of things.

How much of the story of the past Mrs. Tredennis told her husband no chivalrous and sensible reader will care to know. This only may be said—that it served to draw these closer together who had been in considerable danger of drifting apart. Moreover, it made Tom Tredennis swear—and he could do it in the most approved old English style—that if his brother-in-law, who was a cabinet minister, had any influence at all he would get a billet worthier of the man whom he believed had saved the life of his wife than that which he now occupied. He kept his word, and it was on the strength of this billet that Dick afterward took a very sensible step.

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As if they were ashamed over their defeat in the tragic end their presiding evil genius had meditated, the grim, uncouth monsters in "The Devil's Playground" hid their ugly forms under heavy panoplies of snow. They were now almost irrecognizable, but there was a sinister, lurking air about them all the same that in the growing shadows seemed to say, "You have escaped this time; but wait—our time will come yet."

*Not till then did she properly understand her husband.*

But it is extremely unlikely that they will ever have a similar chance again. They were the pawns and pieces that the devil played with when he allured his intended victims thither. But he made too sure of his game; staked everything on one bold move, played into the hands of his opponents—and lost.

The return journey to the camp was a slow and arduous one, but the Indians proved inventive geniuses, for when they arrived at the creek they constructed, with the aid of some boughs and the ax and rope that Reynolds had brought, a species of sledge, on which the two worn out ones were placed, and dragged them over the slippery crust of snow to the camp. With a little nourishment discreetly administered Mrs. Tredennis and Dick were soon out of danger, although weak.

There was indeed reason for congratulation in the camp—indeed, it is vouched for by Briggs that Cousin Ned and Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Grandmother were seen to go behind a tent and apply their lips, in succession, to a flask containing the deadly but not unpleasant firewater. They camped in that spot for two days, before those who had suffered in the snowstorm were sufficiently recovered to proceed, and in that time a chinook wind—the warm wind that finds its way over from the Pacific—had come and cleared away the snow like magic, making traveling possible again.

But Dick Travers was not to recover quite so easily, for when he got to the ranch it was discovered he had broken a couple of ribs and received some other injuries when he had fallen back over the cliff. His not revealing this sooner could only be accounted for by the fact that he had not wished to delay their journey thither. So it came about that he was no better than a helpless cripple for some weeks. During that time he was waited upon by a certain fair haired young lady, who seemed to take a very particular interest in him. She was a very beautiful as well as a noble minded girl, and there was something in the life of this man that had attracted her. That he was poor and that she was very rich was a disturbing element in this unselfish girl's dreams. Had their positions been reversed, she thought, then he might have thought of her.

But trust another woman for finding out such things, for Mrs. Tredennis discovered her secret, and, perhaps, it was only safe and wise to tell her a little of the history of the past—just enough to let her understand that it was dead and done with and would clear the way for a brighter future. Then, like a sensible woman, Mrs. Tredennis let things take their natural course.

As for Dick, being only an ordinary mortal, but a healthy one withal, the revealing of the truth, such as it was, soothed and healed his outraged sense of justice. A calmer and more sensible view of things put an end to what now seemed to have been incipient madness. In nine cases out of ten—and Dick's was one of the nine—it is the torture of uncertainty that does all the mischief, but he proved his words in that he could face the truth.

Now, it needs no psychologist to explain how, the past effectually disposed of, there grew up in his heart, with his fresh faith in human nature, a feeling which, if it were not love in the old selfish and passionate sense, was one that was pure and wholesome. And the girl who would not have exchanged her self constituted position as his devoted nurse for all the wealth she was mistress of was the object of it.

There are three great factors that shape the course of all mundane affairs, and they are time, that comprehensive quality we are pleased to call human nature and opportune action, and it is perhaps needless to say they brought about a certain happy consummation.

The hills are old, but love is older still. The former become worn and scarred by the hand of time, and change the course of rivers, but the ways of the little blind god are always the same.

THE END.

## MISSOURI REPUBLICANS

### Come Near Having a Row Over Who Should Sit in the Convention.

ST. JOSEPH, May 13.—It took a strong force of police to prevent the Filley and Kerens forces from engaging in a riot at the state convention yesterday. The Filley managers had given tickets of admission only to their own friends while the local managers, Kerens' friends, had done the same thing. The consequence was that the hall was in the possession of Kerens men, who refused to open it until Filley came to terms. To prevent a forcible entry the police were called. An agreement was finally reached and two hours later than the time set the hall was thrown open.

Bartholdt was made temporary chairman and a hot fight ensued in the credentials committee over contesting delegations during which the convention waited, listening to speeches meanwhile. The platform proposed stands for standard Republican views and on the money question is opposed to the independent free coinage by this country of silver at the 16-to-1 ratio. McKinley is eulogized, and the delegates instructed to vote for him for president of the United States.

The credentials committee reported for the Filley delegates and they were seated. The temporary organization was made permanent and the platform as outlined above adopted. Filley was made state chairman and a delegate-at-large to St. Louis. The Filley men, in fact, control the convention.

## DISCLAIMED BY CHICAGO BANKERS

### The Conspiracy Discovered by Judge Wall in the Ramsay Case.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The ten Chicago bankers who, by the decision of Judge Wall, of Carlyle, Ills., are guilty of a conspiracy with Rufus M. Ramsey, as treasurer of Illinois, to violate the law and wrongfully use the people's money for their pecuniary benefit, will carry their case to the supreme court. The ten bankers who suffer by the decision represent five Chicago banks and are: John R. Walsh and Andrew J. McNally, of the Chicago National; John H. Witbeck and John A. King, of the Fort Dearborn National; Edson Keith and Elbridge G. Keith, of the Metropolitan National; E. S. Dreyer and William A. Hammond, of the Illinois National; E. A. Hamill and Charles L. Hutchinson of the Corn Exchange bank.

John A. King, president of the Fort Dearborn National bank, said: "I understand that Judge Wall gives as his opinion that myself and other Chicago bankers were parties to an illegal act in signing the state treasurer's bond in connection with an agreement that he should keep the money with the bondsmen. There was no agreement of such a character between Mr. Ramsey and me. It is true that we paid 2½ per cent. interest on the money which was deposited with us. But we paid it just as we did on many other deposits at that time. There was nothing unusual in that."

King, in brief, said emphatically that there was not the shadow of a conspiracy.

## SEQUEL OF AN ELOPEMENT.

### Dastardly Husband Abuses His Wife and Finally Kills Her.

CHICAGO, May 13.—It is only two years since Adeline Grover ran away and was married to Daniel McCarthy. Last week she came back to her sorrowing mother, only to meet death in the old home yesterday at the hands of her husband. The modest three-story brick house at 243 Illinois street was the scene of the crime. There the husband sought out the young wife, whom his cruel abuse had driven from him, and after a few sharp words leveled a revolver and sent two bullets into the woman's brain.

She died while her murderer was making his escape through the alley that runs in the rear of the house. Mrs. McCarthy was only 20 years old, tall and slender-looking; far more like a high school girl than a wife. She was but 16 when she became enamored with the strong young fellow. But the mother never liked her daughter's suitor. Yesterday as the stricken woman with her hair disheveled about her shoulders, stood weeping by the side of her murdered girl, she kept repeating the instinctive aversion and fear that her daughter's slayer had always inspired in her breast.

### Two More Americans in Trouble.

HAVANA, May 13.—The naval authorities have formed an ordinary court-martial for the trial of Charles Barnett and William Leavitt, two Americans who are said to have formed part of the Competitor expedition and were captured later by the local guerrilla of Palma in Pinar del Rio.

### Illinois Republican Committee.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The state Republican committee met yesterday at the Great Northern hotel to elect a chairman and the result was the selection of Charles P. Hitch, of Paris, who is an old and tried friend of John R. Tanner, the nominee for governor.

### George W. Peck Succeeds Wall.

MILWAUKEE, May 13.—The Democratic state central committee met last night and elected ex-Governor George W. Peck chairman, to succeed E. C. Wall. June 23 was named as the date and Milwaukee the place for holding the state convention.

# GOT INTO A SNARL.

## Methodist Conference Gets Out by Heroic Methods.

## A CRITICISM OF THE ENDEAVORERS

### Comes Up Because of the Report Thereof in a Newspaper, and After Considerable Debate Is Thrown Out of Court, as It Were—Echo of That Prayer Effort for Bob Ingersoll—Proposition for a Constitutional Commission.

CLEVELAND, May 13.—The session of the Methodist general conference was brief but breezy. Considerable oratory was indulged in over the head lines of one of the morning newspapers, which made it appear that a conference delegate had denounced the Christian Endeavor society as idiotic because it had prayed for the conversion of Colonel Ingersoll. The storm quickly blew over, however. The most important matter brought before the conference was embodied in a resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to prepare a new constitution. The shortness of the session and the failure of the conference to transact much business was due to the delay of the committees in preparing their reports.

**Important Constitutional Matter.**

Rev. R. D. Munger presented a resolution of great importance. It creates a commission on constitution to consist of two ministers and two laymen from each district, as it now stands. The resolution recites the fact that there is great question as to what parts of the discipline constitute the constitution of the church, and this commission is authorized and empowered to draw up a constitution. The members of this commission are to be over 30 years of age, and are to meet in Chicago on the first Wednesday in August. They are to draw up a constitution, and after it is completed it is to be published twice in all official papers of the church within thirty days of its completion.

**To Be Adopted By a Majority.**

This commission is also authorized to devise rules for election, and not less than three or more than six months afterwards the church will vote on its adoption. Only those over 21 years of age will be permitted to vote, and the result shall be certified to the secretary of this general conference. If adopted by a majority of those voting the constitution so adopted shall be effective at once. The resolution was referred to the committee on constitution.

**Pope Bob the Cause of Trouble.**

The conference soon got into a snarl in which the local morning newspapers were attacked and in which the meeting of the committee on the state of the church, held Monday afternoon, came out prominently. In that meeting Rev. Dr. Quayle, in the course of his remarks about the Christian Endeavorers in their attempt to secure a recognition of the Deity in the constitution, used the language which appeared in the morning papers as coming from Quayle, which is as follows: "Not long ago that organization not only made itself ridiculous, and all the churches which it represents, but actually made the religion of Christ ridiculous by praying for the redemption of Bob Ingersoll. Do you think the Methodist church would ever be guilty of such an act of absolute idiocy?"

## ATTEMPT TO PASS A DISCLAIMER.

### Resolution Adopted to Expunge the Whole Business from the Record.

F. J. Cheney, of central New York, then arose and presented a resolution which recited that the local morning papers had so quoted a member of the conference, and disclaimed any responsibility for such statement by the general conference. It not only disclaimed responsibility, but also indorsed the Endeavorers. As soon as read two motions were made, one to refer to the committee on Epworth League and the other to lay on the table. Bishop Fowler ordered the vote taken on the motion to refer. The vote on the motion to refer was lost, 103 yeas to 235 nays.

Henry French, of California, moved its adoption, when Rev. N. A. Quayle, of Kansas City, who had made the remarks, arose. He is a youthful-looking delegate, and after stating what he said concerning the Christian Endeavorers, denied the use of the language attributed to him. Every attempt by Cheney to get at the facts of the case was howled down. Every denial of the article called out wild applause, but Quayle said he did say a certain society was idiotic, and he thought that was the sentiment of the majority of members. Another wild outburst of applause greeted this, and the conference appeared to concur in the opinion that the action was idiotic.

The resolution repudiating the purported language of Rev. Dr. Quayle was laid on the table, but subsequently a motion was passed to expunge from the record all reference to the matter. Amanda Smith, one of the most famous colored evangelists, was present and the conference suspended business to receive her. She was given the greatest ovation of the conference, and was requested to sing. The delegates joined in the chorus, and one song was insufficient and a second was called for and given. She aroused the greatest enthusiasm.

### Congress of Foundrymen.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—The first congress of foundrymen ever held in this country began yesterday at the Manufacturers' club in this city. Upwards of 250 delegates from all parts of the United States were in attendance. The object of the sessions is to bring the foundrymen into closer contact and to form associations in the various states. Francis Schumann, president of the Philadelphia Foundrymen's association, welcomed the visitors, as did Mayor Warwick.

### Going to Tax Armour's Corn.

DES MOINES, May 13.—Phil Armour and other Chicago capitalists and corporations who raked the state over for corn last fall and built miles and miles of cribs along railroads to put it in are now surprised to find the corn is assessed for taxes. Of course they object and protest, and declare it is unlawful, but the assessors keep their grip. The question is entirely new in this state, but good lawyers and the attorney general say the corn is assessable the same as any other property.

### League Base Ball Records.

CHICAGO, May 13.—League base ball clubs report the following scores: At Cincinnati—Washington 6, Cincinnati 4; at Pittsburg—New York 8, Pittsburg 7; at Louisville—Brooklyn 9, Louisville 8; at Cleveland—Philadelphia 8, Cleveland 10; at Chicago—Boston 3, Chicago 5; at St. Louis—Baltimore 10, St. Louis 3.

# LAST NIGHT OF THE OPERA.

## Behind the Scenes With the Great Singers.

### CRITICAL VIEW AT CLOSE RANGE.

**The High Strung Calve—The Athletic Victor Maurel—Melba's Ease—How Jean de Reszke Is Idolized—His Massive Brother. The Farewells.**

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, May 11.—It is the last big night of the Metropolitan Opera. Every singer in the company will be on in five separate acts from different operas, and, to cap the climax, they will range in line half way through the performance and lift up their voices in the soldiers' chorus from "Faust."

Everything behind the scenes is crowding and flurry. Two are in each dressing room.

"Spirito gentil" rings out from behind a closed door, and instantly the "del sogni miei" following flows out in fresh, luscious

MME. CALVE.

tones as the singer steps forth in his white monk's habit, with the red cross on his breast. It is the young, handsome, boyish tenor Cremonini. He is going on first in the fourth act of "Favorita," and he is trying his voice in the principal air with which Marie used to make women weep. The voice is so fresh, so young, so vibrant, the youth's personality so full of ardent sympathy and vitality, that we think directly of Marion Crawford's "Roman Singer," who sang to a breathless house in Italy the same song which will soon stir a house in real life from a similar tenor's lips.

"Ready," he says in soft Tuscan to a dark young woman with a handsome profile, garbed as a novice. She has dusky black hair, gray eyes, with arched black eyebrows, and a ravishing, magnetic smile. She has slipped out of a room near by with the graceful, gliding movement of a slender woman and takes up the thread of the tenor's song, which they hum together.

This is Eugenia Mantelli, the mezzo soprano, who is to sing Leonora with him. She had come in about 30 minutes before, with her old Neapolitan attendant, wrapped in a black velvet cloak, beneath which she wears black and white mourning. She is a three months' widow, her husband having died of consumption since her arrival in this country. She is one of the most popular artists on the stage.

There is a violent rustle of draperies, as well as sandals footsteps and a tissue of excited ejaculations in French, followed by soothing ones from a voice not so well modulated.

"Now for it," say the stage hands. "She'll be crazy tonight. She's nervous enough every other night. Fly! Turn on the lights. Ask what he wants. If anything goes wrong in there, we'll have the management round."

**Calve's Nerves.**

"Ah, mon Dieu," says Calve, "the heat! Here"—tearing off her hat and cloak and pitching them on the floor, ignoring the maid, who wants to unfasten things for her—"here!" And she tears off her bodice, while her hair tumbles down her back. "Mon Dieu! Tear off my shoes! fan me! get me some Vin Mariani. Ah, ciel, how can I sing la-la-la-la-la-la-la-la! Call the boy. See who that is next door. I want to know who's beside me. No, don't. I know who it is. It's Ancona. He's humming the toreador song. And he's in fine voice. I hope I'm not hoarse. Get me a lemon. Mon Dieu! Get me my costume quick! I'll be late. Carmen again. Open that door. I want to hear an echo from Cremonini. No, shut it. I must get into my costume instantly." And visitors fly, and Calve is pushed, a quiver of nerves, into her Carmen dress.

Just as she comes out she runs straight up against a splendid specimen of manhood and gives him a cordial comrade smile and a manly grasp of the hand. This tall, diamond, athletic looking man is dressed in a high silk hat, tan shoes, a long, light, stylish ulster and has the bearing of a thoroughbred gentleman and man of the world. He is followed by his private secretary and valet, and although not so excitably nervous as Calve gives a large and impossible list of orders in an incredibly short space of time and is evidently accustomed only to breathe a wish to have it fulfilled.

"Ah, but it's a villainous temperature for Falstaff," he says to Calve, who has just confided to him that her fatigue of Carmen is becoming disgust. "How to support that stuffing with this thermometer!"

**Interesting Figures.**

The distinguished looking personage is Victor Maurel, rated "the first baritone in Europe," the creator chosen by Verdi for Iago and Falstaff, one of the most intellectual and finished actors on the stage and already the chosen interpreter of the primary role in a new opera which Verdi is writing for him on the subject of Shakespeare's "Tempest."

These two, Calve and Maurel, are the most interesting figures of the troop at close range. Their faces tell more—Calve's small, cameo shaped and with a rare dramatic mobility, far more lovely than appears either on the stage or in her pictures, and Maurel's firm, masterful and altogether fresh and young save for a worn and sorrowful sad look about the eyes, as of a man who has lived and thought much.

"Diable," he says later when Jean de Reszke grips him by the arm in passing. Maurel has been boxing in the morning with Mike Donovan, who replaced Corbett—gone west—and De Reszke has laid hold of a black and blue mark.

Melba trips in at the moment. She looks as jaunty as if she were going to the races in a box coat and a big hat and wears the happiest smile in the world, which is answered by Jean de Reszke. Maurel strides off without greeting her to get into his wicker paunch and stuffed stockings. He and Melba are not on speaking terms, despite the publications of New York daily papers that she rated him that particular night for being more sardonic than agreeable. Melba is the popular woman behind the scenes. She has always a bright word and no grand artist mannerisms. The face is attractive from its genial, everyday good nature, but has not the plastic emotional character or regular beauty of Calve's. Melba has no nerves. She tells her secretary to go round to the front and come back and report the house and then places herself in her maid's hands with automatic ease to be dressed for the mad scene in "Lucia." Later her voice flows forth, and her action proceeds on the stage with the same unbroken automatism, but she has the gigantic success of the night. Nature has given her the phenomenal instrument, and she uses it without bothering much about anything else. "Popular success in opera," remarked an artist last season, "is purely an affair of the larynx."

Beside Melba, who has grown thinner, Lillian Nordica looks stout, but the face of the Boston singer is so sweet and pretty and truthful you forget that she is developing German opera lines of figure. The dark paint of Aida cannot conceal Nordica's pretty smile or her expressive blue eyes.

**Melba In For Fun.**

Melba is out of her dressing room and pirouetting about the wings half an hour before her time to go on. "I want to have some fun," she says, "before I go mad. Oh, Cremonini, you angel tenor, you're adorable in that monk's habit! Go tell Jean de Reszke to hurry out. The best part of this night is in the wings. Tell him there's a glorious breeze here to do him good. Besides he can dance with me to make him cooler." Melba dances; she trills and roulades; she claps wildly the singers on the stage and keeps everybody round her in roars of laughter. As they all come off after their separate acts they don't return to dressing rooms, but group together and romp and make merry like so many children out of school, led principally by Melba and Victor Maurel.

But Jean de Reszke doesn't emerge until he has to and does not loiter with the merrymakers. He dreads drafts and has small love of comedy. The tenor adored of the matinee girl gives a magnetic smile which gleams sympathetically in his dark Polish eye—the eye which has melted America—but hurries past. He takes longer than most to put on and remove make up because, poetic as Jean de Reszke looks on the stage, he is a very different looking man off it. The eyes are the one good feature. He looks old, wrinkled and fat in everyday garb, but on the stage is so heavily painted and altered in feature, even to the extent of an attachment to improve the shape of his nose, that the disguise is absolute.

Jean de Reszke is the one idealized member of the company who disillusionizes sadly off the stage. For the rest, most of them look younger and better viewed at close range and use very little make up, when we except Calve, who spoils her really lovely face too often by an overdose of rouge and black pencil.

**De Reszke's English.**

Big, massive Edouard de Reszke, dressed as Mephistopholes, is among the merriest of the lot. He is giving an exposition in side splitting English of the exact way hide and seek should be played, and some of the company, taking the lesson, come dangerously near getting in view of the footlights. Melba says, "You'd better stop, you tiny thing, or you'll not be able to sing with me," and Edouard says: "Tiny zing? You's zat?"

Then they all break into French again, the one language used behind the scenes. There are peepings on to the stage and now and then a "Hush, that's Calve in the duet," or "Listen, listen, there's Maurel in the page's song," and then bursts of "Brava! Brava!" among themselves when the artist has made a hit.

And then, as each singer has finished for the night and troops off the stage, there are the farewells to be taken. "Adieu," one says to the comrade of a season. "I sall

MME. MELBA.

tomorrow. Sorry we do not sing together soon again," and "Au revoir," says another, "we will meet at Covent Garden," and "Bon voyage," says another: "together again in Paris." And the curtain of the last big night is rung down.

EMILY MEREDITH AYLWARD.

**Not In the Bill.**

Awkward contretemps on the stage cannot be foreseen, and they are amusing to the audience if not to the actors. Three or four years ago, for example, when "As You Like It" was being played at Washington, Rosalind had just exclaimed, "Look, here comes a lover of mine!" when in waltzed a tomcat attached to the establishment. Thomas had to be handled out by Orlando.

In a West Bromwich theater, not very long ago, a fine dramatic effect was ruined by the inopportune appearance on the stage of a telegraph messenger, who calmly walked in from the wings and presented a telegram to the leading lady.

A very amusing incident occurred during the pantomime of "Bluebeard," at Drury Lane, in 1862. Bluebeard was mounted on a wicker framed elephant, each leg of which inclosed a super. Unfortunately the near hind leg on one occasion was drunk and quarrelsome, and, imagining that one of the fore legs had affronted him, he threatened to "punch his bloomin head!" The intoxicated leg wabbled about, to the great discomfiture of the others, and finally stood still. Incensed at this, the off leg kicked the near hind leg. The other legs joined in the fray. Bluebeard fell off his perch, and the contortions of the elephant while the discussion was being continued on the floor were truly amazing.—London Tit-Bits.

# LIED ALL HIS LIFE,

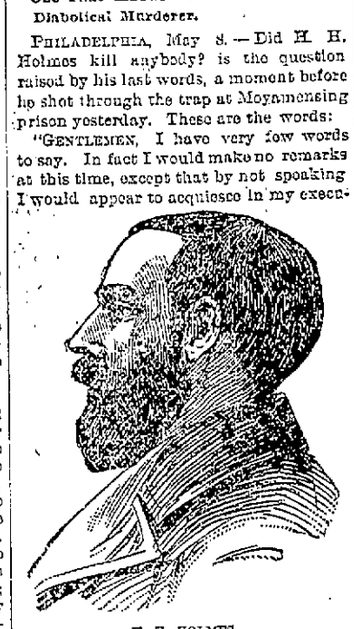
## And Dying He Went to Eternity with a Lie on His Lips.

### SO IT IS BELIEVED OF HOLMES.

**Declares on the Scaffold That He Never Caused But Two Deaths and Those Were by Malpractice—Believed to Have Confessed to His Priest, Who Is the Only One That Knows the Truth—End of a Diabolical Murderer.**

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Did H. H. Holmes kill anybody? is the question raised by his last words, a moment before he shot through the trap at Moyamensing prison yesterday. These are the words:

"GENTLEMEN, I have very few words to say. In fact I would make no remarks at this time, except that by not speaking I would appear to acquiesce in my execu-



H. H. HOLMES.

tion. I only wish to say the extent of my wrongdoing in taking human life consisted in the death of two women, they having died at my hands as a result of criminal operations.

"I wish to state here, so there can be no chance of misunderstanding, that I am not guilty of taking the lives of any of the Pitzel family—the three children and Benjamin, the father, of whose death I was condemned, and for which I am today to be hanged. That is all I have to say."

**Did He Lie in the Face of Death?**

Whether what he said is true is probably known only to his spiritual adviser, a Roman Catholic priest, to whom, it is said, he made a clean breast during the last twenty-four hours of his life. Indeed it is probably not known to the priest. For if he lied at the supreme moment—that is if he stated to the small crowd which saw him hang that which did not agree with what he confessed to the priest how could that priest have proceeded further with his office? What he told the priest will never be known. A few minutes after he had made his speech the trap fell from under him and his neck was broken and that was the last of one who will always be considered a most devilish murderer.

**Last Day of the Murderer's Life.**

He was undoubtedly the most stolid of any in that assemblage of more than fifty men. The pallor of his face was no deeper than the ordinary prison bleach and he stood erect, gazing steadfastly before him until the horrible black cap shut out his last look at earthly things. Holmes spent his last day of life uneventfully. During the day Holmes wrote letters of farewell. It is understood that these communications were addressed to his wife in Gilmanton, N. H., and Georgianna Yoke, of Franklin, Ind., the so-called third wife, whose testimony did much to bring about his undoing. He also penned a letter of instruction to Rotan, his counsel. Absolute secrecy is maintained regarding the contents of these letters.

**Was Nervy to the Last.**

The prisoner exhibited no lack of nerve at the last, neither was he defiant. The only sign of defiance that he made was just after the priest left. "Am I nervous," he demanded, stretching his hands out to Keeper Weaver. They were steady as a rock. Holmes smiled and retired to the rear of his cell. He declared that he had never felt better in his life. Soon after this the priests returned and remained with him until the end. Meantime a nervously expectant crowd had gathered outside the gates of the gloomy old prison, which resembles in architecture a mediæval fortress. A rope had been stretched across the entrance to the passageway leading to the convict department, and inside of this were assembled the sheriff, city officials, jurors and newspaper reporters who had been admitted to witness the execution.

### SCENE AT THE EXECUTION.

**Deportment of the Murderer as the Moments of His Life Ebbed Away.**

The gates were opened at 9 o'clock and the party filed in. Sheriff's Solicitor Wagrew called the list of jurymen in the superintendent's office at the head of the corridor containing the scaffold. Those who responded included two ex-sheriffs of this city, seven physicians, and an undertaker. At two minutes after 10 a. m. the procession to the gallows was begun, headed by Prison Superintendent Perkins and Assistant Superintendent Richardson. Fifty or more men with uncovered heads made up the solemn parade, and halted before the scaffold.

The witnesses passed around the scaffold and faced it. Silence followed for a moment. Then a murmur arose from the other side of the scaffold. It was the prayers of the priests who were escorting Holmes to the gallows. A moment later they mounted the steps and came into view, the priests arrayed in their secular vestments stood on either side of the condemned man and chanted the psalm Miserere. Holmes, his eyes fixed upon a crucifix which he had in his hands, walked steadily between them. He wore a sack coat and trousers of gray material and a white shirt. There was a thin growth of beard on his chin.

There was a pause as they reached the trap, and then Holmes stepped forward and delivered his speech. It took him exactly two minutes to utter what nearly every man there regarded as the last of a series of lies. Father Daily knows, if any living man does, whether or not Holmes went into eternity with a lie on his lips. After shaking hands with his lawyers, who then left the scaffold, Holmes turned and bade farewell to Superintendents Perkins and Richardson and the priests, who were the other occupants of the gallows.

Then he and the clergymen knelt in silent prayer. They arose at 10:12 o'clock. In another half minute the end had come. Holmes' hands were manacled behind him, the noose and the black cap were adjusted and the stillness was broken by a sound that echoed along the corridors like the sharp crack of a pistol. The body shot up and then hung without a tremor. As the echoes died away the voices of the priests softly arose. They were chanting the prayers for those in the agonies of death. Five minutes later six physicians examined the body. They gave no official opinion, but Dr. Butcher privately stated that a broken neck had undoubtedly caused death.

At half past 12 o'clock the big iron doors in the rear of the prison swung open and an undertaker's wagon rolled out. In it was a plain black casket containing the body. The wagon drove rapidly to Mount Moriah cemetery, where it was placed in a vault. Here it will probably remain for two or three days, when it will be quietly interred in another graveyard. Whether or not it will be finally buried in consecrated ground, depends upon Holmes' last words with Father Daily and the will of Archbishop Ryan.

There will be no autopsy on the body of Holmes. Among his last words was a strict injunction to Attorney Rotan to forbid a dissection of his remains.

### TRIAL OF SCOTT JACKSON.

**State Strengthening the Case Against the Young Prisoner.**

NEWPORT, Ky., May 8.—Dullness characterized the trial proceedings in the Scott Jackson case yesterday. Much time at intervals was spent in whispered consultation between the court and counsel for both sides. The attendance was smaller than usual. Five witnesses in the forenoon and two in the afternoon were used to strengthen the proof that George H. Jackson identified Walling in the Hamilton county jail, and two were used to corroborate the story of his wonderful midnight ride with the murderers and their victim.

Other evidence tended to break down the character of Scott Jackson, the prisoner. Three negro prostitutes were brought from Cincinnati, one of whom identified Jackson, and before the court could forbid she blurted out that Jackson had been acquainted with her since the 1st of December.

Will Wood was brought out by the commonwealth to rebut some of Scott Jackson's testimony, and this gave the defense opportunity to get in the affidavits of Ed Hunt and Ohmer Newhouse, of Greencastle, as to Wood's boasts of his illicit intimacy with Pearl Bryan.

By a corresponding false step the defense opened the door for the commonwealth to restore evidence by Chief Deitch and Mayor Caldwell of damaging admissions of Scott Jackson which were ruled out early in the trial. It looks now as if the testimony in the case would close today. It can hardly go to the jury before Monday night.

### ELEVEN BODIES RECOVERED.

**Lighted Candle and Gasoline Caused the Horror at Cincinnati.**

CINCINNATI, May 8.—The workmen continued their efforts all day with relays at the scene of the collapsed buildings on Walnut street. The gasoline engine and tank were found undamaged after the body of John Beers had been taken out. The explosion was evidently not due to the engine or its tank as previously announced. Evidence before the coroner shows that Engineer Beers secured candles with which to examine the engine. When he went into the cellar with a lighted candle the gas generator exploded.

The generator was found in pieces. At 5 o'clock last evening the body of William Lowbridge, barkeeper for Drachs was recovered and at 7 o'clock at night the body of C. F. Andress, president of the Andres-Mears Wall Paper company, was taken out. At 8 o'clock last night the remains of Mamie Kennedy, who lived with Feys, were recovered in a horrible condition. Eleven bodies have been recovered.

### BOND RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

**Only Six Men Vote Against Investigating the Head of the Treasury.**

WASHINGTON, May 8.—In the senate during debate on the bond resolution Vest declared that the officeholders and postmasters in Michigan controlled the late Democratic convention and forced a gold plank into the platform. Palmer spoke against the resolution and Hill concluded his speech, when the resolution was adopted—51 to 6—the latter being Caffrey, Faulkner, Gray, Hill, Mitchell of Wisconsin, and Palmer. The river and harbor bill was considered without action. Little other business was done.

An act passed to amend the bill creating the court of appeals was all the business done by the house. Pickler, angry at the refusal of the house Wednesday to remain in session to pass private pension bills, obstructed business with points of no quorum and threatened to continue that line.

**Little Spat in Committee.**

WASHINGTON, May 8.—There was a hot colloquy in the Nicaragua canal hearing yesterday. Colonel Ludlow and Representative Doolittle exchanged words in anger, in which Colonel Ludlow declared he represented the government and did not care to have Doolittle take up his time while trying to establish that fact. Doolittle declared that he was a member of the committee, and declared that Colonel Ludlow should not "trample over them with all his top-heaviness."

**Records from the Diamond.**

CHICAGO, May 8.—Scores on League base ball diamonds were: At Cincinnati—Baltimore 6, Cincinnati 1; at Chicago—Philadelphia 14, Chicago 5; at St. Louis—New York 3, St. Louis 5; at Louisville—Boston 17, Louisville 1; at Cleveland—Brooklyn 4, Cleveland 10; at Pittsburg—Washington 2, Pittsburg 12.

**Only One American in the Lot.**

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The state department has been authentically informed that of the captured on board the Competitor during the fight that ensued between the Spanish steam launch and the schooner only one of the persons captured is an American citizen and he has refused thus far to give his name.

**Tobacco "Trusters" Indicted.**

NEW YORK, May 8.—The grand jury has found indictments against James B. Duke and nine directors of the American Tobacco company, charging them with "conducting a monopoly in the paper cigarette trade."

**Aged Woman Hangs Herself.**

OTTUMWA, Ia., May 8.—Mrs. Lucretia Nelson, aged 70, hanged herself from a rafter in the kitchen yesterday. Ill health was the cause.

# FARM AND FIELD AND GARDEN

### BEEHIVES FOR FARMERS.

**Profitable Beekeeping Without the Use of Movable Comb Hives.**

The late L. L. Langstroth, inventor of the movable comb beehive, several times advised farmers against the use of this hive. His reason probably for this advice was that farmer beekeepers are not generally well informed regarding the science of beekeeping, and the movable combs entice them into untimely and improper manipulations with the bees. W. Z. Hutchinson, the well known Michigan beekeeper, writing to Country Gentleman, says: Probably the greatest mistakes in this line come from dividing colonies too early, or too late, or too frequently, or in an improper manner. To make increase artificially in a proper manner requires judgment and a thorough knowledge of the principles of beekeeping—in fact, very few specialists now practice making increase artificially.

The movable comb laid bare the secrets of the hive, and now that they have been learned there is really but little need of moving the combs, save in exceptional cases. Of course in producing extracted honey the combs in the supers must be handled, but experienced honey producers seldom disturb the combs of the brood nest. When there are external indications that something is wrong, then the brood nest is opened to learn what the trouble is.

In the last few years there has been a disposition to handle hives more and frames (combs) less, and hives have been modified with that end in view. Without decrying the value of movable combs, the advice is given that unless their owner will take the trouble to learn how to use them properly he had better let them alone. Even experts have talked of dispensing with movable combs.

A swarm hived in a box hive of the right size and shape will store just as much honey in the supers as it would had it been hived in a movable comb hive. The bees will winter just as well—perhaps better—in the box hive. They will store as much honey the next year, and the next, and so on, and so long as everything goes well all is well, but when trouble comes—if a queen is lost, if a colony is found short of stores late in the fall, if disease (foul brood) gets into the apiary, etc.—then movable combs are needed. The advice of the authority quoted to farmers is to get movable combs and learn how to use them, or else let them alone, except to remedy some trouble that has come to a colony. But it cannot be disputed that most excellent and profitable beekeeping can be carried on without movable comb hives.

**White Versus Yellow Corn.**

There is more or less discussion of the question whether the yellow varieties or white varieties of corn give the larger yield. The general opinion seemed to be that the white varieties made on the average a greater yield than the yellow, and results of this kind were reached at a number of experiment stations where many varieties were tested, and particularly in some of the southern states.

The results of seven years' tests in Illinois, too, showed a slightly larger yield in favor of the white varieties, the average of all the white sorts for the seven years being 61.8 bushels against an average of 60.3 for all the yellow varieties. Last year, however, the results were very considerably the other way. Upwards of 70 different varieties were grown. The average of all the yellow varieties was 71.8 bushels, while that of the white varieties was but 55. So marked a difference in favor of the yellow kinds tends to unsettle the opinion, which was beginning to be pretty generally entertained, that the whites were the larger yielders.

**Bitter Rot of Grapes.**

Bitter rot appears to be largely confined to the south. It attacks the berries just as they are ripening, giving them a blistered or sun scalded appearance. Bitter rot also attacks the stems of the fruit clusters, and it is here that it does its greatest damage, for the diseased stems, instead of "curing" and becoming soft and pliant when picked, so as to pack nicely and carry well, becomes hard and brittle. The berries fall off easily, and such shattered bunches are quite unsalable in market.

The early spraying with bordeaux does not prevent this disease, according to a bulletin from the Alabama station. Something can be done toward controlling it by training the vines so that the fruit will hang in the shade of the leaves, for such sheltered fruit is less often diseased than that hanging exposed to the sun and dew. On this account some form of horizontal trellis is much to be preferred to the ordinary vertical trellis or to training to stakes.

**In Praise of Silos and Silage.**

Farmers are not discarding silos if we may judge from the returns to inquiries this far received by American Agriculturist. Fully 95 per cent of these replies are enthusiastic in praise of silos and silage. Especially is this true of reports from users of silos in sections that were drought stricken last year, where hay and other forage crops failed, but ensilage corn grew to perfection. It is very evident that the silo has not only come to stay, but many thousands will be built this year all over the country. The authority quoted says: "We do not recollect anything that might be called a new departure in farming which has so generally demonstrated its usefulness and increased in popularity as the years go on. There is, however, much to learn about this subject, and there are some who have discarded silos or have had unfavorable results from the use of silage."

### PAINT AROUND THE FARM.

**There Is Economy In Applying It In Time Wherever It Is Needed.**

One of the most useful things about the farm is a pot of paint. At this time of year a good deal of repair work on buildings can be done by yourself or hands, and in connection therewith painting also. The easiest way is to buy a can of paint at the store, and the best place to use it is where it is needed. The following from Country Gentleman will be found helpful:

The tin roof and the gutters and valleys and water tables or the house and barn roof, porch or outbuilding roof all likely need paint. Tin should be painted once every two years at least, and for bare tin or rusty tin red lead is the best. Buy it dry and mix only enough for the job, as it quickly settles to the bottom of the pot and gets hard. On top of this put a coat of iron paint or venetian red paint, mixed in oil. First clean off the tin. Putty holes in roof or open places around windows and over doors to keep out cold and wet.

The field machinery, such as plows, harrows, cultivators, etc., might be the better for a coat of paint. There's hardly any wear out to things kept repaired and painted. Tubs and buckets, at house or barn, should be kept painted on the outside. Green looks well, while any color will answer for the farm tools, provided it is red. Red wears better than green under exposure to the weather. The good wife will probably want her garden trellis, etc., painted. Green looks best on these.

Don't waste time whitewashing where paint is so much cheaper—I mean for fences and these small buildings. Don't whitewash ceilings or walls in the house, except in cellar, because paint is cheaper and better. Paint the porch floor to keep it from warping, splintering and rotting. Lead color, drab and dull buff or other color are good. All outside paint should be mixed only with raw linseed oil and a little japan to dry it. Never add turpentine or varnish to outside paint, nor kerosene oil, benzine, etc. Poor economy to use poor paint.

**Spraying Machinery.**

In a comparative trial of many kinds of machines designed for spraying potatoes at the Cornell station, it was found that those machines are unsatisfactory in which liquids are distributed wholly by the force of gravity. Gravity sprayers are of value when the liquids are broken into a spray after leaving the discharge pipes. This may be done by means of air blasts or by revolving brushes.

Pumps for driving the liquids through nozzles are on the whole most satisfactory. They can be arranged so that several rows may be sprayed at once.

Horsepower sprayers can be recommended for spraying potatoes. If the plants are sprayed for the potato beetle, one nozzle over each row is sufficient. For flea beetles and for fungous diseases, it is better to have two nozzles for each row, that a more thorough application may be made.

Powder guns are very satisfactory when insecticides are to be applied to potatoes, although wind and dry foliage may lessen the value of the treatments.

Fungicides should usually be applied in liquid form, using machinery which will treat the vines thoroughly as fast as a man or a horse can walk.

**Potatoes In Ohio.**

At the Ohio state station last year 70 varieties of potatoes were under test. The varieties which stood above the average in all cases were Sir William, Koshkonong, Columbus and Irish Daisy. Following closely are Forest Rose, World's Fair, Early Harvest, Carman No. 1, Nebula, Rural New Yorker No. 2, Timpee's No. 4, Early Norther, Victor Rose, Clay Rose and Maggie Murphy, in the order named. All of the varieties named are intermediate or late, except Early Harvest, Nebula and Early Norther. Everitt's Six Weeks, which is the same as the Early Ohio, is slightly earlier than these and less prolific, while Salzers' Earliest, another name for Bliss' Triumph, is still less productive.

**To Keep Crows From Corn.**

To keep crows from corn and at the same time be able to plant the seeds with a corn planter, Orange Judd Farmer advises as follows: "Put the seed in a box, pour on boiling water to heat it, and then sprinkle on a small quantity of liquid coal tar. Shovel the whole mass over until the tar is well distributed upon every kernel, then dry it off thoroughly by sprinkling on some fine dry plaster or dirt, working the mass over until each kernel is well covered. Then spread out to dry, and it will go through any planting machine without trouble."

**For the Budworm.**

A good formula, according to American Gardening, for the liquid spray is 1 pound paris green, 200 gallons of water and 2 pounds of lime. Apply twice before blossoms open.

**On the Country Road.**

A Wisconsin farmer writes that he finds a good feed cutter is especially useful on his farm. He uses a four horse sweep power and cuts up cornstalks and oats in about equal proportions.

Alsike is a perennial clover and is one of the most hardy and vigorous of all the varieties yet introduced into this country.

The prospect is for a short mint crop in Michigan.

The Iowa Homestead sees no reason why blue grass should not grow in northern Iowa. It thrives all over the north and northwest between the thirty-fourth and forty-fifth parallel and on a large variety of soils.

The chief of the catch crops adapted to Minnesota and, indeed, to all the northwest are rye, millet, sorghum for pasture, buckwheat and rape. Peas for fertilizing uses will also be added to the list as soon as the seed can be secured with sufficient cheapness.

### IN MEMORY OF A WAR HERO.

**Equestrian Statue of General Hancock Unveiled at Washington.**

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The president, vice-president, many senators and representatives, other national officials and a large delegation from the diplomatic corps witnessed the unveiling yesterday of the handsome equestrian statue of General W. S. Hancock. The statue was unveiled by the general's grandson, and a military parade of United States troops preceded the ceremony. The orator of the day was Senator Palmer, of Illinois. His address was devoted to a eulogy of the manly and soldierly qualities of General Hancock, and contained a beautiful tribute to the general's wife, who was his biographer.

Another address, a brief one, was delivered by President Cleveland. He said: "A grateful government today pays tribute to the memory of one of our country's noblest sons and bravest defenders. * * * We give this monument to the dead, but the dead endows our gift with a significance which makes it of priceless value to the living. It is an open book constantly teaching the lesson of sincere and steadfast love of country. * * *

"With this monument before our eyes, those in public station who are charged with the people's interests, and with the making and execution of their laws, can hardly forget that honest effort to secure the public weal, and a stern insistence at all times upon a faithful and unselfish discharge of public duty in the places they occupy, are as essential to the safety and preservation of all that Americans hold dear as bravery and heroism on the field of battle.

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"Let us all open our minds and hearts to the sentiments especially appropriate to this occasion; and let our sense of public duty and our patriotic aspirations be quickened and stimulated by a voice from the grave admonishing us that our obligations as servants of the people are made more sacred, and our incentives to vigilant citizenship more impressive, because we have in our keeping the fame and glory of our country's heroic dead."

### ADDICKS WINS IN DELAWARE.

**Higgins Men Bolt and Hold a Separate Convention.**

DOVER, May 13.—The Republican state convention met here yesterday, and before the adjournment one of the stormiest battles in the history of state Republican politics had been waged. Charges of fraud were exchanged, and fighting over contested seats indulged in until it looked as if the convention would end in chaos. The war was between the factions respectively headed by J. Edward Addicks and ex-Senator Anthony Higgins. In the afternoon the Higgins men bolted the convention and held a separate one in the state house. These national delegates were chosen: Anthony Higgins, John Pilling, Hiram Reedy, Dr. Paris T. Carlisle, Cornelius P. Swain and George H. Hall. They were instructed for McKinley.

The regular convention selected J. Edward Addicks, D. F. Stewart, J. Frank Allen, Dr. Hirm R. Burton, Dr. Caleb R. Layton. The fight between the factions was precipitated by a motion for the chair to appoint the committee on credentials. The Higgins people fought for the naming of the committee by the district caucuses. The motion for the chair to appoint finally carried, scoring first blood for the Addicks men. The Addicks men applied the unit rule to nearly all questions and carried everything before them. The Addicks delegates were instructed to vote for the best man. The platform is for "honest money" and opposed to free silver.

### PRAIRIE STATE GRAND ARMY.

**Greatest Parade Held Since the War at the Cairo Encampment.**

CAIRO, May 13.—The grand army parade yesterday was the greatest ever held since the war, and was witnessed by thousands of people. Business houses and residences were elaborately decorated with flags and pictures of Grant, Logan and Lincoln. The children of the public schools were massed at three points dressed in colors so that each company represented the American flag, and as the veterans passed they sang patriotic songs and strewed the path with flowers. Last night campfires were held at which National Commander Walker and Department Commander Powell were the principal speakers.

**Senate and House in Brief.**

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The animated contest which has proceeded for the last four days in the senate over a deep water harbor on the southern coast of California was brought to a close by a compromise between the conflicting interests. Frye proposed to refer the question to a commission to consist of three civil engineers, a naval officer and an officer of the coast survey. An agreement was reached to dispose of the bill by 3 o'clock today.

The house entered upon the contested election case of Rinaker vs. Downing, from the Sixteenth Illinois district. Moody (Rep.) of Massachusetts joined with the Democratic majority in asking the adoption of a resolution for an official recount of the ballots in dispute. The vote probably will be taken today. Before the case was brought up Wheeler was taken to task for abusing the privilege of printing in the Record and some extensive interpolations in a recent speech of his were expunged from the permanent record. The special order for the consideration of private pension bills was postponed until tomorrow.

**Amendment of the Interstate Law.**

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The bill changing the penalty from violation of the interstate commerce law from imprisonment to fine was under consideration in the senate committee on interstate commerce, and it was practically decided to recommend that the law be amended by striking out the provision for imprisonment and confining the punishment to fines of $5,000 for the first offense and to $15,000 or less for each subsequent offense.

**Mysterious Suicide Identified.**

NEW YORK, May 13.—The mystery of the woman who committed suicide at the Columbus hotel in this city Friday evening, after having carefully destroyed all that would indicate her identity, has been solved. Charles H. Biller, a bookkeeper in the office of the Western Union Telegraph company in this city, has identified the body as that of his wife. Biller thinks his wife was insane.

**Unofficial Trial of the Brooklyn.**

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—The cruiser Brooklyn, or as she has been more appropriately dubbed, the "Greater New York," returned to her dock at Cramp's shipyard yesterday, having on her unofficial trial made 21.07 knots an hour.